THE DAILY CONSTITUTION.

VOL. XIII. ATLANTA, GA., THURSDAY MORNING, AUGUST 26, 1880. NO. 61

THE STATE CAMPAIGN.

THE GRANT BOND COMPROMISE.

Hon. N. J. Hammond Gives a History of the Compromise with Colonel Grant—The Result of the Fifth Congressional Convention—The Fourth District.

We present below our summary of campaign news for the day. The news comes from all parts of the state, and covers all sorts of topics. It is a record of struggles, victories and defeats, and of abundant sign of what is to come. It will be found interesting and significant.

Governor Colquitt at Calhoun.

We learn from Calhoun, in Gordon county, that Governor Colquitt's speech was a convincing and conclusive argument. The court-house holds about five hundred people, but it was found that it would not accommodate half of the people that had assembled to hear the governor reply to his accusers. He had, therefore, to speak in the open air, mounted on a dry goods box. His speech gives the greatest satisfaction, and our accounts all agree that Gordon will give him a good majority.

A Straw From Schley.

ABOUT 320 TO 10 FOR COLQUITT IN A PUBLIC MEETING.

AMERICUS, August 23.—There was a mass meeting held in Schley county on the 21st inst. for the purpose of nominating a candidate for representative in the next legislature. Thomas F. Rainey, was nominated. He will support Colquitt for governor, and Brown as his preference for United States senator. During the meeting Rev. J. N. Hudson introduced the following resolution:

Resolved, That the democratic party of the county of Schley ratify the action of the late democratic gubernatorial convention, in adopting the resolution recommending Alfred H. Colquitt as the democratic candidate for governor at the next election, which was adopted.

About 320 voters present and upon a division, all voted for it except eight or ten person. So it will be seen that Schley is all right for Colquitt.

The Grant Compromise

ATLANTA, August 25.—Editors Constitution: In his address to the people, published in your paper of this morning, Governor Colquitt mainly rested his defense for settling the case of James M. Smith, as governor of Georgia, against John Jones, late state treasurer, principal and John T. Grant and C. A. Nutting sureties on his bond, upon the advice of the counsel for the state. As I was one of them, allow me a word.

I might be content to let the people see that I concurred after the signatures of General Toombs, Judge McCay, (for Trippe & McCay), Colonel W. A. Hawkins and Captain Newman, the other counsel named. But I take my full share of the responsibility.

It was not done hurriedly, as might be inferred from the dates in the governor's address. Grant began by suggesting $15,000 or $20,000 as a peace offering last winter, before I went to congress. On the 10th of February, 1880, Governor Smith, an eminent lawyer and thoroughly acquainted with the case, wrote me, saying Grant was offering $25,000 for his release and asked me to give my assent, or at least offer no opposition to the compromise. Judge McCay and I had correspondence on the subject. When I came home in May, as a witness in the state tax cases, the offer had been raised to $35,000 and I added my concurrence to that of the others to take $35,000.

What was the situation? The judgment was dated the 23d of May, 1879. A writ of error was pending in the supreme court to set that judgment aside. Before that judgment was obtained, Grant, on the 2d of April, 1878, had mortgaged his residence on Peachtree street, Atlanta, Ga., to Stephen Felker, of Walton county, Ga., to secure his note for $20,000, due 2d April, 1879, with interest at 8 per cent per annum, or if not paid at maturity at 10 per cent per annum, plus attorney's fees for collection. It was witnessed by J. M. Morgan and Hon. John L. Hopkins, N. P., and recorded in Fulton county clerk's office on the second day of April, 1878, in book F, page 609. Hon. H. D. McDaniel had begun its foreclosure on the 10th of December, 1879.

The tax return of Grant for 1879 for state and county taxes showed realty $33,075, money, bonds and debts $6,000 and furniture, plate, etc., sufficient to make the total $41,475. The partnership property with his son, as shown by that return, was $58,721 of realty. How much of that was his depended upon the partnership account? Assume that half of it was. That added to the $33,075 (the only thing available in his property at a forced sale) and we have $62,385.50. From that deduct the mortgage, principal and interest, say $22,000, and we have $40,385.50. Before that could be reached the judgment of the superior court excluding the testimony of Jones, Nutting and Grant that the bond sued on was taken as a temporary bond only, must be affirmed. Then the general assembly must have been kept from relieving against this technical but hard judgment against its citizen. All that done the sheriff would have proceeded. Does any one suppose he could have realized $35 000? But suppose the supreme court had reversed the court below on that ground The state would have lost all, for the point was vital. Might not counsel have then been blamed for throwing away the $35,000 offered? These and other considerations led me to advise its acceptance, as I said, because of the uncertainty of the result. Yours, &c, N. J. HAMMOND.

From Warren and Taliaferro.

NORWOOD, GA., August 24.—You may put Warren county down as certain for Colquitt. Several within my knowledge that were anti-Colquitt before the convention have since declared for him. I was in Crawfordville yesterday at superior court. I learned, from what I consider reliable sources, that Taliaferro will give Colquitt a decided majority. The town is said to be for Norwood, but the people from the rural districts are generally for Colquitt.

The sage of Liberty Hall is looking quite well. He is reticent on the gubernatorial question, but is believed to be in sympathy with the majority movement. Mr. Stephens is a man of prudence and foresight, very popular, so much so that at least nine-tenths of the voters in the eighth district would not exchange him for any other representative in congress. He is acceptable alike to democrat and republican. I venture to say that Mr. Stephens, considered in all his parts, is the most wonderful man that any country has produced in a century. I doubt whether a grander spectacle has in these latter days been presented for the admiration of a civilized people of any country. Long may the vital spark inhabit the house of clay. P.

The Colquitt Club in Sparta

SPARTA, August 24.—On short notice a large and enthusiastic meeting of the citizens of Hancock assembled on Monday evening to organize for the present gubernatorial campaign. Different portions of the county were represented, and many more would have been present but for the fact that the time was too short in which to notify the people.

The meeting was called to order by Judge F. L. Little.

It was moved that the Hon. W. J. Northern be elected chairman. Amid great enthusiasm he was chosen and took his seat.

W. W. Slaton was chosen secretary.

On taking the chair the chairman stated in a cool, yet impassioned tone and manner that the object of the meeting was to organize for the campaign in the interest of Governor Alfred H. Colquitt, the people's choice. [Applause.] We are met to represent the Georgia democracy. [Applause.] We are here to express our conviction in the truth of national democracy. [Applause.] We wish to unite the party on the people's choice—on the patriot and statesman, Alfred H. Colquitt. [Deafening applause.]

Judge F. L. Little moved to appoint a central committee of seven men who shall appoint a sub-committee of five from each militia district in the interests of the county democracy in this gubernatorial campaign.

Motion was made to add the name of the Hon. W. J. Northern.

The names of the central committee were as follows: Judge F. L. Little, James W. Moore, John R. Binion, James McCray, G. W. Bass, Dr. J. J. Cooper, Captain R. B. Baxter and Hon. W. J. Northern.

Mr. Henry Thomas moved the appointment of a finance committee of five by the central committee.

Mr. James A. Harley moved to select next Tuesday as the day of ratification of the recent action of the convention, and next Tuesday night as the time for the torch-light procession. The meeting was enthusiastic in its favor.

Judge F. L. Little, a Colquitt delegate to the late convention, was called on for a speech After taking the stand he stated that the democracy of Hancock had chosen Colquitt delegates in an honest fight on an issue plainly understood by everybody. The people by an overwhelming majority which nearly doubled the minority had indorsed the present administration. [Applause.] Although chosen by such strong Colquitt sentiment, he went to the convention wedded to no man. When he reached Atlanta and saw the fragmentary minority resolved to suppress and destroy the universal sentiments of the democracy of Georgia, he determined to remain till the stars fell before he would see the will of the people defeated. [Great cheering.] The minority acting upon prejudice and passion, in blindness and obstinacy, had insulted the democracy of the state. During the convention, it was well-known that Hardeman and Lester, Warner and Gartrell, were willing to retire in the interest of harmony and peace. If either of these candidates had been permitted to come down, Colquitt would have been nominated.

Judge Little concluded his eloquent address by asserting that more people were in favor of Colquitt to-day than before the convention and that the present administration would be indorsed by an overwhelming majority in the October election. [Great applause.]

Hon. W. J. Northern, a Colquitt delegate from Hancock was called upon to give an account of his stewardship. He arose with his usual ease and dignity and in a clear and ringing tone began his arraignment of the stubborn minority of the late convention. He regarded too highly the will of the people to debase himself and degrade his position by throwing overboard a man who possessed the purity of purpose, the nobility of heart, and the clearness of head of A. H. Colquitt. [Applause.] How could it be said that the majority disrupted the party, when the majority obeyed the commands of the party? The foundation of independentism in Georgia to-day, is the failure of conventions to represent the people. [Applause.] Mr. Speer, of the 9th congressional district, has argued, again and again, that conventions were frauds, because they are governed by favoritism and trickery, and the people's will is overthrown and despised. What would the late convention have been had it chosen Gartrell or Hardeman, Warner or Lester in the face of such a popular wave? [Great applause.] The majority had held the party together, but the miserable politicians of the minority had striven to disrupt the democracy. Governor Colquitt stated in the presence of the caucus that he was willing to withdraw his name from before the convention whenever the party thought such a course necessary to the interest of the state. Although he had been abused and slandered, and his children's interest was at stake in his vindication, he was willing to withdraw for the sake of the party. The Hon. W. J. Northern went on to say that he knew Governor Colquitt intimately and affectionately, and believed him incapable of the meanness that had been charged upon him. In an eloquent conclusion upon the right and truth of his cause, the able speaker sat down as he began, covered with applause by his audience. Messrs. J. R. Binion and J. W. Moore being called out, made excellent speeches in advocacy of the cause.

Mr. T. R. Lamar moved that the sentiment of the meeting be enthusiastic for Hancock and English and that the executive committee be requested to organize a Hancock and English club.

Mr. James A. Harley moved that the county papers and THE CONSTITUTION and Chronicle and Constitutionalist be requested to report the proceedings of the meeting.

Upon motion, the large crowd adjourned amid much enthusiasm.

W. J. NORTHERN, Chairman.
W. M. SLATON, Secretary.

Dr. H. V. M. Miller.

This gentleman has just returned from the mountain counties. As it was stated that he left the city some two weeks ago, for the purpose of taking the stump for Norwood, and as he has been announced at various places up there to speak, it will be news to say that he has not made a speech in this present campaign—and did not leave the city with the intention of speaking on his trip.

Campaign Announcements.

We are requested to announce that Major R. J. Moses will follow Colonel Willis Hawkins in a speech for Governor Colquitt at the representative hall to-night. The announcement of these two eloquent speakers will fill the hall to overflowing.

We also announce that Colonel Hawkins will fill Major Moses's appointment in Rome on Saturday, and that Major Moses will speak in Rome that night.

General John B. Gordon is announced for a speech in Columbus on Friday night, in response to a request from citizens of that place. General Gordon will have a full house and a royal welcome.

Governor Colquitt and Mr. Norwood will meet each other to-day in Augusta—this being the opening joint discussion of the campaign.

The Hon. George T. Fry, of Atlanta, will, in behalf of Governor A. H. Colquitt, address the people at the following times and places, to-wit:

Tuesday, August 31st, at 12 o'clock m., at Bowden, Carroll county.

Wednesday, September 1st, at 12 o'clock m., at Carrollton, Carroll county.

Thursday, September 2d, at 12 o'clock m., at Senoia.

Friday, September 3d, at 12 o'clock m., at Newnan.

Saturday, September 4th, at 12 o'clock m., at Whitesburg.

Monday, September 6th, at 12 o'clock m., at Jonesboro.

Wednesday, September 8th, at 12 o'clock m., at Fayetteville.

Friday, September 10th, at 12 o'clock m., at Griffin.

Monday, September 13th, at 12 o'clock m., at Mcdonough.

Wednesday, September 15th, at 12 o'clock m., at Decatur.

Thursday, September 16th, at night, at Stone Mountain.

Saturday, September 18th, at 12 o'clock m, at Conyers.

The friends of Governor Colquitt are earnestly requested to bear in mind these appointments, to be present, and to take special pains to see that the people generally turn out.

Colquitt in Campbell.

FAIRBURN, August 25.—The senatorial convention of the 36th district will meet at Newnan, on Wednesday, the first day of September. Campbell county will present, as her choice, Hon. James M. Wilson to the convention. He should be nominated on first ballot. This is Campbell's time. Colquitt safe in Campbell.

H. M. REID,
Chairman Ex. Com., Campbell county.

Gordon in Columbus.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

COLUMBUS, August 2—The following named citizens and others desire General Gordon to speak at Springer's opera-house at 8:30 p.m. Friday next:

C. A. Redd,	C. T. Porter,
W. H. West,	T. J. Pearce,
R. J. Binford,	G. P. Swift, Jr.,
J. & J. Kaufman,	J. S. Jones,
E. G. Raiford,	E. N. Hays,
W. J. Watt,	J. N. Gilbert,
J. E. Deaton,	G. Radcliffe,
W. P. Hunt,	N. N. Curtis,
J. A. Frazer,	G. E. Thomas, Sr.,

And many others.

G. E. THOMAS, JR., Secretary.

General Gordon will speak in Columbus in accordance with the above.

Augusta's Discussion.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

AUGUSTA, August 25—Mr. Norwood arrived this evening and was escorted in a coach-and-four to the Globe hotel. Governor Colquitt arrives in the morning and will be saluted by seventeen guns by the Washington Artillery. Great preparations for the joint debate are making.

A Stiff Talk

WITH THAT PRINCE OF GOOD FELLOWS, DR. AMOS FOX.

THE CONSTITUTION glided into the office of Dr. Amos Fox yesterday and tapped him gently on his soft, smooth, symmetrical shoulder. He raised his face, all abeam with good humor, from his papers, and said:"

"Well, what can I do for you?"

"I am here to interview you."

"On what?"

"The gubernatorial race."

"But I'm not a heavy enough man—I must decline."

"But you mustn't. I'm a better judge of your weight than you are, because I'm a disinterested witness, you see."

"But I have reasons for not wishing"—

"Can't help it."

"I tell you, I don't want my name to go in the paper. I'm going up now to have it taken out."

"But you must tell me this—who'll be elected?"

"Oh, I can answer that—Colquitt."

"By how much?"

"Twenty thousand—at least."

"How will Fulton go?"

"For Norwood. I think."

"By how many?"

"A very small majority."

"How will the colored people vote?"

"I haven't seen a prominent colored man in the whole state who is against Colquitt. Why, they consider him a missionary sent among their race."

"What about personalism?"

"If the opposition have used it as against Colquitt they have acted in bad taste, and done him a great wrong."

"Why so?"

"Because he is an honest man. His errors, if he has committed any, have been errors of the head and not of the heart."

"And the split in the party?"

"Oh, it will be salved over and healed up when Colquitt goes in. They'll all be brother democrats again and stand closer together after the family quarrel than ever before."

"Good. How will this race affect Hancock and English?"

"It won't hurt them a fig's worth. Speaking of English"—

"Yes, sir; getting to that, who are you for for mayor of Atlanta?"

"I am for James W. English world without end."

"Amen!"

"I think that the election of a man who has been chased all over the country with a warrant charging him with being a thief—whether he has been proven to be one or not—would be a calamity from the effects of which Atlanta would not recover in ten years."

"How will the people vote?"

"The honest, sober, industrious citizens will support Jim English, while the republicans and the niggers will go for Kimball."

"The result?"

"As is ever the case when the virtue and intelligence of Atlanta are aroused the victory will be theirs, and English by an overwhelming majority to be our next mayor."

What a Good Man Says.

THE CONSTITUTION said to Mr. J. Warlick, a prominent Peachtree merchant, yesterday:

"Are you against Colquitt?"

"I was, but I intend to vote for him now."

"Why?"

"On account of the disgraceful manner in which his private character and administration have been assailed."

Campaign Notes and Opinions.

MR. A. B. PERDON, of Wayne, writes that Governor Colquitt will get at least two-thirds of the votes of that county.

MR. T. A. CANTRELL writes from Calhoun, that Gordon county will give Colquitt a great majority.

THE Covington Colquitt club, our correspondent writes, will organize with between 200 and 300 members.

MR. C. T. CURRIE of Big Shanty, Cobb county, says he is for Colquitt and don't know a Norwood man in his neighborhood.

MR. R. L. SMITH, of Roy, Gilmer county, says that Gilmer may be put down safely for a big Colquitt majority and Mr. James Arnold makes the same point for Fannin county.

GENERAL PIERCE M. B. YOUNG has consented to allow the use of his name in the legislative race in Bartow county. Is this a sign of the coming speaker of the house?

MR. J. S. ARNOLD of the firm of Bush & Arnold in Milton county, who was formerly an anti Colquitt man, now says he is for Colquitt, and that most of the people in his neighborhood are the same way.

IN the joint discussion of Governor Colquitt and Norwood, the local committees will arrange the time and hour of discussion. They doubtless will arrange the time to conform to the running of the trains.

ADVICES from Stewart county are to the effect that the county will give Governor Colquitt a rousing majority. A gentleman writes to one of our merchants that many of the best citizens who were formerly for Hardeman and Lester are now for Colquitt.

The Fifth Congressional Convention.

HON. N. J. HAMMOND NOMINATED.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

GRIFFIN, August 25.—At a quarter past eleven the convention was called to order by J. D. Alexander, Esq., of Spalding, at the request of the chairman of the executive committee. On motion Mr. Alexander was retained in the chair as permanent chairman.

Mr. Alexander said: Gentlemen—I thank you for the honor you have thus conferred upon me. We are assembled here to nominate a candidate for congress from the fifth congressional district, and I hope in endeavoring to do so we will not imitate the example of our state convention but will unite harmoniously on some good and available man. This is our duty and I hope we will do it. I now announce the convention ready for business.

On motion of Mr. C. A. Collier, of Fulton, Mr. R. T. Daniel, of Spalding, was elected permanent secretary.

Judge Hall, of Spalding, moved that the secretary call the roll of counties to perfect a list of delegates. Carried.

The following were the delegates present:

Clayton—J. M. Davis, E. M. Blalock.
Crawford—B. W. Sandford, A. G. Giles.
DeKalb—M. R. Ragsdale, E. M. Word.
Fayette—J. A. Carmichael, A. S. Bennett.
Fulton—R. D. Spalding, R. J. Griffin, J. T. Pendleton, J. P. Harrison, R. T. Dorsey, C. A. Collier.
Henry—J. M. McDonald, G. M. Speer.
Houston—M. G. Bayne, J. M. Gray.
Milton—W. S. Grogan, A. F. Abbott.
Monroe—A. J. Phinazee, W. A. Worsham, T. H. Vaughn, W. D. Stone.
Pike—J. H. Baker, J. C. McMichael.
Spalding—John I. Hall, J. D. Alexander, Marion Patrick, W. H. Dupree.
Upson—T. D. Ferguson, J. W. Brown.

Mr. Stone, of Monroe, moved that the chair appoint a committee on rules.

Mr. Collier, of Fulton, amended by asking the committee to report a platform also.

The motion as amended was agreed to.

The chair appointed the following committee under this motion:

W. D. Stone, of Monroe; E. M. Blalock, Clayton; A. S. Giles, of Crawford; M. R. Ragsdale, of DeKalb; R. D. Spalding, of Fulton; J. A. Carmichael, of Fayette; J. A. McDonald, of Henry; J. F. Hodges, of Houston; W. S. Grogan, of Milton; J. C. McMichael, of Pike; Marion Patrick, of Spalding; J. W. Brown, of Upson.

Mr. James Banks, of Fulton, was elected assistant secretary.

The committee reported that the Cincinnati platform be reaffirmed, that the rules of the house of representatives be adopted, and that in nomination the two-thirds rule prevail. The report was adopted.

On motion of Mr. Phinazee, of Monroe, representatives of the press were invited to seats on the floor.

Mr. Collier, of Fulton, moved that on all questions the roll of counties be alphabetically called Carried.

Mr. Griffin, of Fulton, moved that the roll of counties be called for a nomination of a candidate for congress.

Judge Hall, of Spalding, said he saw no necessity for the motion. The only name that was likely to be presented against him would not be named. He therefore moved that Hon. N. J. Hammond be nominated by acclamation. [Applause.]

Mr. Stone, of Monroe, said he would state that the Monroe delegates would vote for Hammond if there was a probability of his election. If his friends could say that he could be elected, the Monroe delegation would vote for him.

Judge Hall said he came here instructed, just as Mr. Stone and the Monroe delegates. He was sure Mr. Hammond could be elected. He would carry some counties which it was feared he could not carry two weeks ago. He hoped the gentleman from Monroe would not object to Mr. Hammond's nomination.

Mr. Stone—The gentleman certainly misunderstood me. I am as heartily for Mr. Hammond as any man, and we from Monroe are in favor of his nomination by acclamation. [Applause.]

Mr. Collier, of Fulton, said the delegation from Fulton could pledge their county for Colonel Hammond by 3,000 majority. [Applause.] He was defeated in his own county before, but now the most prominent men who opposed him before were enthusiastic in his support now. He has served his district one term in congress with signal ability and on his first appearance in congress, single handed and alone, he defeated the report of a standing committee by sheer force of argument. We present this man to you—a man of splendid ability and of spotless character. [Applause.]

Colonel Hammond was then nominated by acclamation. The entire convention voted "aye" and the result was greeted with applause.

Mr. Phinazee, of Monroe, offered a resolution that the convention heartily indorse Mr. Hammond and would support him but that the lower end or middle of the district would two years hence claim the nomination.

Mr. Phinazee said: "I want to put you on notice that we will ask you for our rights two years hence. I put Fulton on notice that we will ask for a part of the honors." [Applause.]

Mr. Word, of DeKalb, hoped the gentleman would withdraw the resolution temporarily.

Mr. Bayne, of Crawford, spoke heartily in favor of the resolution and urged its unanimous adoption.

Mr. Dorsey, of Fulton, said the resolution was out of order and could accomplish nothing if it was adopted. This convention cannot bind any subsequent convention. He insisted that the resolution was out of order.

Mr. Phinazee said the upper end of the district had enjoyed all the honors and the lower end wanted its share. We shall claim, he said, our rights two years hence. Where was Fulton two years ago? Did she do her duty? If it had not have been for the lower end of the district Hammond would not have been elected. We have fought for your men long enough and we claim a share of the honors in this contest.

Mr. Bennett, of Fayette, urged the adoption of Mr. Phinazee's resolution.

Mr. Collier ably argued that the resolution was not relevant and would throw false issues into the canvass.

Mr. Stone, of Monroe, said he had heard an independent candidate for congress say that if any good man south of Fulton were nominated he would support him. The resolution ought to be passed as a campaign document for Hammond. But if we go back to the lower district and say, "Your rights are denied you," I say that Colonel Hammond may lose those counties. [Applouse.]

Dr. Spalding, of Fulton, said that Fulton county was not opposing the resolution. Gentlemen spoke on their own authority. Fulton county had not always supported Fulton county men. It had voted for a lower district man when Candler was nominated. Fulton was not selfish, as some speeches had insinuated. He heartily indorsed the resolution. [Cheers.]

Mr. Griffin, of Fulton—Those are my views exactly. [Cheers.]

Mr. J. T. Pendleton, of Fulton, opposed the resolution as undemocratic. It approved rotation in office, a doctrine which no man can prove to be just or fair. It would defeat Mr. Stephens in the eighth or Mr. Blount in the sixth, and it is wrong in principle.

Mr. alock, of Clayton, opposed Phinazee's resolution in a sensible speech.

Mr. Word, of DeKalb, argued strongly against the resolution.

The chair ruled the resolution out of order.

Mr. Hall appealed from the decision. [Cheers.]

Mr. Phinazee's resolution was changed to a mere recommendation.

The chair ruled it in order, and it was adopted with dissenting votes.

The following is the executive commitee:

Clayton—C. W. Hodnett.
Crawford—B. W. Sandford.
DeKalb—T. L. Lallerstedt.
Fulton—R. T. Dorsey.
Fayette—W. B. Redwine.
Henry—C. T. Zachery.
Houston—A. S. Giles.
Milton—B. F. Roberts.
Monroe—A. J. Phinazee.
Spalding—J. M. Brawner.
Upson—Thomas S. Sharman.
Pike—J. S. Pope.

The following committee was appointed to notify Colonel Hammond of his nomination, and request his acceptance: A. J. Phinazee, John I. Hall, R. D. Spalding.

The convention then adjourned sine die.

The Fourth District.

LAGRANGE, 24.—The convention adjourned to eight o'clock p.m. Cox received the highest vote, nineteen and one half. The two-thirds rule was adopted. Full proceedings later.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

LAGRANGE, August 25.—The convention for the fourth congressional district met at twelve o'clock. Hon. R. A. S. Freeman, of Troup, in a neat and pithy speech called the convention to order. Hon. Henry R. Harris was chosen permanent chairman. He made quite an impressive speech declaring that he was no candidate, that he was no dark horse and that he was satisfied with past honors. He wanted a nomination made. Organization was more essential to the party now than ever before to put down effectually independentism which was springing up all over the state. Union and harmony here will tend to heal differences at the north and insure a democratic victory in November.

R. A. Massey, of Douglas, and W. W. Singleton, of Marion, were elected secretaries. The convention then adjourned to three o'clock.

The convention reassembled.

Mr. Whatley, of Coweta, moved to adopt the two-thirds rule, which was done unanimously.

Upon a call of the counties, Mr. Post, of Coweta, presented the name of Mr. Peter F. Smith, of Coweta, in a good speech.

Mr. Butt, of Marion, presented the name of Hon. Henry Persons, of Talbot, in a short and pointed talk.

Mr. Longley, of Troup, nominated Hon. A. H. Cox, of Troup, in a fine speech of ten minutes, referring to his past record as a legislator and his home association, which was greeted with enthusiastic applause.

Mr. Peabody, of Muscogee, seconded the nomination of Mr. Persons.

First ballot—Cox thirteen, Smith thirteen, Persons twelve.

Second ballot—Persons eleven, Smith eleven, Cox sixteen.

The vote then varied a little until the twentieth ballot when it stood Smith six, Persons seventeen and one-half and Cox fourteen and one-half. Just after Mr. Butt had made a speech urging a nomination, it fell into the old groove, until Mr. Peabody of Muscogee announced that Muscogee wanted a nomination and voted for Cox.

Twenty fifth ballot—Smith six, Persons twelve and one-half, Cox nineteen and one-half.

Twenty-sixth ballot—Smith eighteen and one half, Persons eight, Cox eleven and one half—Muscogee voting for Smith. Thirty-one ballots were taken, but no real strength as yet is shown. Adjourned to 8. p.m.

THIRD DISPATCH.

Special dispatch to the Constitution.

LAGRANGE, August 25.—At eight o'clock, p.m., the thirty-second ballot was taken: Smith, ten; Persons, twelve and one-half, and Cox, fifteen and one-half, and Cox's vote increased steadily until on the fortieth ballot, it stood: Smith, nine; Persons, eight, and Cox, twenty-one. On the forty-fourth, Smith stood six, Persons seventeen and one-half, and Cox fourteen and one-half. The fifty-first ballot—Persons one off, Cox one more, Smith the same.

Mr. Revill suggested that a dark horse was preferable to no nomination. No name was suggested; the convention not being so disposed adjourned to nine o'clock in the morning. She is rather mixed.

The Seventh District Republicans.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

DALTON, August 25—Colonel J. A. Glenn, chairman of the executive committee of the republican party of the seventh congressional district, has called a mass meeting of that party to meet at Kingston, Georgia, on August 31. A candidate for congress will be nominated and an elector appointed from this district. Forsyth, in all probability, will be the nominee. H.

Legislative Races.

DECATUR, August 24.—Hon. R. M. Ragsdale, who represented this county in the legislature in 1876-7, has announced himself a candidate for senator from the the thirty-fourth district, and the race between him and Dr. Bond, the nominee of Stone Mountain convention, promises to be quite interesting. Mr. Ragsdale was a very warm supporter of Dr. Bond in the primary election for delegates, and is his kinsman and strong personal friend, therefore his candidacy is a surprise to a great many.

Colonel H. C. Jones, Dr. A. F. Pharr and Judge J. M. Smith are the only candidates now in the field for representative in this county. Colonel Jones has invited Dr Pharr to stump the county with him, and if he accepts Judge Smith will also be invited to join them in discussing the political affairs of the country.

A very large crowd of our citizens went to Norcross to day to enjoy a Masonic festival and hear an address from Colonel H. C. Jones, of this place.

Willing to Accept.

HALIFAX, N. S., August 25.—Conley, the Portland oarsman, who defeated McKay last week, is willing to accept the challenge of Nagle, of St. John, for a three mile race, provided it is rowed on Bedford basin. The impression here is that the St John man will not row outside of St. John. The rowing association of this city has received a proposition for a boat race in England, on the Thames, early in December, the total amount of prizes, about $5,000, to be divided among the four first boats The Halifax association has decided to take part in it, provided the competitors are limited to eight in number, and suggesting Trickett, of the Australia board; Elliott, of England; Courtney and Riley, of the United States, and Hanlan, Ross and Smith, of Canada.

Direct to Houston.

NEW ORLEANS, August 25.—A freight train leaves here on the 28th, and a passenger train on the 30th by the Morgan, Louisiana and Texas road, direct for Houston. The passenger trains thereafter will leave New Orleans and Houston daily, at noon. The running time between the points will be eighteen hours.

The Rates Restored.

CHICAGO, August 24.—At a meeting here yesterday of the officers of the Louisville and Nashville railroad and the Chicago, St Louis and New Orleans railroad, it was agreed to stop cutting rates and to resume those in operation previous to the contest.

FOREIGN FLASHES.

PROGRESS OF THE AFGHAN WAR.

The Troubles in Roumania—The Rebellious Manifestations of the Irish People—Gambetta's Speech Producing a Sensation—A Regal Indian Traveling.

LONDON, August 25.—A dispatch from Dublin to the Times says: "Some additional alarm may perhaps be produced in regard to the state of Ireland among the people at a distance by the disclosure of Fenianism made by a correspondent of the New York Herald in Ireland. Very few, however, will be alarmed or believe it to be important. A secret society of Irish republicans does exist, but it is comparatively harmless. Such an organization has attractions for extreme fanatical enthusiasts. It is evidently not recognized by Parnellites, but an association of discontented men, and they are beginning to grumble at the smallness of their share of the glory of the anti-English agitation. Neither itself nor its organs are thriving financially. The Parnell organization is much more important.

Right Honorable William E. Gladstone embarks at Gravesend on the Thames to-morrow in Messrs. Donald, Currie & Co's, steamer Grantully Castle for a cruise around the British coast.

In the house of commons to-day the savings bank bill was passed through the committee. A report upon the hares and rabbits bill was agreed to, and a third reading fixed for Friday. The grain cargoes bill was read the third time, without division, amid cheers.

Mr. Parnell has sent a telegram from the house of commons expressing his regret that only thirty members, or less than one half of the Irish party, were present in the house on Monday. Ample notice was given, and an urgent whip was issued to each member. As several days must elapse before the Irish constabulary estimates can be carried, Mr. Parnell trusts more members will be present when they are reached.

AFGHANISTAN.

LONDON, August 25.—A dispatch from Dilla Abdoala says that large numbers of Ghilzais are flocking down from the Khelat Ighilzai road and other directions to join Ayoob Khan, who could not now retreat if he wished as the Ghilzais are determined to fight to the last.

A dispatch from Candahar states that General Brooks, whose death was previously reported, was shot during the late sortie from that city while attempting to bring in Captain Cruikshanks, who was wounded.

The enemy at Candahar are making no attempts at regular siege.

RUSSIA.

LONDON, August 25—A dispatch to the Times from St. Petersburg says the Indian prince Ranichunder, for some time a resident of that capital, and who is related to the notorious Nana Sahib, has again appeared as the friend and adviser of Abdurrahman Khan, to meet whom he is for the second time on his way to Afghanistan Suspicions which his former movements in Russian and Afghan-Turkestan have created in the minds of those who believe in the latest report of Russian intrigues in Afghanistan, will probably only be increased by the latest advices about him. Ranichunder intends to go to Techeran on his way to the ameer's headquarters. He says the ameer finds no sympathy at Techeran. Persian officials regard him as an instrument of Russia. They are also highly displeased at General Skobeloff's movements against the Turcomans, seeing therein danger to Herat, which the shah hopes to annex.

ROUMANIA.

LONDON. August 25.—A Bucharest dispatch says there has been more severe fighting in Dobrudja between the Roumanians and the Bulgarian insurgents Many of the latter were killed or captured. While pillaging the villages many rifles, the same as are used in the Bulgarian army, were captured, which the government considers a direct proof of the support of the Bulgarian government.

FRANCE.

PARIS, August 25.—The article of the North German Gazette on Gambetta's speech at Cherbourg has produced some sensation here. The Republique Francaise, M. Gambetta's organ, replies in moderate but firm language. It disclaims any intention on the part of France to disturb the peace. Provocations have come during the past ten years not from France but from Germany. The Republique Francaise attributes the article to the wish to justify the enormous German armaments. Other republican papers write in the same strain.

LONDON, August 25—A dispatch from Vienna to the Times says: "The article of the North German Gazette, commenting on M. Gambetta's utterances at Cherbourg, caused a sensation here. Its firm but moderate language is generally approved." The Times, in its leading editorial, upholds Gambetta's speech, which it says is, under the circumstances, neither rash nor provocative. The only point of comfort in the challenge of the North German Gazette is the avowal that Germany will never again interfere in the political affairs of France.

ALL AROUND US.

What the People are Doing, Throughout the State.

SUNNYSIDE, August 25.—A huge rattlesnake was killed near here yesterday measuring six feet and having sixteen rattles.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

JONESBORO, August 25.—The first bale of new cotton was received here to day. It was raised by Mr. James M. McEachern and purchased by John S. Crockett at 13½ cents per pound.

CONYERS, August 25.—Mr. C. W. Turner brought in the first bale of cotton; sold at auction for 12½ cents. Messrs. J. H. Almand, Son & Co., bought it.——Had a good rain yesterday.

WADLEY, August 22.—A man named Ben Sterms was killed at station No. 9½, Central railroad, at Turner's saw mills, on yesterday. His head got caught in one of the saws, completely cutting it open. ——Considerable speculation going on as to who is to be judge of the Middle circuit.

ATHENS, August 24—A number of the elite of the city attended the mask ball at Mt. Airy last evening ——A considerable stir was created on the street yesterday. Some members of an excursion of our colored friends returning from Augusta in a state of quarrelsome intoxication, had a scrimmage with the police.

ROME, August 24.—A laborer on Dry creek bridge, near this city, took refuge in an old blacksmith shop during the rain last Sunday, when a gust of wind blew down the roof, which falling on the man, injured him severely. He is now in a critical condition ——Mr. Paul D. Wright, who was recently injured by being thrown from his horse, is recovering ——Mr. Charles Alfred Williams, of the Tribune, left yesterday for Muncie, Ind., where he will take charge of the Daily Times. His departure is very much regretted ——Four cows were killed by lightning during the rain storm yesterday.

DECATUR. August 25—Colonel L. J. Winn, one of our leading attorneys, is recreating at Porter Springs ——Judge H. V. Bayne and family returned yesterday after spending a delightful visit of one week in Carroll county.——Miss Carrie Little, a charming little brunette of West Point, is visiting Mrs. T. F. Smith. ——Miss Fannie Pratt, the lovely and interesting daughter of Professor N. A. Pratt, state chemist, is enjoying a few days with friends at this place.——Miss Sallie Williams and Miss Adelaide Steward are visiting friends at Stone Mountain.——Professor B. E. Crane, principal Decatur high school, will commence the fall term of his school next Monday.

ELBERTON, August 24.—This is the last return day for September superior court. But very few important suits have been filed.——A very large crowd attended the funeral of Mr. James M. Thornton at the Baptist church to-day.——The town council has passed an ordinance requiring all voters to register. The two parties are actively at work bringing forward the lagging sovereigns to the registrar's office.——This is said to be the hottest weather ever felt in Elberton. The thermometer ranges in the neighborhood of 100°.——Mrs. Nancy Brown, an aged lady, died in this county yesterday.

COVINGTON, August 24—Mr. L. W. Jarman, one of Newton county's most prosperous farmers met with a most terrible accident this morning, which is said will result fatally. Mr. Jarman was coming to town with a bale of new cotton, and was thrown from the wagon to the ground with such force as to break one shoulder and to inflict wounds or fractures of the skull and cause paralysis. The particulars have not been received yet.——J. W. Lindsay brought in the first bale of new cotton this morning. It was bought by W. D. Elliott for 12 cents. Two other bales were received later in the day, but Mr. Lindsay took the premium for the first bale.

CHATTANOOGA, August 25—With fine prospects for a good corn and cotton crop this year, as well as the sure success of the democratic ticket, everything is prosperous here.——The health of this city was never better, there being only ten deaths for the twenty-four days just past. The city sexton has applied to the board of mayor and aldermen asking the privilege to engage in some other business in connection with his duties as sexton so that he may be able to earn more wages to enable him to make a support for his family.——A thirty-thousand dollar sewer has just been finished, which will certainly be of great benefit to our city.——The railroad war, which has been going on for some time between the Louisville and Great Southern and the New Orleans, St. Louis and Chicago railway, has been settled and rates restored.——Freight and passenger business is quite good at this point.

THE SCIENTISTS.

The Twenty-Ninth Annual Session in Boston.

BOSTON, August 25.—The organization of the twenty-ninth meeting of the American association for the advancement of science in general session took place this morning in Huntington Hall institute of technology. The meeting was called to order by the retiring president, Professor George F. Baker, of Philadelphia, who immediately resigned the chair to the president-elect, Hon. Lewis H. Morgan, of Rochester. The opening address was made by Wm. B. Rogers, president of the Massachusetts institute of technology, and was mainly a review of the history of the association. At the close of Rogers's remarks, Mayor Prince was introduced, and extended a hearty and most cordial greeting to the members of the association.

An address of welcome was also made by Governor Long and responded to by President Morgan.

The report of the secretary was read and a committee appointed to telegraph greetings and congratulations of the American association to the British association, now holding its fiftieth annual meeting at Swansea. A committee was also appointed to draft appropriate resolutions with reference to the recent death of General Myer, chief signal officer of the United States.

At this point the general session was adjourned, and the various sections and subsections organized.

DAVID'S RETAINERS

Express their Regrets at his Leaving Washington.

WASHINGTON, August 25—Hon. Horace Maynard, ex-minister to Turkey, visited the white house with Postmaster-General Key to pay his respects to the president. While there Mr. Maynard received his commission as postmaster-general and shortly afterward went to the post-office department and took the oath of office. The president also signed, to day, the commission of Hon. D. M. Key, as judge for the eastern district of Tennessee; Longstreet as United States minister to Turkey. Judge Key will not leave for Tennessee, before the last of this or first of next week.

Judge Key, retiring postmaster general, was to day the recipient of a hearty and genuine tribute of respect and affection, from both officers and employes of the postoffice department.

At a meeting of the employes to day in the department building, presided over by the first assistant postmaster, General Tyner, resolutions were unanimously adopted, expressing regret at Judge Key's retirement from the office, conveying to him assurances of high appreciation as an officer and sincere regard for him as a man, complimenting his executive ability and sound discretion in advancing every branch of the postal service to an admirable state of efficiency and testifying to the uniform kindness and courtesy which have distinguished his official as well as his private and social relations. Immediately after the adoption of the resolutions, Judge Key was invited to attend the meeting, and the resolutions were handed to him by First Assistant Postmaster-General Tyner, who in a brief presentation speech complimented very highly the retiring postmaster general's administration of affairs since he had been at the head of the department. Judge Key accepted the tribute of respect, and in reply spoke feelingly. The new postmaster general, Maynard, was present and made appropriate remarks.

The Gentle Sara.

PARIS, August 25.—Mademoiselle Sara Bernhardt, the artist actress, has returned from Copenhagen to Paris. She has written to the director of the Theatre Francaise asking to be allowed to pay in four annual installments of 25,000 francs each the 100,000 francs damages to which she was condemned for violating her engagements with that theatre.

Specie Arrivals.

NEW YORK, August 25.—The following is a detailed statement of the amounts of specie which arrived at this port from Europe to-day: Steamer Wisconsin $130 000; steamer France $880 000; steamer Batavia $500,000; steamer Gellert $1 686 700 Total $3,196,700. All gold coins except $13,000 gold bars.

Under the Water.

ROCKAWAY BEACH, L. I., August 25.—During a heavy thunder storm this morning a small yacht containing seven men capsized near the point of Rockaway Beach. Only one man reached the shore. The name of one of the lost is Thomas Sutton. The names of the others cannot be ascertained as yet.

The Deaf Mutes.

CINCINNATI, August 25.—The deaf mutes of America are holding here to-day their first convention. There is a fair attendance from all parts of the United States and Canada. Robert McGregor, of Cincinnati, was elected president.

Tom Hughes.

NEWPORT, R. I., August 25.—Thomas Hughes, member of parliament, and party, arrived here from New York this morning. They are guests of Mr. Franklin W. Smith, of Boston. They will leave for the west in a few days.

POLITICAL RIPPLES.

THE democracy at Genesaw, Ill., yesterday nominated B. H. Truesdale for congress.

A DISPATCH from Phœnix, Arizona, reports that the territorial convention nominated M. W. Stewart for delegate to congress.

JOHN S. RICHARDSON was unanimously renominated to-day as the democratic candidate for congress from the first district of South Carolina.

JAMES K. JONES was nominated for congress from the second Arkansas district by the democratic convention.

GENERAL THOMAS D. HOXIE, of Passaic, was unanimously nominated for governor by the greenback state convention of New Jersey to-day.

HENRY POEHLER was nominated by the democracy of the second Minnesota congressional district yesterday.

B. W. LACY, of New Kent county, was nominated as a candidate for congress from the second congressional district of Virginia, by the readjuster convention, to-day.

THE democratic congressional district convention at Middletown, Connecticut, to-day renominated James Phelps, of Essex, for member of congress.

HONS. D. WYATT AIKEN and George D. Tillman, sitting members, have been renominated as the democratic candidates for congress in the third and fifth South Carolina districts respectively.

GENERAL JAMES CRAIGE was nominated for congress yesterday by the democracy of the ninth district of Missouri Wm. H. Hatch was renominated by the democracy of the twelfth district.

THE democratic convention of the sixth Virginia district, in session at Lynchburg yesterday, renominated Hon. John Randolph Tucker for congress by acclamation.

THE republican state convention of Iowa met at Des Moines yesterday with a full representation from all the counties in the state, except Palo Alto. J. A. T. Hall was renominated for secretary of state by acclamation. The other nominations were as follows: for auditor, W. V. Lucas; state treasurer, E. H. Conger; attorney general, Smith McPherson.

CRIME AND CASUALTY.

SATAN'S DAILY WORK OF SIN.

A Prominent Business Man Driven to Suicide by Neuralgia—A Horrible Abortion in New York—A Word from Texas—Marine and Other Casualties.

NEW YORK, August 25.—The steamship City of Alexandria, Captain Deaken, Vera Cruz, August 21st, which arrived here on the 24th, reports when off Fontroy, August 13th, the first mate of the bark Cronstadt, reported that in the morning the captain with the second officer and two seamen attempted to cross the bar in the boat, which was capsized, and all were lost except the mate, who swam out and was picked up by the ship's boat sent out for him.

RICHMOND, VA., August 26.—The case of Dr George Ben Johnson, arrested on the charge of being about to engage in a duel with Captain John S. Wise, was called in the police court to day, but was continued without a hearing until Saturday, owing to the absence of an important witness. Captain Wise has not yet been arrested.

CHICAGO, August 25.—A dispatch to the Journal from McGregor, Iowa, repeated from Austin, Minnesota, states that Judge Page was shot in his house last night and killed by unknown assassins. He has for years been the principal mover in the great political, social and religious feud that has agitated southern Minnesota.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 25.—A dispatch from Tucson, Arizona Territory, says Sheriff Butner, with a posse, left here last night to intercept and arrest the Mexican brigand Reyes who, with his band, were reported to be in this vicinity. Butner met them about eight miles from town and a fight ensued, in which about fifty shots were fired. The Mexicans fled, leaving several dead and wounded, as well as their animals and weapons, on the field. The sheriff followed but soon lost their trail in the darkness. The bandits are supposed to number fifty. A company of United States troops are now in pursuit of them.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., August 25—A fire broke out at an early hour this morning in the flour mill of W. B. Thomas & Co., corner Thirteenth and William streets. The flames spread rapidly and communicated to the stove and hollow-ware foundry of Stewart & Patterson, then to the large building on the corner of Thirteenth and Hamilton streets, occupied by Gumpert & Bros., manufacturers of cigars. The mill was soon in ruins, and all the walls fell in the street. The falling bricks crushed in the eastern end of Stuart & Peterson's foundry, and the flames destroyed nearly all the patterns in the pattern room. The loss on the foundry is estimated at $75,000. and on the mill at $100,000. Gumpert & Co. employed 150 hands, and had 400,000 loose cigars in stock Their insurance is $23,000, and will cover the loss. A number of small buildings adjoining were also damaged by fire.

NEW YORK, August 25—Robert L. Barth, a retired clothing dealer, 68 years old, residing at No 246 Clinton street, near Monroe, committed suicide by shooting himself in the head, at his residence, about half-past 9 o'clock this morning. For the past twenty years Mr. Barth has been troubled with neuralgic pains in his head, and at times has suffered great agony.

CHICAGO, August 25—The dead body of a young woman, about twenty years of age, as yet unidentified, was found in the hallway in a house on West Madison street this morning. On her finger was a ring bearing the initials E. A. C. She is supposed to have been a victim of criminal practice on the part of a certain Dr. Earle, to whom the circumstance pointed.

COMPETITIVE RATES.

More About the Effect of Circular 10.

A representative of THE CONSTITUTION found Hon. Allen Fort at the Kimball house yesterday and questioned him as to the position held by the people of Americus, in regard to circular No. 10, issued by the railroad commissioners.

With that calm, even tempered manner, so characteristic of the man, he answered every interrogatory in a pleasant off-hand way. He stated that in his judgment the carrying out of that circular would cause Americus to lose at least $30,000 on the single article of cotton alone, and not taking into account the damage resulting to the commerce of the city from trade directed from it. The Central railroad obtained control, of the Southwestern and Macon and Western railroads in order to crush out competition, and Mr. Wadley for years past has held out that it was but one continuous line. Now the effect of this circular is to make the Central railroad and these division but one continuous line to kill off competition, but several roads to increase its receipts. Circular No. 10 is virtually an increase of 50 per cent. over former rates, for each division is allowed to charge local rates. Prior to circular No 10 the rate on cotton was 65 cents per bale from Americus Now they propose to place it 62 cents, but with rates unfixed at Albany and other competitive points. The Central railroad proposes to give a joint rate, with 5 cents per 100 pounds against Macon, but this is too slight to result in good.

Yesterday, Messrs. U. B. Wilkinson, J. A. Hunter, P. H. Brewster, A. R. Burdette, H. C. Arnold, L. F. Anderson and W. B. Orr, from Newnan, appeared before the board of railroad commissioners, seeking to obtain competitive rates for Newnan They will have a hearing on August 31. A Macon and the Central and Southwestern railroads joined issue with Fort Valley, Americus and other points on the Southwestern railroad, and are to be heard on that day, we presume the Atlanta and West Point railroad, and other stations on that road besides Newnan, will be represented also.

State Fencibles.

Philadelphia Record: In October Captain Ryan, with the State Fencibles, purposes to visit Atlanta, Ga., a return of the visit made by the Atlanta company last fall. The excursion should be encouraged by our manufacturers and merchants. It will do more good for Philadelphia than all the campaign documents ever published or the waving of all the soiled shirts in the state. As a result of the visit of last year, one mercantile house in this city has sold $50,000 worth of goods in a section they never before reached. The Fencibles will take with them on their patriotic trip a gale of good wishes, but as good wishes will not pay for transportation our merchants should see to it that they do not lack the ways and means. Their pockets should be stuffed with ducats.

A Pleasant Picnic.

Yesterday a select party of about fifty went up to Iceville to picnic. It was a sort of private affair, and only those invited attended. Mrs. J. H Flynn was the moving spirit, and the success of the entertainment is largely due to her exertions.

At 8 o'clock the party left the car shed in a special train, and arriving at Iceville proceeded to enjoy themselves Dancing was the favorite attraction, though other amusements were provided.

In the evening Mr. James O'Neil mounted an impromptu rostrum and presented Mr. J. J. Mullin with two handsome spoons, as he had been voted the most "spoony man" in the crowd.

At 10 o'clock last night the party returned to town highly pleased with the day's enjoyment and loud in their thanks to Mrs. Flynn for the pleasure of the day.

Thrashing Tramps.

Last night the southward bound train on the Air-Line road was boarded at Gainesville by two negro tramps who stored themselves snugly away on the front end of the baggage car, where they remained undisturbed until the train reached Flowery Branch. At that place the conductor and train men invited them into the baggage car, and by earnest persuasion they were induced to administer to each other a regular plantation flogging, complete in all its details. Their tormentors then took a hand in the thrashing, and they were turned loose sorer but wiser to pursue their tramp and meditate upon the evils of stealing rides on railroad trains.

Badly Mashed

Yesterday morning the "Butler" engine, belonging to the Georgia railroad, ran into a freight car standing on a side-track near Butler street. The result of the collision was a badly broken car and a tender with two holes in its side. The accident was the result of the negligence of some of the switch hands No delay to trains was caused, as the wreck was removed in a short time.

THE STRIKERS MEET

And Present to the Public Their Side of the Question.

Last night at a late hour a CONSTITUTION reporter who was strolling around in the neighborhood of the rolling mill in search of an item, got upon the track of a secret meeting of the rolling mill strikers, and by energetically following it up he found the place of their council. On the corner of Marietta and Foundry streets is a large hall where, after being kept in the ante-room for a few minutes, ye local was ushered in to find it packed with as quiet and orderly a set of men as ever got together for any purpose. There was an entire absence of whisky, or even the slightest semblance of disorderly conduct. A set of resolutions were adopted, and THE CONSTITUTION was given them for publication. The meeting then adjourned. Below we present the resolutions of the "strikers:"

"EDITORS CONSTITUTION: In your issue of the 25th inst., appears an article in regard to the stopping of the Atlanta rolling mill. We desire to correct some statements which were made in that article. We are aware that it has been the custom for the past few months to pay the employes of the mill on the first Saturday after the 15th of each month for the labor performed during the month previous, but we deny that Mr. Wilkins did or could reserve to himself the right to change the pay day without giving due notice. It was an agreement that he would give ample notice at any time that he should fail to pay before the day arrived. This he failed to do. Mr. Wilkins's laudable story of his shrewd management is simply an old story. There never has been a man in charge of the mill who was not spoken of as a hero, and there never has been one who did not defraud the men out of some of their wages. It is an old saying that a "burnt child dreads the fire," and we have all been burnt by Gray, Scofield and Goodnow, and we intend in the future to "take the stitch in time." We deny that it was because the pay roll was not made out that he failed to pay, because it was the custom to tell every man on the Saturday previous to pay day the amount of his wages for the month. This custom was carried out on the 14th, but we did not receive any notice until the morning of the 21st, pay day, that we could not be paid. We knew that Mr. Wilkins was away and we waited until his return, and then waited upon him as representatives of his employes, and on approaching him for some satisfaction were treated with contempt. We asked him when he would pay us, and he said he would not recognize any committee. We followed him up and told him we wanted some satisfaction about our money. We went to him three different times, and he finally said he had never been ruled even by Jesus Christ, and he would be d—d if he would ever be by a body of men. We told Mr. Wilkins we did not want to rule him, but we wanted our money. He refused to give us any satisfaction.

We are members of the Amalgamated association of iron and steel workers of the United States of America, and we declare that we will not go to work for the old company or the new one until we are paid for the labor already performed.

Who is Mr. Grant Wilkins that he should hold our wages? This is a free country, and our wages are small, and we have families dependent on our labor for support. Are they to wait for Mr. Wilkins to say when they are to have the benefit of the small pittance we have toiled for? We are respectfully,

COMMITTEE OF A. A. OF I AND S. W.

A MISSING TRUNK

Leads to Considerable Trouble.

Last night Mr. Hightower, of the Fulton house, sent a negro boy to the union depot for a trunk belonging to a guest who came in on one of the night trains. The boy having the check for the trunk, had no difficulty in procuring it, and started off towards the hotel, but this was the last seen of him until arrested.

About twelve o'clock Officer Couch, who coming to police headquarters to go on duty, saw a negro man walking down the Central railroad with a valise and a large bundle. Thinking all was not right he approached the negro and asked him where he was going. The negro gave an evasive reply and attempted to pass the officer, who determined at once, to arrest him and await the result.

When the station-house was reached the bundle and valise were examined and found to contain two suits of clothes, several shirts, a pair of men's shoes, a pair of baby shoes, and several suits of linen.

About the time the key was turned on him a gentleman went to the station house and reported the loss of a trunk, describing the same and its contents. The goods found in the possession of the negro were shown the gentleman and he readily identified them as his goods.

The negro was then brought out of the cell and taken in charge by Captain Connolly and Officers Couch and Saulsbury and directed to show them where he had left the trunk. After quite a reluctant consent, he agreed to do so and accordingly led the way to Thompson street, where the trunk was found in front of Ophelia Rice's.

In addition to the goods already mentioned, the trunk contained quite a quantity of clothing, which is now at the station house. The negro gave his name as Abe Lipscomb, and said that he was in Atlanta looking for two convicts who escaped from the chain gang near Newnan. It is thought that he is one of the negroes himself, as he answers the description given in a poster now at the station house.

The End of the Horse Case.

Yesterday an adjustment was effected between Mr. T. C. Mayson and Mr. John Kirt in regard to the stolen horse belonging to the latter, and which was found a few days since in Mr. Mayson's possession. Mr. Kirt agreed to pay all cost accruing from the trial of the possessory warrants Tuesday last if Mr. Mayson would release all claims upon the horse. The validity of Mr. Kirt's title having been established, Mr. Mayson accepted the proposition, and Mr. Kirt having complied with the agreement was repossessed of his property, and yesterday started for his home in Tennessee.

He Beat His Wife.

Yesterday a warrant was sworn out before Judge Butts, by a Mrs. Hutchins, in which she charged her husband, Jesse Hutchins, with assault and battery. It seems that Hutchins has been in the habit of ordering his wife around as though she were a slave, and whenever she failed to his bidding he resorted to force in order to secure obedience, and frequently inflicted severe whippings, the last of which was administered Tuesday morning. The warrant was placed in the hands of an officer, who is now on the hunt for the wife beater.

An Attempt to Burglarize.

Tuesday night an attempt was made to burglarize M. E. Edwards's store, 364 Decatur street. The thieves first tried to fit a false key to the door lock, but as the key was on the inside they failed. Then they tried to break off the catch holding the bolt of the lock, but again failed. Failing in both of these efforts, they tried to prize open the door, but were driven away by the proprietor, who, sleeping within, had been aroused by the noise made by the burglars.

Remedy for Cabbage Bugs.

Commissioner W. B. Smith informs us that after trying a number of years to find an exterminator for the black and speckled bugs so destructive to cabbages he has at last succeeded in finding one. Slaked lime sprinkled over the plant thoroughly will effectually exterminate them or cause them to emigrate. He states that after one application he could not find a bug. This remedy is a valuable one and we trust our readers will give it a thorough trial.

DOWN IN DIXIE.

AUSTIN, Texas, has four brass bands.

THE corn crop of Louisiana is very promising.

THE cane crop of Louisiana was never better.

THE pecan crop of Louisiana is generally heavy this season.

FIGHTEEN postmasters in Mississippi draw salaries of $1,000 each.

RICE threshing in Louisiana goes on briskly. The crop is promising.

THE corn crop of the James river valley, Virginia, will be very large.

THE physicians in Charlotte have to pay a license to practice medicine.

THE firemen of Alabama are talking of organizing a state association.

MISS ELLA BRUCE, the Texas prima dona, makes a favorable impression in Mississippi.

CIRCUSES monopolize the thoughts of the people in most of the towns of Kentucky

SOME three thousand dollars were paid out in Richmond, Virginia, last Saturday, for sumac.

A SAW-FISH has been captured near Mobile whose saw, when cut off, measured three feet and eight inches.

JERRY BUCKLEE, a letter carrier in Nashville, has walked fourteen miles every day, except Sunday, for fourteen years.

THE North Carolina Cherokees number fifteen hundred souls, and are said to be working ten thousand acres of land.

GREENVILLE, South Carolina, has a coach factory that was started a quarter of a century ago. It sells 400 vehicles a year.

THE total debt of Tennessee is $24,000,000, and its creditors have agreed to receive in settlement new bonds $12,000,000.

The Constitution.

FOR THE CAMPAIGN.

A campaign of unprecedented interest, involving national, state and local issues is just opening. The various candidates are in the field and the music has already begun!

No man of intelligence should be without a first-class paper for the next few months.

The Constitution in its various editions is the best newspaper that the people of Georgia and the surrounding states can get.

It is offered at the following rates:

Daily Edition 1 month........$1 0[illegible]
Daily Edition 3 months........2 5[illegible]
Weekly Edition 3 months........[illegible]
Weekly Edition 6 months........1 0[illegible]

THE CONSTITUTION for the campaign will be the newsiest, brightest and completest newspaper ever offered to the southern people. Address
CONSTITUTION PUBLISHING CO.

Entered as second-class matter, at the Atlanta post-office, December 11, 1879.

ATLANTA, GA., AUGUST 26 1880.

SHERMAN'S letters to Hancock will be included in a forthcoming biography of the democratic candidate.

COLONEL ALBERT LAMAR announces that he will be a candidate for clerk of the house of representatives at the next organization of congress. Colonel Lamar is amply qualified by his parliamentary training and clerical experience to fulfill the duties of the position.

THE Albany Advertiser says the minority leaders sent their telegram to Dr. Felton for the purpose of presenting his name before the convention. The Atlanta Phonograph, however, which is the leading Norwood paper in the state, says the telegram was sent merely for the purpose of frightening the majority. In any event, the organs of the minority should settle upon some definite explanation.

WE print elsewhere a letter from Hon. N. J. Hammond in relation to the settlement of the case of the state against John T. Grant, one of the sureties on the bond of John Jones, late state treasurer. Governor Colquitt did not state the facts that led the counsel for the state to advise the settlement of the case. These facts are now supplied by Colonel Hammond in such a shape that they cannot by any possibility be misunderstood or misconstrued, and his letter forms an admirable supplement to the address of Governor Colquitt. It will be seen that the compromise was under consideration a much longer time than would be inferred from a hasty reading of Governor Colquitt's defense, and had the approval of ex-Governor Smith.

THE death of Hon. Miles W. Lewis, of Greene county, removes one of the best known of the public men of Greene county. Colonel Lewis was a man of great mental vigor and breadth, and possessed a splendid parliamentary and political training. He was active, energetic, progressive and patriotic. He was a member of the constitutional convention of 1865, and was for nine years a member of one branch or the other of the general assembly. This rich and extended experience, added to his natural mental strength, made him an exceedingly important element in the convention of 1877, and he was one of the most prominent figures in that body. Colonel Lewis was born in Greene county in 1819. He was both a farmer and a lawyer. In politics he has been a whig, an American, an anti-secessionist and a democrat.

A New Danger of Sectionalism.

A homely proverb, current among the plantation negroes, advised them to be astonished at nothing that occurred during the night—literally "Don't git 'skeer'd twel atter sunrise"—might be varied in a period like this to include a political campaign. Only the other day, Dr. Tucker, the scholarly editor of our next-door neighbor, the Christian Index, felt called upon to take the Independent to task for advocating miscegenation. The doctor was no doubt astonished that he should be under the necessity of combatting such a theory, but he is no politician, and he cannot perceive how the doctrine of miscegenation may be used as a sort of support for the weak end of a politico-theological campaign. Indeed, there is less reason for surprise at the appearance of the plea for miscegenation in the Independent than there is for the appearance in the current number of the International Review of an article on "The Presidential Election," by John Jay. From beginning to end it is an unblushing falsification of the attitude of the south. It relates and emphasizes the campaign forgery with respect to Wade Hampton's Virginia speech, and goes into all the details of lying with exasperating intrepidity. The article consists simply of a series of Tribune editorials revamped and coherently strung together. But the most astonishing part of the whole affair is the fact that the editors of the magazine have not been imposed upon. They are perfectly well aware that the article in question is a gross slander upon the intentions of the southern people. We are not surprised that such an article should have been written, but that it should be printed in a periodical of the character of the International Review rather passes our comprehension. There is one fact that ought to suggest itself to all reasonable minds in this connection, and that is, if the people of the south were at all anxious to destroy the government or to reclaim the value of their slaves, they could secure both ends promptly and finally by co-operation with the republican corruption. Northern sectionalism may compel this co-operation in the end; but the fact that the south has held out twenty years in the midst of the temptations of accumulated poverty and despair ought to be a sufficient guarantee of the honor, integrity and patriotism of our people. The sectionalism of the north may conquer, but it cannot rule; and it will be a sorry day for the country if the solid south is compelled to give way under the pressure—under the demands of those among us who will have office at any cost. The question is, are the civil service reformers of the north prepared for the result? For our part, there is nothing uncandid in the complacency with which we contemplate the effect of northern sectionalism. We have protested against it most bitterly, and we shall probably continue to protest; but it is the old story: the south cannot be worsted. Nevertheless, it will be a sad day for the country when any respectable number of southern politicians are driven to co-operating with republican corruption. Do the independent voters of the north discover no temptation and no threat in the fact that these politicians can practically dictate their own terms? We leave the question in the hands of such careful reasoners as the editor of the Nation, to say nothing of the editor of the Springfield Republican.

MR. NORWOOD will please observe that if Governor Colquitt appointed Governor Smith to office for the purpose of perpetuating himself in power, he made a mistake. Governor Smith has now taken the field against Governor Colquitt, and nothing, it seems, save a state of unavoidable hoarseness, prevents him from smashing the entire majority to pieces.

THE editor of the Rome Courier has rosy views in regard to the result in Indiana. We sincerely hope they may be more than justified by events.

MR. NORWOOD said he was hoarse in his Atlanta speech, and Governor Smith was hoarse in Columbus. These are remarkable symptoms. They show that even the weather is favorable to Governor Colquitt and the people.

GENERAL GARFIELD should keep a list of his biographers.

EDITOR WILLIAM MOORE, of the Augusta Evening News, is the most unpitying political essayist now connected with the palladium of our liberties. He is envious because Governor Colquitt has only eight appointments with Mr. Norwood. Has Editor Moore no regard for his candidate's feelings?

BROTHER BEECHER has been showing the White Mountain girls and boys to what extent a truly pious man can have catarrh.

THE editor of the Milledgeville Union and Recorder, having learned from a newspaper printed at a distance that Baldwin county would go overwhelmingly for Norwood, is reckless enough to reproduce the statement for the purpose of brooding over it in the spirit of a humorist.

IN the opinion of General Garfield, the story of Oakes Ames's death was a campaign forgery.

ONE of the surprising effects of the campaign is the appearance of the editor of the Savannah Recorder as a political tragedian. Artistically his attitude is fine, but it seems to us to be a mistake to gild the Norwood comedy with gloom.

Do the republicans of the seventh district propose to desert Dr. Felton right in the heat of the summer? It would seem that our entire political system is indissolubly linked with the whirligig of time.

THE vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Judge Warner from the supreme court bench, necessitates the election of a new judge. A number of prominent members of the Atlanta bar are urging Colonel P. L. Mynatt to allow the use of his name before the legislature. He is at present disqualified, by reason of his being a member of the house of representatives.

IF we are not mistaken, Mr. Norwood has already been elected governor in Columbus. Such enterprise is commendable, perhaps, but it is premature.

DR. WILLIAM MOORE should prescribe for the inflamed editor of the Savannah Recorder. In his present excited condition, he refuses to believe that old Chatham will survive. And yet, old Chatham will prove that there is nothing healthier than a good square Colquitt majority in October.

A CORRESPONDENT wants to know upon what grounds we pronounced the alleged letter of General Toombs about "yank" Hancock a forgery. We have almost forgotten now, but principally, we believe, because General Toombs never swears by letter.

THE editor of the Sumter Republican seems to be afraid that somebody is engaged in a diabolical conspiracy to prevent him from enjoying the tumult of his own opinions. If the editor will point out this person, we will take pleasure in rebuking him in the most scathing terms.

IN GENERAL.

—Women are justified in using powder when they wish to go off.

—Dr. Glenn, the great land owner of California, owns 60,000 acres of growing wheat.

—Narragansett is in a flutter of excitement over the arrival of a Japanese prince."

—A London magistrate sent a man to prison for three months for cutting off a cat's tail.

—Old Switezer says that the fellow who married his daughter now "earns his preat py de shweat of his frau."

—Mark Twain has two new books on hand, and one of them will be finished in a few months.

—The mosquito who can't chew his way through the cloth netting ought to be compelled to bite old saw-bucks.

—Harvard college has had 14,063 graduates, of whom 2,344 were ordained as pastors of churches.

—There are two distinct kinds of boys in this world—the human boy and the boy who exists in Sunday-school books.—Andrews's Bazar.

—A San Francisco servant girl made $10,000 in stocks and in one afternoon purchased 603 different articles at a dollar store.

—A spoony newly married couple at Chautauqua were overheard billing and cooing. He—"What would dovee do if pidgee died?" She—"Dovey'd die too."

—"Dere vas only a leedle difference between us," said a burly Teuton who had just horsewhipped another: "I was oxhided, and he vas cowhided—dot's all."

—The New York Graphic says Miss Neilson "was a charming actress, but a very dissipated woman, and her excesses were a direct cause of her death."

—Ellen Tree, the charming actress, and widow of Charles Kean, has just died in London. She made her debut in 1825, and did not retire from the stage until Mr. Kean's death twelve years ago.

—New York state ladies never forget to be courteous to strangers. When discovering a midnight burglar they always ask: "Sir, will you please explain your presence here?"

—Haverly's theater is to have a medical man in constant attendance hereafter, after the fashion "on the other side," to minister to any casual need of a physician's assistance among the audience.

—When Jim Keene figured up that he had lost a round million dollars in the wheat traffic he sent out and bought a box of cigars costing $100. Some of us would have wilted right down to a clay pipe.

—Michigan has nearly 4,000 telephones which are crying "Hello!" on an average of ten times per day. Forty thousand "hellos!" per day is a good enough record for any state.

—For a year San Francisco has maintained a public reading library of 5,000 volumes. Twenty thousand new volumes have been added, and the institution has been reopened as a free circulating library.

—"I think I'll cut across the fields," said a city belle, who was visiting her country cousin—"the wether permitting," she added, as she observed a demonstrative sheep of the masculine persuasion.—Norristown Herald.

—A new liver pad is announced which cures by "inspiration." A liver pad, by the way, has as much right to claim to be inspired as a modern poet has. There must be a soul in the poet and beneath the pad to make inspiration effective.

—On the bank holiday at the Alexandra palace, London, 100,000 persons were turned into one enclosure. Thirty thousand cups of tea and coffee, 350 barrels of ale, 42,000 loaves of bread, and 60,000 buns and cakes were consumed between morning and night.

—"Going to the picnic, I suppose," a "youth of middle age" was asked yesterday. "Well, no," he answered; "the fact is that I put in about three years of picnic during the war, and I've had my fill of roughing it. Solid comfort is what I am looking for."

—We noticed a somewhat novel exhibition of the national colors the other day, as a young lady ahead of us was tripping daintily across the street wearing red hose, a hole in the heel of the same, and blue slippers.—Lockport Union.

—A valuable carpet was taken up in the San Francisco Mint last spring. It had been down five years. The officials caused it to be cut in small pieces and burned in pans; and the debris after being washed yielded $2,500 in gold and silver.

—"To be continued," said the old lady, as she placed the pie plate with half a custard pie in it on a chair by the side of the table, in order to make room on the overloaded table. "Crowded out because of a press of matter," said John Henry, as he unwittingly sat down in it.

—A lady called recently at the house of a friend, and there met a gentleman who was introduced to her as a "new boarder." After he had left the room she said to her friend, "Why do you keep that odious creature around? He doesn't correspond with the rest of your furniture." Imagine her surprise when informed that he was her friend's new husband!

—A little peach in the orchard grew—
A little peach of emerald hue;
Warmed by the sun and wet by the dew,
It grew.

One day, passing that orchard through,
That little peach dawned on the view
Of Johnnie Jones and his sister Sue—
Them two.

Under the turf where the daisies grew
They planted John and his sister Sue,
And their little souls to the angels flew—
Boo hoo!—Kansas City Times.

Colonel Fred Grant Assaults a Waiter.
Chicago Tribune.

GALESBURG, ILL., August 16.—This morning, on the arrival of the Kansas City Express, with several hundred Knights Templar aboard, all hands stopped over in this city for breakfast. Colonel Fred Grant, becoming impatient at not being waited on at the table more promptly, holding a hot buttered roll in his hand, deliberately took aim and hit one of the servants between the eyes with it. Officer Hart, who happened to be present, promptly arrested him. But the colonel's friends came to his rescue, and the officer reluctantly released him.

Scattered.
Philadelphia Times

The administration at this blessed moment is scattered all over the country, no two members being in the same place, so far as can be seen with the naked eye. This is a very careless, if not grave, condition of things, threatened, as we are, with the most alarming dangers from the confederate brigadiers and wicked democrats in general. If the organs have a spark of patriotism left they will use their influence to get the administration together again and see if the country can't be saved in some way. It makes people very nervous to think that the government is left so needlessly exposed.

Then and Now.

New York Times, August 3, 1880:	New York Times, February 19, 1873:
In a canvass based on principles there is advantage in having for a candidate a man who is acknowledged to be a statesman of high character. This the republican party have in General Garfield.	Messrs. Kelley and Garfield present a most distressing figure. Their participation in the credit mobilier affair is complicated by the most unfortunate contradictions of testimony.

Ohio People.
St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Ohio people continue to attract public attention. Mrs. Hutchinson threatened, at Sligo, to do something that would "make Oscar feel right bad." Oscar was her husband, and they had quarreled. That night she eloped with a negro neighbor. In Pickaway county, Mr. Frank Lewis has just been arrested on the charge of poisoning his father and mother, so that he could obtain possession of the farm and marry their servant girl.

The Issue.
Macon Herald.

Then, the issue presented to the people of Georgia is not a question of personal preference as between Norwood and Colquitt. It is, first, shall the will of the majority prevail, or is the democratic party the property of nine private citizens? And second, are the charges of fraud and corruption against Governor Colquitt true? A vote for Norwood says yes—a vote for Colquitt says no. Upon such an issue, it is not difficult to guess what the answer of the ballot box will be.

A Short Memory.
Macon Telegraph.

Senator Norwood said that he had never asked to be vindicated. His memory is very short. At least a man by that name, a few years ago, appeared before the Georgia legislature for an indorsement. There was a Hill in the way that he couldn't get over, and his claims went to protest. May be this was not the man, yet he spelled his name the same way.

Western Flunkeys
Denver News.

The ladies comprising the decoration committee respectfully requests all ladies along the line of the procession of Fourteenth street to cull flowers from their gardens, and strew the same on the street as General Grant passes their places of residence.

Embarrassing Confusion.
St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

There is a Norcross and a Norwood in Georgia and they are both creating a disturbance in politics. They should be marked for identification; otherwise there may be an embarrassing confusion.

Liable to Get Left.
Kansas City Times.

The republicans demand a new census of the southern states. The example of St Louis should teach them that people who go behind the census returns are liable to get left.

Jewell's Jaw.
Boston Post.

Mr. Marshall Jewell has evidently heard from somebody. He seems to be giving his tongue a vacation. Perhaps he has been watching Mr. Barnum.

Question and Answer.
New York Star.

Question by the few suffering persons who have tried to make out Murat Halstead's letter to the New York Herald—"What is it all about, and who cares if it is?"

Garfield and the Ohio Germans.
Cleveland Plaindealer.

The action of the Germans in declaring for Hancock causes consternation to the republicans. It means that Ohio is lost to Garfield.

Sublime Confidence.
Chicago Times.

Republican confidence in Ohio is sublime even to temerity. John A. Logan has been invited formally to stump that state.

This is the Way to Spell it.
New Haven Register.

J—Ames A. Garfield is a suggestive way of writing the name of the republican candidate for president.

A Suggestion to Aliunde Joe.
New York Sun.

Judge Joseph Bradley should write a brief to show that a bribe when discovered becomes a loan.

—The pronounced opinion of the ablest physicians all over the country indicate that Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup is the best remedy for all the sufferings of little children caused by wind colic, dysentery, diarrhœa and summer complaint. Price 25 cents.

—A workingman in Glasgow, whose wife is a confirmed and violent drunkard, has hit upon a novel device for pacifying her and protecting himself and his family. In the morning he passes a chain around her ankles as she lies in bed, and secures the chain with a padlock. He then goes forth to his daily work. On returning in the evening, he releases his captive and allows her to remain at liberty until morning, when he chains her up again. The neighbors have seen fit to interfere and to have him arrested, but as his wife has acknowledged his persistent kindness to her in the face of her own glaring misconduct, the magistrate has dismissed him after admonishing him.

—Caroline Jones of Columbia, Pa., says: "Send me one dollar's worth of Tutt's Pills. I find them to be the best medicine for Sick Headache and Indigestion I ever tried. My acquaintances have fallen in love with them, and desire to have them. You have conferred a great blessing upon thousands of suffering females."

—Two large gold dishes have been temporarily lent to the Science and Art Museum, Dublin. The larger one, measuring two feet nine inches in diameter, is said to be the wedding present of the Dauphin of France to Mary, Queen of Scots. The smaller is two feet in diameter, and contains in the centre a representation of the Adoration of the Magi in high relief.

What is H H P?

Many are curious to learn what these three letters in our advertising columns mean. 109 aug8—d1y

—Greece has twenty battalions of infantry, consisting of five companies, four battalions of chasseurs, and but one regiment of cavalry. The numerical strength of the line battalions is 1,050 men each, the whole force being 21,000 men. The regiment of cavalry numbers 919 men, the whole force comprising 21,000 men. The regiment of cavalry numbers 919 men, 835 horses and 86 mules. There is one artillery regiment of twelve battalions (four field and eight mountain). There are two battalions of four companies each consisting of 540 men, 20 horses and 100 mules.

Eminent Dr. C. C. Clark,
OSWEGO, N. Y.,

Writes: "Colden's LIEBIG'S LIQUID EXTRACT OF BEEF is by far the best of all preparations of the kind (FOOD AND TONIC) that I have ever used."
DANIEL & MARSH, Agents.
204 june11—d&w1y fol im rd mat J

—Pass the pork and beans, dear mother,
For I'm hungry as a hog.
True, I had a picnic dinner,
Sitting on an ancient log.
But Adolph was there, dear mother,
And I fain would have him think
I am of ethereal make up,
For, mamma, he's got the chink;
So I only ate a morsel
Of a dainty frosted cake,
And a peanut and a raisin,
Gave all solid grub the shake,
Pile the provender around me,
For I'm famishing, by gum!
Ain't this ham and beans delicious,
Oh! yum! yum! yum! yum! yum!

—Abigail S. Coles, of Moorestown, Burlington county, N. J., says: Eighteen months ago I had Dropsy around the heart. My physicians and friends despaired of my ever getting well. The first bottle of HUNT'S REMEDY gave me great relief. I feel I owe my very existence to HUNT'S REMEDY, and am deeply thankful.
aug23—d&w1w

—The following letter, verbatim et literatum, was received by an undertaker recently from an afflicted widower: "Surmy waif is ded and Wonts to be berried tomorrer, at Woner klok. U nose wair to dig the Hole—by the said of my two other waifs—let it be deep."

Pandora's Box

brought a multitude of ills upon humanity, so saith the ancients; but a bottle of SOZODONT is a well spring of joy in the family. It refreshes the invalid by cleansing his mouth and fits the belle for the parlor.
aug24—d3t tues thur sat

DR. GEO. W. MARVIN continues to treat all Diseases of long standing, Dispenses his own Medicines and guarantees Cures in curable cases. Office and residence No. 360 Whitehall street. All Diseases of the Throat, Lungs and Catarrh treated by inhalation. Particular attention paid to all Diseases of long standing, such as Rheumatism, Eruptions, Gravel, Paralysis, Scrofula, Biliousness, Dropsy, Erysipelas, Diseases of the Kidneys, Nervous Depression, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, all diseases peculiar to Women, all Private Diseases, Heart Disease, Swollen Joints, Coughs, Gout, White Swelling, St. Vitus Dance, etc. Call and see the Doctor without delay. His charges are moderate and consultation free. Office hours 7 a. m. to 2 p. m. and 6 to 8 p. m.
sep7 d&wkyly 2d or 4th pg only

ANNOUCEMENTS.

For the Legislature.

—E. F. HOGE is a candidate for Representative of Fulton county in the next Legislature.
26 aug3—dtd

—HENRY HILLYER is a candidate for the House of Representatives from Fulton county in the next Legislature. 512 july31—dtd

—The friends of FRANK P. RICE announce that he is a candidate for the House of Representatives from Fulton county. 485 july27—dtd

—W. H. PATTERSON is hereby announced as a candidate for Representative from Fulton county in the next Legislature. 600 july30—dtd

For Mayor.

—I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Mayor of Atlanta, at the ensuing municipal election. JAMES W. ENGLISH.
353 aug17—dtde

For Mayor.

—Atlanta abounds with substantial evidence that Mr. HANNIBAL I. KIMBALL would make a practical, progressive, energetic Mayor. His name is therefore hereby presented for that office at the next election, by
256 june13—dtf MANY FRIENDS.

For Council.

—The friends of PAT LYNCH announce his name as a candidate for Councilman from the Fifth Ward. 000 aug25—dtde

—JEP N. LANGSTON is hereby announced as a candidate for Councilman from the Fourth Ward at the ensuing election. aug22 d1m

—We are authorized to announce WARREN D. PAYNE as a candidate for Councilman from the Fifth Ward at the ensuing election.
603 aug1—d1m

—We are aurhorized to announce PAT LYNCH as a candidate for Councilman from the Fifth Ward at the ensuing election. aug22 dtde

For Council.

—The friends of JACK W. JOHNSON announce him a candidate to represent the Fourth Ward in the City Council of Atlanta.
123 july7—dtde

—The friends of R. H. KNAPP announce him as a candidate to represent the Second Ward in the City Council of Atlanta. july25—dtd

—Dr. A. J. PINSON is hereby announced a candidate for Councilman from the First Ward.
July 22, 1880—dtd MANY FRIENDS.

AMUSEMENTS.

MOONLIGHT AND MUSIC!

At DECATUR, Thursday Night, Aug. 26.

AN ENTERTAINMENT WILL BE GIVEN as above mentioned at the Court-House, under the auspices of the Decatur Baptist Church, for charitable purposes, and it is to be hoped that the attractive programme offered will be sufficient inducement to crowd the hall to overflowing. It is expected that an extra train will run to Decatur to accommodate visitors from Atlanta who may wish to return after the entertainment. Admission only 25 cents. Ice Cream served at the close of the entertainment.

PROGRAMME—PART I.

1. Overture—Violin—Prof. F. L. Freyer; Piano accompaniment.
2. Vocal trio, "Praise Ye."—Mrs. Wade, Mr. Fairbanks, Mr. Capwell.
3. Piano duett—Mrs. Hyde, Mr. Capwell.
4. Tenor solo, "The White Squall"—Mr. C. F. Fairbanks.
5. Vocal duett, "The Fisherman"—Mrs. Hyde, Mrs. Kerber.
6. Organ solo—Mr. C. A. Capwell.

PART II.

7. Vocal duett, "Jesus, Savior of My Soul"—Mrs Wade, Mr. Fairbanks.
8. Selections—Violin—Prof. F. L. Freyer; Piano accompaniment.
9. Soprano solo, "Waiting Heart"—violin obligato—Mrs. Ida F. Wade.
10. Piano duett—Mrs. Hyde, Mr. Capwell.
11. Vocal trio, "Oh, Happy the Maiden"—Mrs. Wade, Mrs. Hyde, Mrs. Kerber.

aug26 d1t

GRAND EXCURSION
—TO—
Lexington, Ky., Fair

EXCURSION TICKETS WILL BE SOLD BY the Western and Atlantic Railroad, August 30th and 31st—September 1st and 2d, good to return within ten days,

Atlanta to Lexington and Return at
$13.10 ROUND TRIP.

For further particulars and tickets apply to R. D. MANN, Ticket Agent, No. 4 Kimball House, or J. A. ADAIR, Union Depot, Atlanta.
B. W. WRENN,
495 aug25—d1w General Passenger Agent.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE.

A GOOD PLANTATION IN CALHOUN county, near the Randolph line, on the road from Dawson to Morgan, six and one-half miles from the county site. In ten miles of two railroads. I will sell six hundred and twenty-five acres, or seven hundred and fifty acres. Good productive lands, well adapted to raising cotton, corn, wheat, oats, peas, potatoes and sugar cane. Well watered. About three hundred acres cleared and in good state of cultivation; good fences; good dwelling house, with eight rooms, six fire-places, necessary out buildings; good orchard; excellent water, both springs and well, and as healthy as is in Southwest Georgia. Good society; two churches and a good school in one mile of the place. Lands level and not a rock on it. Will sell, if desired, mules, corn and fodder on the place.
Prices low. Terms easy. Titles perfect.
Address the undersigned at Morgan, Calhoun county, Ga., or M. H. Melton, (who is on the place) at Ward's Station, Southwestern Railroad.
J. W. PRUET, SR.
99 aug6—d2taw3m fri sun &w3m

Special School Train.

GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY,
GENERAL PASSENGER AGENT'S OFFICE,
AUGUSTA, GA., August 25, 1880.

COMMENCING WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 1st, 1880, a Special School Train will be run between Atlanta and Decatur for the accommodation of children attending the Atlanta Schools.

Leave Decatur........7:4 a. m
Arrive Atlanta........7:40 a. m
Leave Atlanta........3:00 p. m
Arrive Decatur........3:30 p. m
Stopping at intermediate stations.

Monhtly School Tickets, good for 46 continuous tiips during the month in which issued, and for the individual use of one person under eighteen years of age, who is a pupil in regular attendance at School, can be procured of the Ticket Agent at Union Depot at the following rates:

Edgewood and Atlanta........$1.85
Mayson's and Atlanta........$1.?5
Kirkwood and Atlanta........$2.00
Decatur and Atlanta........$2.35

E. R. DORSEY,
General Passenger Agent.
Others papers who have contracts with the Company please copy. 000 aug26—d1m

STATE OF GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY. Atlanta August 20th, 1880—Mrs. Emma T. Becker, wife of Victor Hugo Becker, has applied for exemption of personalty, and I will pass upon the same at 10 o'clock a. m., on the 4th day of September, 1880, at my office.
DANIEL PITTMAN,
000 aug26—d1aw2w thur Ordinary.

Southern Conservatory of Music
FORMERLY
ATLANTA MUSICAL INSTITUTE.

WILL OPEN ITS FALL TERM ON THE first Monday in September. All musical branches taught. There will be quite an addition in the way of first class instruments.

We have also secured the services of competent teachers, and are better prepared than ever to instruct in all branches in the well-known, successful way.

Our past success is a guarantee of our future prosperity.

For particulars, address
E. A. SCHULTZE,
Musical Director.
000 aug22—d1m sun wed sat

FOR SALE.
A New Law Book.

THE LAW OF EXECUTORS, ADMINISTRATORS AND GUARDIANS. With 160 forms for the discharge of the duties of these officers. Highly approved by eminent lawyers of the State. Price, post-paid, $4.00.
JAS. P. HARRISON & CO.,
Law Book Publishers and Printers, Atlanta, Ga.
August 24, 1880. 000 aug26—d3t

CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE.
F. C. POPE & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
60 LaSALLE, STREET, CHICAGO.

SOLICIT ORDERS TO BUY, SELL AND CARRY on margins all speculative grades of Grain, Pork, Lard and Meats. Daily reports sent on application and correspondence solicited. Refer to First National Bank, Chicago; Merchants National Bank, New York.
[illegible]

BUSINESS INDEX.
Leading Firms of Atlanta Classified

Architects.
FAY & JOHN MOSER, 19½ Broad.

Architect and Superintendent.
LEO, GUSTAVE E., corner Alabama and Pryor streets.

Awings, Mattresses and Bedding.
HINMAN, J. W., 16½ North Broad. Awnings Mattresses, Bedding. Fine Cabinet Work, Office Desks, etc. Special attention paid to Repairing, Reseating Chairs and Upholstering.

Awnings, Upholstery, Bedding.
ERGINZINGER, A., 13 East Hunter. Mosquito Nets, Bedding, Mattresses. Established 1860.

Atlanta Nurseries.
COLE, M., & CO., on McDonough road, connected with city by Telephone, Fruit Trees, Shrubbery, Roses.

Auctioneers.
OLCOTT, E. H., & CO., 38 Marietta street, Atlanta, Georgia. Day Sales Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays.

Boots and Shoes.
NOLAN & DOTY, 67 Whitehall. Wholesale and Retail. Also, Leather, Shoe Findings, Hats, Caps, etc. Sign—Black Bear.

Books and Stationery.
PHILLIPS & CREW, 8 and 10 Marietta street. Books.

Baths—Turkish.
MEDICAL, HYGIENIC AND TURKISH INSTITUTE, 14 Loyd, near Markham House. Cure of Chronic and Blood Diseases.

Broom Factory.
LENFESTEY, A. S., Atlanta Broom Works, No. 48 Decatur street.

Book-Binders and Blank Book Manf's.
DUNNE'S NEW BOOK BINDERY—HUGH DUNNE & CO., 19½ Broad.

Cotton Buyers.
ANGIER N. L. & C., 7 W. Alabama. Insurance. Also, Guano—Sterling and Lion brands.

Commission Merchan's.
CUMMINGS, J. F., & CO., 37 Broad. Will fill orders for Provisions and Grain. Agents for Peck & Bausher's Lard.
JOHNSON, ELAM, 66 Decatur, Family Groceries, Tennessee Produce, Fruits, Vegetables. Wholesale. Send for quotations.

Crockery, China and Queensware.
RIPLEY, T. R., 89 Whitehall and 96 Broad.

Central Nursery.
LAMBERT, A., Sole Proprietor. Florist and Landscape Gardener. Fruit Trees, Green House Plants, etc.

Coffees, Teas and Spices.
RAMSPECK, G. A., & CO., corner Peachtree and Line. Wholesale and Retail Teas, Coffees, Sugars, Spices. Iced Tea on draught.

Dyeing Establishment.
WATSON, J. S., & CHAS. HEINZ, 86 S. Pryor. All work done neatly and promptly.

Engines and Sawmills.
ANDERSON, J. H., 69 Broad. Separators and Cotton Gins.

5 and 10 Cents Emporium.
KERR & FISHER, 56 Whitehall. 5 and 10 Cent Counter Supplies.

Groceries, Provisions and Fruits.
FLOERSH, A., 80 Peachtree. Dealer in Groceries. Foreign Fruits, etc.
CARLTON, & BRO, 134 Marietta. Free storage. Consignments solicited.

Hotels.
WILSON HOUSE. J. L. Keith, Proprietor. Corner Alabama and Pryor. Porters at all trains

Hardware and Wagon Material.
McNAUGHT & SCRUTCHIN, 86 & 88 Whitehall.

Jewelers—Man'g and Engraving.
NORTHEN, W. P., 47½ Whitehall—Badge Work and Monograms a speciality.

Liquors—Wholesale.
MAHER, M. E., 11 Mitchell.

Optician and Jeweler.
LAWSHE, ER, 47 Whitehall.

Physicians.
PARK, Dr. W. T., Eclectic Physician and Surgeon. Office, Whitehall, junction Cooper and Fair, Atlanta, Georgia.

Pianos and Organs.
BRAUMULLER, O. L. & CO., 70 Whitehall. Branch of Ludden & Bates. Chickering Pianos and Mason & Hamlin Organs.
ESTEY ORGAN CO., corner of Broad and Alabama—CHAS. A. CAPWELL, Manager.
FREYER, Prof. F. L., 28 Whitehall. Kranich & Bach Pianos and Wilcox & White Organs. General Manager for the South.
PHILLIPS & CREW. 8 and 10 Marietta. Wm. Knabe & Co.'s Celebrated Pianos and Clough & Warren Organs.

Planing Mills.
HART, F. W., & SON, Fuller street, adjoining W. & A. R. R.

Printer and Stereotyper.
REYNOLDS, T. S., 18½ Whitehall.

Real Estate and Renting Agents.
FRIERSON & LEAK, Real Estate and Renting Agents, 33 Marietta street, Atlanta, Georgia. Buy, Sell and Exchange City Property, Farms, Mills, Mill Sites, Water Powers, Mines, Mineral and Wild Lands. Refer to Bankers and Merchants of our city.

Restaurant and Dining Rooms.
PEEL, D. G., 10 S. Broad. Meals at all hours. Fine Tobacco and Cigars.

Rock and Brick Contractor.
McAFEE, W. W., 27½ Whitehall, Rock, Brick and Artificial Stone-work done to order.

Sewing Machines.
WILSON, W. T., 96 Broad St. Dealer in the New Davis.
THE STEWART! Outrivals the Old Singer. Sold at wholesale only by Fred. Bell & Co., Atlanta, Georgia, and at retail by Merchants and Agents in every town in the South

Sash, Doors and Blinds.
HART, F. W., 30 S. Broad. Also, best brands Mixed Paint and Builders' Hardware.

Stocks and Bonds.
CUMMINGS, J. F., & CO., 37 Broad. We buy and sell Stocks, Bonds, and other Securities.

Stencils, Seals and Stamps.
FAIRBANKS, C. F. & CO., 7½ Whitehall—Wood Engraving.

Sun-Bonnet Manufacturer.
WISEBERG, M., the original Sun-Bonnet Inventor, 31 and 33 Peachtree. Second floor. Entrance through No. 31.

Stoves and Tinware.
STEWART & FAIN, 69 Whitehall. Manufacturers of Baby Carriages.

Slate Manufacturers.
ELLIS DAVIS & CO. Atlanta, Box 367, or Rockmart. Stock complete. Orders promptly filled. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Trunk Manufacturer.
HUZZA & CO., 37 S. Pryor. Sample Trunks and Valises a Specialty. Headquarters for Trunks and Valises. Repairing done.

Tobacco and Cigars—Wholesale.
BEERMANN & KUHRT, 3 Whitehall.

Printers and Publishers.
BERGSTROM, A. M., Corner Pryor and Hunter. Book and Job Printer. Charges moderate.
DODSON & SCOTT, 24 S. Broad. Mercantile, Book and Job Printing neatly executed.
BENNETT, B. F., 24 Broad. Materials new, Facilities first-class. Work unsurpassed.
HARRISON, JAS. P., & CO., 27 and 29 S. Broad. Premium Printers and Publishers' Estimates furnished.
WINHAM, E. L., 10 Marietta. Job Printer.
DICKSON, H. H., 32 Broad. Publisher and General Job Printer. Write for estimates.
THE CONSTITUTION JOB OFFICE. All kinds of Book and Job Work neatly executed.

Publishers and Subscription Books.
CHAMBERS, J. H., & CO., 3½ Whitehall. J. G. Grant, Manager. Agents Wanted.

Produce and Cotton Exchange.
CUMMINGS, J. F., & CO., Managers, 37 Broad. Orders for Futures in Cotton, Grain and Provisions executed promptly. Write for information.

Plumbers, Steam and Gas Fitters.
BELLINGRATH, L., & SON, 7 Alabama. Tin Work, Bath Tubs, Water Closets, etc.

Paper, Rag and Hide Warehouses.
ADLER, MOSES, 14 W. Mitchell. Highest price paid for goods in my line.
LINCH, H., 128 and 130 Marietta. I pay cash. No barter. Also Furs and Dried Fruit.

Undertaker, Contractor and Builder.
HARRISON, COLES, 173 and 175 Marietta.

Watches, Clocks and Dollar Store.
HARPER, T. J., 7 Peachtree street.

GEORGIA, MILTON COUNTY.—ORDINARY's Office, August 24th, 1880.—Charles W. Walker has applied for exemption of personalty, and I will pass upon the same at 11 o'clock a. m., on the 15th day of September, 1880, at my office.
W. H. NESBIT,

EDUCATIONAL.

Means's High School,
76 North Forsyth Street,
Atlanta, Georgia,

WILL BEGIN ITS THIRD ANNUAL SESSION on September 1st, 1880. Parties having sons to educate will do well to enquire into the merits of this school before sending elsewhere. For Circulars address T. Æ. MEANS,
496 aug25—d2w Principal.

WESLEYAN FEMALE COLLEGE
Macon, Georgia,

WILL BEGIN ITS FORTY-THIRD ANNUAL SESSION ON

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 15th, 1880.

HEALTH, ECONOMY, THOROUGH TEACHing and the best advantages in Literature, Science, Art and Music, at moderate rates, commend it to the public.
Apply for Catalogue to
W. C. BASS, President, or
C. W. SMITH, Secretary.
267 july16—d2mo

The Southern Female College,
LaGRANGE, GEORGIA.

WITH A FACULTY OF TWELVE THOROugh teachers, fine buildings and a complete outfit for all departments, Literary, Music and Art, offers the highest advantages for the smallest charges. Nearly double the usual time devoted to Music and Art. Last catalogue numbers 149 pupils—107 in music. Board, Literary Tuition and drawing per annum, $207: with music and use piano, $267.
Correspondence invited. Write for catalogue for full particulars.
I. F. COX, President.
89 july6—d2m tues thur sat &w2m

SELECT SCHOOL,
No. 241 Ivy Street, Atlanta, Ga.

MISS JUNIA McKINLEY, PRINCIPAL. Fall term begins Monday, August 30th. Superior advantages, and moderate rates.
383 july22 d&wtillsep—thur sun

MRS. SYLVANUS REED'S
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, Nos. 6 and 8 East 53d St., New York, reopens Sept. 29. The course of study in the Collegiate Department meets all demands for the higher education of Women.
250 july15—d2taw8m thur sun

VIRGINIA FEMALE INSTITUTE
Staunton, Va.

MRS. GEN'L J. E. B STUART, Principal. Full corps of efficient Teachers. The session begins Sept. 16 and continues nine months. The expense of Board, &c., including the Academic Course, $250; the same with Music, Languages and Elocution, $390. Location, in the healthful Valley of Va. For particulars apply to the Principal. [july16 d52

Brooke Hall Female Seminary,
MEDIA, DEL. CO., PA.

SITUATED NEAR PHILADELPHIA, OFFERS TO YOUNG LADIES THE ADvantages of a comprehensive classical, literary scientific course of study, as well as instruction in Music, Painting and Drawing under teachers and professors of distinguished qualifications.
The Piano, Organ, Guitar and Singing are taught by masters in these arts. Native French and German Teachers have the charge in those languages which pupils are taught to read and to speak with fluency. The successful operation of this School for twenty-five years has given to it that enviable reputation to which its faithful labors entitle it. M. L. EASTMAN,
Principal.
Miss Eastman refers to Richard Peters, Esq., Atlanta; Dr. N. L. Angier, Atlanta; Geo. R. Black, Esq., Sylvania, Ga. aug3—d1m

The Misses Washington School

THE FALL SESSION OF THIS SCHOOL will commence on the first Monday in September, at No. 135 Ivy street, Atlanta. Circulars will be supplied to parties desiring them. References—W. Rhode Hill, Esq., Rev. R. C. Foute, Dr. H. S. Wilson, Messrs. Gramling & Spalding, and Gen. W. S. Walker.
july17 dauntill aug15—thend1m

Southern Masonic Female College,
COVINGTON, GEORGIA.

THE FALL TERM OF THIS INSTITUTION opens September 6th. We yield to none in instruction, discipline and culture. Terms moderate. The location pleasant and healthful. We invite inquiry and will send Catalogues to any one requesting it. J. N. BRADSHAW,
August 12, 1880. President.
274 aug14—d2w &wky2t

SHORTER COLLEGE,
ROME, GEORGIA.

FALL TERM BEGINS SEPTEMBER 7th, 1880. BOARD AND TUITION, 10 scholastic months, $215.00. Payments one-half in September and one half in February.
For Catalogue containing full information, apply to R. D. MALLARY,
341 aug17—d2w &wky2w President.

GEORGIA FEMALE COLLEGE,
MADISON, GEORGIA.

THIS INSTITUTION, RE-ORGANIZED, RENEWS the tender of its services to the public. The social and moral surroundings, the literary advantages, facilities for attainment of the fine arts, all commend it to favorable consideration. The session will open September 6th, 1880. For circular containing further information apply to R. T. ASBURY,
381 aug19—d2w &wky2t President.

THE ARCHER INSTITUTE,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

FOR CIRCULARS ADDRESS MRS. M. R ARCHER, 1401 Massachusetts avenue, Washington, D. C. 000 july28—d2m

NEW WINDSOR COLLEGE AND SEMINARY. Open Sept. 8. Climate unsurpassed. Extensive buildings. Experienced instructors. Both sexes admitted and graduated. For Catalogues, address, Rev. A. M. JELLY, D.D., President, New Windsor, Maryland.
93 aug5—d2m

LAW SCHOOL of Cumberland University LEBANON, TENN.

NEXT TERM BEGINS SEPT. 6, 1880. DIPLOMA and License to Practice may be obtained in 10 months. Boarding $3 to $3.50 in good families. Tuition $50 per term of 5 months. 1 july2 d2m

EDGEWORTH SCHOOL,
No. 59 FRANKLIN STREET, BALTIMORE, MD.
MRS. H. P. LEFEBVRE, Principal.

This Barding and Day school for Young Ladies will reopen Thursday, September 16th.
245july14—d10w

The LaGrange Female College,
LaGRANGE, GEORGIA,
WILL OPEN
Aug. 18th, Wednesday,

WITH A FULL BOARD OF TEACHERS. College Buildings, Boarding-House, etc., all complete and in perfect order.
Board, Washing, Lights, Fuel, Literary Tuition and Incidentals, for ten months, $194 00: Music and use of Piano included, $254.00; Colloquial, German and French. Calisthenics and Vocal Music free of charge
This School is strictly first-class in all its appointments, and CHEAPEST OF ITS GRADE IN THE SOUTHERN STATES.
For full particulars apply for Catalogue to
REV. J. R. MAYSON,
aug12—d1m aug18—w1m President.

VANDERBILT UNIVERSITY,
NASHVILLE, TENN.—1880-81.

Cost of Grounds, Buildings, and Apparatus, $500,000---Endowment, at 7 per cent., $600,000---Number of Students last year, 485, from 15 States.

THE ACADEMIC, BIBLICAL, AND LAW Departments open SEPTEMBER 1; the Pharmaceutical, Medical, and Dental Departments open OCTOBER 1.
FEES, payable in advance—In the Academic Department, $65; Biblical, $15; Law, $100; Medical, $6?; Pharmaceutical, $65; Dental, $90. BOARD, with furnished lodgings, from $14 to $20 a month. Six Scholarships, each $100, are annually awarded to successful undergraduates. Three Graduate Fellowships, at $300 each, and one Post Graduate Fellowship, at $500, annually awarded. For Catalogue, address
L. C. GARLAND, Chancellor.
530 june27—w2m july18—d1m sun thur

University of Georgia
P. H. MELL, D.D., L.L.D., Chancellor,
ATHENS, GA.

THE 80th SESSION OF THE DEPARTMENT at Athens, viz: Franklin College; State College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts; Law School, will open WEDNESDAY, 6th OCTOBER next. Full Courses of Instruction in Literature, Science, Agriculture, Engineering and Law. For Catalogues and information apply to the Chancellor, or to
L. H. CHARBONNIER,
Secretary Faculty,
Athens, Ga.
25 aug3—d6w tues thur sat &wky6w

Mercer University,
MACON, GA.

THE FALL TERM WILL OPEN ON THE Fourth Wednesday in September next.
Low rates of Tuition and Board, a central and healthy location, and thorough instruction by an experienced and well known Faculty.
The LAW SCHOOL has three able Professors. Graduates are authorized to practice in the Courts of the State without further examination.
For Catalogue and other information apply to
JNO. J. BRANTLY,
900 july29—d1aw2w thur Sec. Faculty.

SEND FOR PRICES OF
Chattanooga Chilled Plows,
CANE MILLS AND EVAPORATORS.
NEWELL SANDERS & CO.,
17 aug7—d&w1m Chattanooga, Tenn.

DRUGS, MEDICINES, OILS, ETC.

Over Two Hundred Thousand Dollars
—IN THE—
DRUG BUSINESS.

Lamar, Rankin & Lamar

To the Trade and Wholesale Buyers generally

For the Fall Trade

We are now receiving the largest stock that has ever been in Georgia, of reliable goods in our line of business, and invite the attention of all wholesale buyers.

BLUESTONE! BLUESTONE!

One car-load now arriving. This article will no doubt be higher.

COPPERAS, SULPHUR,
Brimstone, Alum, Epsom Salts,

and other heavy goods we buy in car load lots and can sell cheaper than anybody.

PAINT! PAINT!

We carry the largest stock of Reliable Paints in the State, and can afford to sell it cheaper than any house.

OILS! OILS!

Lard Oil, Linseed Oil, Castor Oil, Sweet Oil, Machine Oil, Engine Oil, Sperm Oil, Train Oil, Neatsfoot Oil, Headlight Oil, Wool Oil.
Our stock is large and of the best quality. Do not buy until you get our quotations.

DRUGS,
MEDICINES AND CHEMICALS.

500 ozs. Quinine,
1,000 ozs. Morphine,
300 lbs. Calomel,
300 lbs. Blue Mass,
300 lbs. Chloroform,
500 lbs. Iodide Potasium,
500 lbs. Bromide "
500 ozs. Cinchonidia,
1,000 lbs. Tartaric Acid,
100 lbs. Chloral Hydrate,
300 ozs. Lactopeptine,

and a large stock of all Drugs and Chemicals of the best quality, as cheap as any market in the country.

PATENT MEDICINES.

50 gross Tutt's Pills,
20 gross Strong's Pills,
25 gross Radway's Pills,
20 gross Radway's Relief,
30 gross Simmons' Regulator,
5 gross Simmons' Hepatic Compound,
20 gross Davis' Pain Killer,
10 gross August Flower and German Syrup,
10 gross Bull's Cough Syrup,
50 gross Shoenfeld's Stock Feed,
20 gross Foutz's Powders.

WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT

For Ayer's Medicines,
Jayne's Medicines,
Harter's Medicines,

and all the well-known proprietary articles.

These articles can be bought of us cheaper than of the manufacturers, considering freights.

GROCERS' DRUGS.

500 cases Ball Potash,
300 gross Matches,
500 boxes Laundry Soap,
50 cases Lorillard' Snuff,
50 Jars " "
1,000 lbs. Railroad Snuff in jars and packages,
20 gross Garrett's Scotch Snuff in tins and packages,
500 Kegs Churches & Dwight's Soda,
10 gross Mason's Blacking,
20 gross French Blacking,
50 bags Black Pepper,
20 bags Al spice,
20 bags Race Ginger.

All of the best quality and at bottom prices.

GRIER'S
Georgia Almanac
FOR 1881.

The edition of the above Almanac will be ready for distribution during October, November and December next. You doubtless know that we control the publication of this Calendar, and issue it to our regular customers for free circulation among their trade. The Almanac will be gotten up in good style, and is an absolute necessity to all business and professional men, as well as farmers and mechanics; in fact, all classes of people.

With your next order for goods, please let us know if you anticipate any change in your firm, and how many Almanacs, with your card, you can distribute to advantage. They will then be sent you as soon as they come from the press.

We take this opportunity to say to our friends and customers, and the general public, that we have reorganized our Traveling Agents, and in future the following gentlemen will represent us: Dr. Josiah Bradfield, Mr F. O. Mays, Dr. Charles J. Moffett, and Mr. W. F. Baker, one of whom will call on you every thirty or forty days, and offer you the best inducements to give us all your trade in our line. We have the largest stock and do the largest business of the kind in the South, and will sell you everything in our department of trade cheaper than you can buy the same quality of small dealers, and will do all in our power to make our transactions pleasant and profitable to you.

Mr. W. A. Loyless, who has been with us for six years, will be in immediate charge of the inside store, and will give his personal supervision to filling orders and the correspondence. Yours truly,

Lamar, Rankin & Lamar
WHOLESALE
DRUGGISTS,
Atlanta, Ga.



Just Received

FINE FRESH OLIVE OIL
FOR TABLE USE.
Another lot of those fine Quaker Tooth Brushes
Choice Handkerchief Extracts in bulk.
Low's Original Blue pot Pommade.

FINE CIGARS,

Elegant Shoulder Braces, etc.,
Just received by
D. B. PLUMB & CO.,
26 Whitehall Street.

PLUMB'S
EMPIRE STATE COLOGNE,
at wholesale and retail,
At the Manufactory, 26 Whitehall street.
D. B. PLUMB & CO.

WANTED.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK. APPLY AT No. 250 Rawson street. 000 aug24 d1w

WANTED—A GOOD RELIABLE TEA Salesman, who has an established trade and good recommendations, to sell goods either on a commission on amount of sales or a division of profits. Teas, 102 Water street, New York City. aug26—d3t

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE WHITE WOman as night nurse for a sick lady. Apply at once, with reference, to Frank A. Arnold, 48 East Fair street. 500 aug26—d2t

WANTED—A WET NURSE FOR A CHILD in the city. Apply to Dr. J. R. Todd, at his office, over Wilson's Drug Store, corner of Broad and Marietta streets, from 11 a. m. to 1 p. m. and from 4 to 6 p. m. 197 aug25—d1w

WANTED—A NICELY FURNISHED ROOM by a single gentleman in business portion of city. Address L. M. N., care of Constitution. aug26—d1t

WANTED—BOOK-KEEPER—SOUTHERN man preferred. Address Mettenheimer & Co., 32 East 2d street, Cincinnati, Ohio. 199 aug25—d2t &wky1t

WANTED—TRAVELLING SALESMAN—Must be able to influence southern trade. Address Mettenheimer & Co., 32 East 2d street, Cincinnati, Ohio. 499 aug25—d2t &wky1t

WANTED—BY THE 1st OF OCTOBER NEXT, a first-class, experienced traveling salesman, to travel the Southern and Middle States for a large fertilizer manufacturing house; one formerly in the fertilizer trade preferred: best of reference required. Address Fertilizer, district 24, Baltimore Post-office, Md. 480 aug24—d3t

$5,000 WANTED—TO BE USED IN a well established business of first class order; 50 per cent annual profits guaranteed. Address P. O. Box 260, Atlanta, Ga. 488 aug24—d5t

WANTED—IF YOU WANT THE BEST Truss ever Worn, for the least money, go to Dr. Gurley, 67 Whitehall street.
57 aug1—dtf

IF YOU WANT A TRUSS THAT WILL RETain the Hernia comfortably, go to Dr. Gurley, 67 Whitehall street. 57 aug1—dtf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—MY FARM OF ONE HUNDRED acres, near Decatur, only eight miles from Atlanta; has thirty acres of original forest; a beautiful grove of ten acres fronting the Georgia Railroad; six acres in orchard—peaches, p[illegible] and cherries. The place is under thorough cultivation. Terms easy. W. M. Denham, [illegible], Georgia. 000 aug26—d t thur sat sun

FOR SALE—WILL SELL CHEAP A PURE bred Jersey Bull, about three years old. Apply at Jones's Livery Stable, Loyd street.
aug26—d t

I WILL SELL CHEAP, LAW LIBRARY OF all legal subjects exhausted by eminent American and English authors, and a few Standard Literary works. Also, a handsome bed-room set of Furniture, Engravings, Pictures, Office Fixtures, Carpets, etc. Andrew Bates, 40 Marietta street. aug25—d2t

FOR SALE—THAT VALUABLE PROPERTY known as the "Clarke University," corner Whitehall and McDaniel streets—300 feet front and improvements. Examine at once. N. R. Fowler. 501 aug26—d1t

FOR SALE.—UNIMPROVED CORNER LOT for sale. Lot 50x2?9 feet, corner Pryor and Jones streets. Good neighborhood. Apply corner Hunter and Washington streets. J. J. Tolbert.
000 aug25—d3t wed fri sun

FOR SALE—FAIRBANKS' SCALES, WEIGHT 2,500 lbs. Cheap for cash. S. H. Venable.
441 aug22—1w

CRUTCHES! CRUTCHES! AT DR. GURley's, 67 Whitehall street. 264 aug13 dtf

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A NEAT FOUR ROOM COTtage at West End, immediately on street car line. Apply No. 38 Marietta street. aug26 d2t

TO RENT—STORE ON CORNER OF PRYOR and Alabama streets, with railroad facilities. Most prominent location in city. Henry Jackson.
64 aug4—dtf

MISCELLANEOUS.

SPINAL BRACES—THE MOST ELEGANT Spinal Braces for Ladies and Misses, at Dr Gurley's, 67 Whitehall street. 000 aug4—dtf

EDUCATIONAL.

ON MONDAY, AUGUST 30th, AT HER RESIdence, No. 18 Wheat street, Miss Elise Beattie will re-open her School, taught upon the Kindergarten system. References—Mr. A. J. Orme, Mr. H. C. Leonard, Mr. J. C. Evins, Mr. I. Y. Sage, Mr. B. B. Crew and T. L. Langston. Atlanta, Ga., August 16th, 1880.
374 aug19—d2taw til aug31 thur sun

LOST.

LOST—PART OF WATCH CHAIN WITH Topaz Ring, Locket and Badge, with name of owner on it. The finder will be liberally rewarded by returning same to this office.
aug26—d2t

AUCTION SALES.

AT AUCTION—No. 145 DECATUR STREET, September 7th, 4 o'clock p. m., 2-story 8-room Brick House. Examine it. N. R. Fowler.
501 aug26—d1t

LOTTERIES.

L.S.L.

Take Notice.

This is the only Lottery ever voted on by the people of a State, and under a late decision of the U. S. Supreme Court at Washington, is the only Legal Lottery now in the United States, all other charters having been repealed or having no existence.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO WIN A FORTUNE. NINTH GRAND DISTRIBUTION, CLASS I, AT NEW ORLEANS, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 14th, 1880—124th Monthly Drawing

Louisiana State Lottery Company.

This institution was regularly incorporated by the Legislature of the State for Educational and Charitable purposes in 1868, for the term of Twenty-five Years, to which contract the inviolable faith of the State is pledged, which pledge has been renewed by an overwhelming popular vote, securing its franchise in the new constitution, adopted December 2d, A. D., 1879, with a capital of $1,000,000, to which it has since added a reserve fund of over $350,000. ITS GRAND SINGLE NUMBER DISTRIBUTION will take place monthly on the second Tuesday. It never scales or postpones. Look at the following Distribution:

CAPITAL PRIZE $30,000.
100,000 TICKETS AT TWO DOLLARS EACH.
HALF TICKETS, ONE DOLLAR.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 Capital Prize		$30,000
1 Capital Prize		10,000
1 Capital Prize		5,000
2 Prizes of	$2,500	5,000
5 Prizes of	1,000	5,000
20 Prizes of	500	10,000
100 Prizes of	100	10,000
200 Prizes of	50	10,000
500 Prizes of	20	10,000
1,000 Prizes of	10	10,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

9 Approximation Prizes of	$300	2,700
9 Approximation Prizes of	200	1,800
9 Approximation Prizes of	100	900
1857 Prizes, amounting to		$110,400

Responsible corresponding agents wanted at all points, to whom liberal compensation will be paid.

Write, clearly stating full address, for further information, or send orders by express or in a Registered Letter or Money Order by mail, addressed only to **M. A. DAUPHIN,** New Orleans, La., or Same Person at No. 319 Broadway, New York, Or P. O. Box 184, Atlanta, Georgia.

All our Grand Extraordinary Drawings are under the supervision and management of GENERALS G. T. BEAUREGARD and JUBAL A. EARLY.
209 aug10—d&wk til sep14

23rd
Popular Monthly Drawing of the
Commonwealth Distribution Co.
AT MACAULEY'S THEATRE,
In the city of Louisville, on
TUESDAY, AUGUST 31st, 1880.

THESE DRAWINGS, AUTHORIZED BY THE LEGISLATURE AND SUSTAINED BY ALL THE COURTS OF KENTUCKY, according to the contract made with the owners of the Frankfort grant, will occur regularly on the LAST DAY OF EVERY MONTH Sundays and Fridays excepted, for the period of FIVE YEARS, terminating on JUNE 30, 1885.

The United States Circuit Court on March 31, rendered the following decisions:
1st—That the Commonwealth Distribution Company is legal.
2d—Its drawings are fair.

The management call attention to the liberal scheme which has met with such popular favor thretofore, and which will again be presented for the

AUGUST DRAWING.

1 Prize		$30,000
1 Prize		10,000
1 Prize		5,000
10 Prizes,	$1,000 each	10,000
20 Prizes	500 each	10,000
100 Prizes	100 each	10,000
200 Prizes	50 each	10,000
600 Prizes	20 each	12,000
1000 Prizes	10 each	10,000
9 Prizes $300 each, Approximation Prizes		2,700
9 Prizes 200 each, " "		1,800
9 Prizes 100 each, " "		900
1,960 Prizes.		$112,400

Whole Tickets, $2. Half Tickets, $1. 27 Tickets, $50. 55 Tickets, $100.

Remit by Post-Office Money Order, Registered Letter, Bank Draft or Express.

To insure against mistakes and delays, correspondents will please write their names and places of residence plainly, giving number of Post Office box or Street, and Town, County and State.

All communications connected with the Distribution and Orders for Tickets should be addressed to R. M. BOARDMAN, Courier-Journal Building, Louisville, Ky., or at Nos. 307 and 90 Broadway, New York.
600 aug1—d&w tues thur sat &wk3w

To Railroad Contractors

GAINESVILLE, JEFFERSON & SOUTHERN R. R. Co.
President's Office,
GAINESVILLE, GA., August 18th, 1880.

PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT THIS office until 12 o'clock m., on Saturday, the 18th day of September, 1880, for the work of Cleaning, Grading, Masonry and Trestling on the entire line of the Gainesville, Jefferson and Southern Railroad, from Gainesville to Jefferson, a distance of about twenty two miles. Proposals may be made for the entire work or any part thereof. Maps and Profile of the line may be seen at the office of Colonel L. Y. Sage, Chief Engineer A. and C. A. L. Railway Co., Atlanta.

Payment will be made monthly in cash as the work progresses, on certificate of Engineer. 20 per cent will be retained till the completion.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.
A. D. CANDLER,
223 aug19—d30d President.

PATENT MEDICINES.

TUTT'S PILLS!

SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER.

Loss of Appetite, Nausea, bowels costive, Pain in the Head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulder-blade, fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, Loss of memory, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Yellow Skin, Headache, Restlessness at night, highly colored Urine.

IF THESE WARNINGS ARE UNHEEDED, SERIOUS DISEASES WILL SOON BE DEVELOPED.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer.

A Noted Divine says:

Dr. TUTT:—Dear Sir: For ten years I have been a martyr to Dyspepsia, Constipation and Piles. Last Spring your Pills were recommended; I used them. I am now a well man, have good appetite, digestion perfect, regular stools, piles gone, and have gained forty pounds flesh. They are worth their weight in gold.

REV. R. L. SIMPSON, Louisville, Ky.

They Increase the Appetite, and cause the body to Take on Flesh, thus the system is nourished, and by their Tonic Action on the Digestive Organs, Regular Stools are produced. Price 25 cents. 35 Murray St., N. Y.

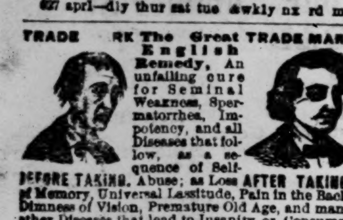
TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. It imparts a Natural Color, acts Instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1.

Office, 35 Murray St., New York.

627 apr1—dly thur sat tue &wkly nx rd mat

TRADE MARK The Great TRADE MARK English Remedy,



An unfailing cure for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhea, Impotency, and all Diseases that follow, as a sequence of Self-Abuse; as Loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other Diseases that lead to Insanity or Consumption and a Premature Grave.

BEFORE TAKING. AFTER TAKING.

Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at $1 per package, or six packages for $5, or will be sent free by mail on receipt of the money by addressing THE GRAY MEDICINE CO., No. 10 Mechanics' block, DETROIT, MICH. Sold in Atlanta and everywhere by all druggists. Sold in Atlanta Wholesale and Retail by LAMAR, RANKIN & LAMAR. 284 oct11—d&w

HHP
HILL'S
HHP
HEPATIC
HHP
PANACEA.

109 aug6—d6m

DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR

Only Vegetable Compound that acts directly upon the Liver, and cures Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Biliousness, Malaria, Costiveness, Headache. It assists digestion, strengthens the system, regulates the bowels, purifies the blood. A Book sent free. Dr. SANFORD, 162 Broadway, N. Y.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

134 june15—d6m tues thur sat

"A MEDICINE WITHOUT A RIVAL."

KIDNEY HUNT'S REMEDY KIDNEY

Bladder, Liver and Urinary Diseases, Dropsy, Gravel and Diabetes are effectually cured by

HUNT'S REMEDY, the Great Kidney and Liver Medicine.

HUNT'S REMEDY cures Bright's Disease, Pains in the Back, Loins, or Side, General Debility, Female Weakness and Excesses.

HUNT'S REMEDY cures Biliousness, Headache, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, and Piles.

HUNT'S REMEDY ACTS DIRECTLY AND AT ONCE on the Kidneys, Liver, and Urinary Organs, restoring them speedily to a healthy action, and CURES when all other medicines fail. Hundreds have testified that they have been saved after given up to die by friends and physicians.

Send for pamphlet to WM. E. CLARKE, Providence, R. I. Price, 75 cents and $1.25. Large size cheapest. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

july12—d&wkyly fol next read mat C

DRUGS, PAINTS, AND OILS.



SCHUMANN'S PHARMACY,

PHOTOGRAPHIC Stock Depot —AND— CHEMICAL LABORATORY.

SIGN OF THE GOLDEN BEAR.

63 Whitehall St., cor. Hunter, ATLANTA, GA

Physicians Prescriptions Carefully put up at all hours.

A fresh supply of English Tooth Brushes, Nail Brushes and Hair Brushes.

Coatts & Sons Guaranteed Acetic Acid.

Augsberger Liver Medicine.

Cholera Drops

Extract Jamaica Ginger, and a full supply of elegant Pharmaceutic Preparations.

726 jan1—d

KENNY,
No. 7
Alabama Street.

WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, Imported and Domestic, ALE, PORTER, BEER, ON DRAUGHT AND IN BOTTLES.

ALSO, PROPRIETOR OF Kimball House Bar & Billiard Room

552 aug1—d3m

POLITICAL NOTICES.

Political Banners, Flags and Portraits At HOJER & GRAHAM'S, 97 Duane Street, New York.

299 june16—d3m sat tues thur &wky3m

GEORGIA DOINGS.

PICKED UP IN THE STATE PAPERS.

Facts Concerning the Good, the Beautiful and the True—And Likewise the Curious—Furnished by Georgia Editors.

HORRIBLE DEATH OF A YOUNG MAN.

Wadley Special to Evening News.

Mr. Ben Stevens, a highly respected young man was killed at Turner's saw mill, near No. 9½, on Saturday. His head was caught in the saws, and it was cut completely open. He lived several hours after the horrible accident.

A WOLF.

Berrien County News.

We learn that a wolf has been destroying sheep at a fearful rate in Irwin county recently. It is said that over one hundred sheep have already been killed by the wolf, and a reward of twenty-five dollars has been offered for him, "dead or alive." Several parties have undertaken to hunt him down, but so far he has succeeded in eluding them.

A FREAK OF NATURE.

Columbus Enquirer.

Mr. Fred Wilhelm, on opening a twenty-three pound watermelon on Sunday last, discovered within it another melon weighing, by actual weight, 7¾ pounds. The rind of the interior melon was of an orange color, and the flesh was of a brighter red than that of the enclosing one. Any of his friends anxious to see this freak of nature can do so by calling at his room, where it will be on exhibition for a few days.

A VILLAIN ESCAPES.

Albany Advertiser.

This morning, just as the Gulf train moved into the depot an officer from Arlington walked up to a negro man standing on the depot platform, caught hold of him and told the negro to consider himself under arrest. A short scuffle ensued. The negro wrenched loose from the officer and fled toward the river. The officer gave chase, firing five shots at the negro as he ran, but to no effect. The negro swam the river and made good his escape. All that we have been able to learn is that the negro is charged with having outraged the person of a little white girl in Alabama. We hope the scoundrel will be caught.

DWELLING BURNED.

Newnan Herald.

On Thursday night last about 10 o'clock the residence of Mr. Thos. Parks, a few miles from this city, was discovered to be on fire in the cook room adjoining the dwelling. It had got such headway that the building, household furniture and almost everything it contained were soon consumed by the flames, and reduced to ashes. The house was a new two-story frame building, recently built and furnished, and had been occupied by the family but a few weeks. The family had retired early and were all asleep, unconscious of danger, when they were aroused with some difficulty by a negro on the premises, and Mr. Parks, his wife and two children just had time to escape from the burning building with their lives. We understand that Mr. Parks's loss by the fire amounts to between three and four thousand dollars. No insurance.

MR. STEPHENS AND MISS GAMAGE.

Sunny South.

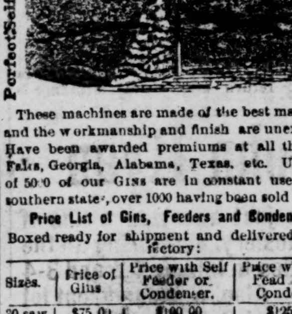
In full view of Liberty Hall lives an old lady who, on many accounts, is worthy of notice. In the first place, she is remarkable for her great age, being now, perhaps, a decade the oldest inhabitant of the village. Notwithstanding her extreme age and its accompanying bodily decrepitude, she retains the powers of an original vigorous mind in a strength very little if at all impaired. Her memory brings up vividly at her will the varied events of her long life, while it does not allow to let slip the recollection of passing events, in which she takes a lively interest. But the most remarkable part of her history is the fact that, though unfavored by the advantages of education and never blessed with wealth, her practical good sense and spotless purity of character have won her the respect and esteem of the very best people. Many years ago, when Mr. Stephens was comparatively a young man, we observed that her humble home was one of the first at which he called on his return from Washington; and now, when his own bodily infirmities force him to require that his friends shall visit him, he will sacrifice convenience and ease to visit Miss Nancy Gamage. From this announcement of her address it will be perceived that she belongs to that class of ladies who deserve so much praise and receive so much obloquy. Having from a sense of duty foregone the pleasures of a family of her own, she became the parent of three successive generations of foster children. Her self sacrifice has had its reward. The daughters of her adoption grew up to be true and noble women, who, in their admirable traits of character reflect great credit upon the training of this rather sternly moral old relative. Her latest protege, upon whom she bestows all the doting fondness of old age, has recently graduated at West Point, and enters the United States army as second lieutenant of cavalry. He has never yet forgotten, and we trust never will forget, his debt of gratitude to this fond old aunt.

Proudly independent in thought and action, keen of speech, unflinchingly rigid in her opinion of honesty and right, this good old lady has for half a century been a decided feature in the society of her village. No visitor can be said to have at all "done" the place until he has visited her. Yet has this attention nothing in it of patronage. One would, in fact, as soon think of patronizing Miss Betsey Trotwood. It is really a tribute to modest, unobtrusive worth. It is refreshing in this age, where money is considered all-powerful, either to purchase flattery or buy off censure, to find one without any of the advantages of wealth has been esteemed and honored simply for merit. One of the most beautiful traits in the character of this venerable old lady is the childlike gratitude that she cherishes for those who have shown her kindness. She never tires of talking of those who in her earlier years approved themselves her friends. Mr. Stephens has, perhaps, no such friend in the world. She is proud of his greatness, very proud, but to her the great statesman, the brilliant orator, the classical author is as nothing compared to the warm-hearted and generous benefactor, whose ear is open to her most trifling complaint, and whose hand is ever ready to assist.

THE BROWN COTTON GIN

Cleans the Seed better, Runs Lighter, Gins Faster and Costs Less Money than any other Gin in the Market. Every machine fully and legally guaranteed.

Perfect Self-Feeder and Condenser.



Possessing all Latest Improvements

These machines are made of the best materials, and the workmanship and finish are unexcelled. Have been awarded premiums at all the State Fairs, Georgia, Alabama, Texas, etc. Upwards of 5000 of our GINS are in constant use in the southern states, over 1000 having been sold in 1879.

Price List of Gins, Feeders and Condensers,

Boxed ready for shipment and delivered at our factory:

Sizes.	Price of Gins	Price with Self Feeder or Condenser.	Price with Self Feeder and Condenser.
30 saw	$75 00	$100 00	$125 00
35 "	87 50	116 00	144 50
40 "	100 00	132 50	165 00
45 "	112 50	146 00	179 50
50 "	125 00	160 00	195 00
60 "	140 00	180 00	220 00
70 "	160 00	206 00	252 00
80 "	180 00	232 00	284 00

Terms Given on Application.

From 1843 to 1858 we manufactured Gins at Columbus, Ga., under the firm name of E. T. TAYLOR & Co., afterwards CLEMONS, BROWN & Co., and made what was then known as the Taylor Gin. During the year 1858 we removed to this place, where we have been exclusively engaged in manufacturing Gins ever since. With long experience, the best labor-saving machinery and skilled workmen, we possess advantages not enjoyed by any other manufacturer in our line, for producing the BEST work for the LEAST money.

The demand last year was so great that nearly 300 orders remained unfilled, but we have doubled our manufacturing capacity and hope to be able to meet all demands, still it is the wisest plan to get your orders in early. Send for illustrated pamphlet giving new voluntary testimonials from over 500 live, enterprising planters. Presses, Engines and complete outfit furnished when desired. Address

BROWN COTTON GIN CO., NEW LONDON, CONN.

T. J. LOWE & BRO., Agents, Atlanta, Ga.

86 may4—d5m tues thur sat, &wky5m

Just Behold and Read Attentively!

ALL THAT HAVE CANCERS IN ANY OF its forms, Scrofula, Ulcers, Tumors, Consumption, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Tetter, (other diseases), and all impurities of the Blood, we can cure. Father bought this Receipt from an eminent Irish Physician, cured Cancer on his face (left no scar.) I cured Cancers, Scrofula, Consumption, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Ulcers, Dyspepsia, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Catarrh. This medicine is taken internally. Address (including stamp) M. M. WILKES & CO., 119 Decatur street, Atlanta, Ga., or LaGrange, Ga. 826 apr30—dly

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.

PERFECTLY SAFE IN THE MOST INEXPERIENCED HANDS!

For Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cramps, Cholera, AND ALL THOSE NUMEROUS TROUBLES OF THE STOMACH AND BOWELS SO PREVELENT AT THIS SEASON.

No Remedy known to the Medical Profession has been in use so long and with such uniformly satisfactory results as

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.

It has been used with such wonderful success in all parts of the world in the treatment of these difficulties, that it has come to be considered

AN UNFAILING CURE FOR ALL SUMMER COMPLAINTS.

and such it really is when taken in time and according to the very plain directions inclosing each bottle.

In such diseases the attack is usually sudden and frequently very acute: **but with a safe remedy at hand** for immediate use, **there is seldom danger of the fatal result** which so often follows a fews days' neglect.

The inclination to wait and see if the morrow does not bring a better feeling, not infrequently occasions a vast amount of needless suffering, and **sometimes costs a life.** A timely dose of Pain Killer will almost invariably save both, and with them the attendant doctor's fee.

It has stood the test of forty years' constant use in all countries and climates, and is perfectly safe in any person's hands.

It is recommended by Physicians, Nurses in Hospitals, and persons of all classes and professions who have had opportunity for observing the wonderful results which have always followed its use.

No family can afford to be without it, and its price brings it within the reach of all.

The use of one bottle will go further to convince you of its merits than columns of newspaper advertising. Try it, and you will never do without it.

Price 25c, 50c, and $1.00 per bottle. You can obtain it at any drug store or from

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Proprietors, Providence, R. I.

aug7—dtiictl thur sat tues &wky cow til octl nx read mat

UMBRELLAS.

COLUMBIA UMBRELLAS.

None genuine unless stamped on handle: "COLUMBIA," FAST COLOR, DROWN & CO., Makers.

Are made of fine, soft Gingham, will not turn brown or gray, or soil the most delicate garment in dripping.

ARE THE MOST DURABLE.

600 aug5—d2taw 12t thur sat

INTEREST, BONDS & STOCKS.

I PAY INTEREST AT THE RATE OF FOUR per cent per annum, by agreement, on money when left two or more months, and buy and sell all kinds of Bonds and Stocks, and Lend Money on them. JOHN H. JAMES.

163 may9—d6m head fin col

H. CASTLEMAN, STOCK, BOND AND MONEY BROKER,

No. 3 Pryor Street, in Kimball House,

BUYS AND SELLS SECURITIES OF ALL kinds. Parties desiring to invest or sell or exchange Stocks or Bonds will be faithfully served. Business solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed.

WANTED.

All kinds of first-class Stocks and Bonds. Atlanta City Bonds.

541june27 dtf

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

BONDS, STOCKS AND MONEY.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, Atlanta, August 25, 1880.

Bonds and Stocks—We refer to the following prices, which rule to-day:

EXCHANGE—

Buying at	¼	Selling	¼ prem
BONDS—			
Georgia 6s	105@108	Macon City	85@90
Georgia 7s	109@111	Columbus City	72@75
Ga. 7s gold	110@112	Ga. R. R. 6s	100@102
Georgia 8s	114@115	Central R. R. 7s	106@108
Western R.R. of Ala. 1st m'tge	109@111	W. & A. RR. Leases; 10 per ct. income bonds	115@120
Atlanta 6s	99@101	Ala. Class A 2 to 5	62@65
Atlanta W't'r 7s	106@108	do. Class A small	62@65
Atlanta City 7s	106@108	do. Class B 5s	88@90
Atlanta City 8s	111@113	do. Class C 2 to 5	70@72
Atlanta 10s	114@116		
Augusta City 7s	104@106		
Sav. City 5s, new	78@80		
STOCKS—			
Georgia R. R.	103@105	South Wes R.R.	102@104
Central R. R.	93@95	Atlanta St. R.R.	102@105
A. & W. P. R. R.	110@112		

We quote long dates: short dates are lower.

By Telegraph.

NEW YORK, August 25.—Noon—Stocks strong and active. Money 2@2½. Exchange—long $4.81; short $4.83. Governments dull and nominal. State Bonds firm and unchanged.

Evening.—Money 2@3. Exchange $4.80½. Governments quiet and steady; new fives 102⅝; four and a half per cents 111⅛; four per cents 109⅝. State Bonds dull.

Stocks closed irregular.

N. Y. Central	131¼	Louisville & Nash.	124
Erie	39¼	Chicago & N.W.	99½
Lake Shore	107⅝	do. Preferred	109¾
Illinois Central	112¼	Rock Island	113¾
N. C. & St. L.	72½	Western Union	106
Pittsburg	128		
BONDS—			
Ala. Class A to 5	64½	Ala. Class B 5s	89½
do. Class A small	65	do. Class C 2 to 5	75
Sub-treasury balances:			
Coin	$87,897,110	Currency	$6,715,484

PARIS, August 25—4:00 p.m.—Rentes 85f. 72½c.

LONDON, August 25—4:00 p.m.—Erie 43¼.

THE COTTON MARKET.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, Atlanta, August 25, 1880.

New York—Futures closed dull and lower. During the day the market had an unsettled appearance, declining until noon and then reacting to a moderate extent. Net receipts for four days 10,607 bales. Export and stocks not received.

Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures in New York to-day:

OPENED.		CLOSED.	
August	12.03@12.04	August	12.02@12.03
September	11.40@11.41	September	11.37@11.38
October	10.87@10.88	October	10.80@10.81
November	10.67@10.68	November	10.64@10.65
December	10.66@10.67	December	10.64@10.65
January	10.75@10.76	January	10.7@10.76
February	10.87@10.88	February	10.87@10.88
March	11.0@11.04	March	11.00@11.02
April	11.10@11.18	April	11.1@11.16

Closed dull: sales 73,000 bales.

Liverpool—Futures closed barely steady. Spots—Uplands 7 3-16d; Orleans 7¼d; sales to-day 8,000 bales, of which 5,600 bales were American; receipts 8,000; all American.

The local cotton market exhibits a better feeling in the spot market, and sales were made to-day at 11c for middlings. The tone shows strength and for the better grades a good demand is reported. Maddox, Rucker & Co. received seven bales of new cotton to-day.

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, August 25.—noon—Cotton, fair business at previous prices; middling uplands 7 3-16; middling Orleans 7¼; receipts 8,000 bales, all American; sales 8,000; speculation and export 1,000; futures, uplands low middling clause August delivery 7 3-16@7 5-32; August and September delivery 7⅛@7 3 32; September and October delivery 6 11-16; October and November delivery 6⅜; November and December delivery 6 9 32; March and April delivery 6¼; futures opened flat.

LIVERPOOL, August 25—5:15 p. m.—Sales of American 5,600 bales; futures closed barely steady.

NEW YORK, August 25—Cotton steady; middling uplands 11 15-16; middling Orleans 12 1 16; sales 1,487 bales: net receipts none; gross 2 941; consolidated, net receipts 3,022; exports to Great Britain 500.

GALVESTON, August 25.—Cotton firm; middlings 11⅜; low middlings 10¾; good ordinary 10; net receipts 868 bales; gross 9.2; sales 322; stock 3,741; exports coastwise 426.

NORFOLK, August 25—Cotton dull; middlings 11¼; net receipts 381 bales; gross —; stock 3,297; sales 154; exports coastwise 291.

BALTIMORE, August 25.—Cotton firm; middlings 11¾; low middlings 11; good ordinary 10¼; net receipts 230 bales; gross 350; sales 50; stock 542; exports to Great Britain 500; coastwise 40.

BOSTON, August 25.—Cotton steady; middlings 12; low middlings 11¾; good ordinary 10¼; net receipts 78 bales; gross 88; sales —; stock 6,767.

WILMINGTON, August 25.—Cotton steady; middlings 11; low middlings 10⅝; good ordinary not quoted; net receipts 4 bales; gross 4; sales —; stock 278.

PHILADELPHIA, August 25.—Cotton firm; middlings 12⅛; low middlings 11⅛; good ordinary 10⅛; net receipts none; gross 39 bales; sales 543; to spinners 215; stock 4,085.

SAVANNAH, August 25—Cotton firm; middling 11¼; low middlings 10¾; good ordinary 9½; net receipts 776 bales; gross 7:0; sales 400; stock 5,757; exports coastwise 1,186.

NEW ORLEANS, August 25.—Cotton firm; middlings 11¾; low middlings 11¼; good ordinary 10¼; net receipts 48 bales; gross 192; sales 6,000; stock 28,117; exports coastwise 1,8 6.

MOBILE, August 25.—Cotton steady; middlings 11¼; low middlings 10½; good ordinary 9⅜; net receipts 161 bales; gross —; sales 400; stock 7,770; exports coastwise 470.

MEMPHIS, August 25.—Cotton steady; middlings 11¼; net receipts 78 bales; shipments 127; sales 75; stock 7,420.

AUGUSTA, August 25.—Cotton steady; middlings 11⅛; low middlings 10¾; good ordinary not quoted; net receipts 187 bales; shipments —; sales 124.

CHARLESTON, August 25.—Cotton firmer; middlings 11⅞; low middlings 11⅛; good ordinary 10¼; net receipts 526 bales; gross —; sales 150; stock 2,392.

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, Atlanta, August 25, 1880.

The following are the opening and closing quotations of wheat, corn, clear rib sides, mess pork and lard in Chicago to-day: Wheat—August opened 88, closed 87¼; September opened 88⅛, closed 88⅛; October opened 89¼, closed 88⅞. Corn—September opened 39, closed 39¼; October opened and closed ——. Clear Rib Sides—September opened 8.00, closed 8.02½; October opened 7.95, closed 8.05. Mess Pork—September opened and closed $17.00; October opened $16.80, closed $16.40. Lard—September opened 7.65, closed 7.77½; October opened and closed ——.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

ATLANTA, August 25.—Flour—Trade is active, especially with the mills; we quote fancy $6.75; extra family $6.50; family $6.25. Wheat—Chicago—The course of the months was irregular in the decline. At the opening quotations were off, but at times during the day the market exhibited a better feeling and higher prices. At the close losses were: ¼c for August; ¾c for September; ⅜c for October. The local spot market admits of no quotable change; choice Kentucky $1.10@$1.12; no demand for Georgia wheat. Corn Chicago—The losses sustained by the decline yesterday was nearly recovered to-day. September closed 39¼c. The local market is firm and active at quotations; white 64@65c; mixed 61@62. Oats—Demand fair at 44@45c; rust proof 75c. Meal—65c. Grits—$3.85.

BALTIMORE, August 25—Flour steady and quiet; Howard street and western superfine $3.00@$3.75; extra $4.00@$4.75; family $5.00@$5.75; city mills superfine $3.00@$3.50; extra $4.00@$4.50; family $ .00@$6.75; Rio brands $5.75@$5.87; Patapsco family $6.60. Wheat, southern steady; western quiet and a shade easier; southern red 95@$1.06½; amber $1.07@$1.11; No. 1 Maryland $1.12¼; No. 2 western winter red spot and August $1.06⅜@$1.06½; September $1.07@$1.07½; October $1.08⅜@$1.08¾; November $1.0 ¼ @$1.09½. Corn, southern steady; western higher and more active; southern white 54; yellow 56. Oats firm; western white 38@39; Pennsylvania 36½@38.

ST. LOUIS, August 25—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat lower; No. 2 red fall 97½@97⅞ cash; 98⅛ August; 91⅛@99⅜ September; 91⅝@92⅛ October; 92⅞@93⅜ November; 91 all the year. Corn 35⅝@35⅞ cash; 36⅛ September; 37⅛@37⅜ October; 37⅝@38⅛ November. Oats firm for cash; options lower; 26@27 cash; 25⅛@26 September; 25 bid October.

CHICAGO, August 25.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat in fair demand and lower; No. 2 red winter 91½ cash; No. 2 Chicago spring 87@87⅛ cash; 87⅝ September; 88⅞@88⅞ October; 90 November. Corn active and lower; 38⅛ cash; 38⅜ September; 39¾ October. Oats dull, weak and lower; No. 2 26⅛@27 cash; 27⅜@27¾ September; 26⅞ October.

NEW YORK, August 25—Flour, southern dull and in buyers' favor; common to fair extra $4.75@$5.50; good to choice extra $5.60@$6.75. Wheat, winter ⅝@¾c better with a moderate trade; spring more active and firmer; ungraded red 95@$1.08. Oats 1@2c lower; No. 3 37½. Hops unchanged; yearlings 7@7.15.

CINCINNATI, August 25—Flour active but not quotably higher; family $4.50@$4.85; fancy $5.00@$5.75. Wheat easier but not quotably lower. No. 2 red winter 95; No 2 amber 92. Corn easier; No. 2 mixed 44. Oats steady; No. 2 mixed 31@31½.

LOUISVILLE, August 25—Flour quiet; family $3.75@$4.75; extra $3.25@$3.75; choice to fancy $5.00@$6.25. Wheat dull at 85@88. Corn quiet; No 2 white 43@44. Oats firm; No. 2 white 31.

NEW ORLEANS, August 25—Flour quiet and steady; superfine $3.00@$3.25; high grades $4.72½@$5.75. Corn in active demand; mixed 60@61. Oats quiet and weak at 39.

Miscellaneous.

ATLANTA, August 25.—Lime—Market active. In car-load lots, free on cars in Atlanta, 90c; less than car-loads $1.00 is asked; Rosendale cement $2.50 per bbl. of 300 lbs. neat; Louisville cement, car-load lots, $1.75; less than car-load $2.25@$2.50; Portland cement, car-load lots $4.75; less than car-load $5.00; plaster-of-paris ("calcined"), car-load lots, $2.50; in smaller quantities $2.75@$3.00; land plaster ("new fertilizer"), car-load lots $2.50 ℔ bbl.; less than car-loads $2.75@$3.00 ℔ bbl.; marble dust in lots $3.00@$4.00 ℔ bbl.

ATLANTA, August 25.—Paper—Trade active; prices steady. Manilla paper No. 1 10@11c ℔ lb; No. 2 7½@8c ℔ lb; No. 3 6½@7c ℔ lb; good wrapping 4@6c ℔ lb; straw 3½@3¾c ℔ lb; burlap bags, 2 bushels, 8½@9½c; second-hand 5@7½c; bran bags 11½@14½c.

ATLANTA, August 25.—Leather—Market steady. Trade shows some improvement. Stocks heavy with fresh arrivals daily; hemlock sole, good, 27@29c; hemlock G. D. 23@25c; hemlock P. D. 20@23c; white oak sole 40@45c; harness leather 35@45c.

ATLANTA, August 25.—Plastering Hair—Active: Georgia 20@25c per bushel; western 25@30c; laths, car-load, $2.50 per M; less quantities $2.75 per M.

ATLANTA, August 25.—Bagging—Our merchants are amply prepared to meet the fall trade; we quote as follows: 1¾ lb 11½; 2 lb 12; 2¼ lb 12½.

ATLANTA, August 25.—Hides—In fair demand at former prices; dry flint 13½@14; dry salt 12½@13½; wet salted 8@8½.

NEW YORK, August 25—Wool in moderate demand and steady; domestic fleece 38@50; pulled 22@47; unwashed 15@38; Texas 18@25.

NEW YORK, August 25—Rosin unchanged and firm at $1.45@$1.50. Turpentine dull and weak, closing at 34.

ATLANTA, August 25.—Wool—Steady; washed 35@40; unwashed 25@30; burry 15@20c.

ATLANTA, August 25.—Hay—Choice Timothy $1.20; choice mixed $1.15; clover $1.10.

ATLANTA, August 25—Salt—Ground Liverpool $1.10; Kannawah $1.05.

ATLANTA, August 25.—Iron Ties—Arrow $2.25; standard $2.2 .

ATLANTA, August 25.—Tallow—5@6c; demand fair.

ATLANTA, August 25.—Rye—None on market.

ATLANTA, August 25.—Peas—Clay 55@65c.

ATLANTA, August 25.—Wheat Bran—90c.

Provisions.

ATLANTA, August 25—Chicago—The market ruled comparatively steady to-day. Clear Rib Sides—September dropped down to 7.95, but rallied and closed 8.02½; October closed 8.05. The local market is active and firm at quotations; 9½c. Mess Pork—Chicago—September remains steady and without change; October closed yesterday $16 25, opened $16.30, moved up to $16.55 and closed $16.4 . Hog receipts to-day 18,500. Local dealers report pork strips firm and in demand at 9@9½c. Bacon—Market firm; Tennessee sides 11c; breakfast bacon 12@12½; sugar-cured hams 13. Lard—Market firm at quotations; tierces, refined 9½c; choice leaf 9¾@10c; tubs 9¾@10c. buckets 10c; very firm.

NEW ORLEANS, August 25—Pork quiet and weak at $16.25. Lard scarce and firm; tierces 9.15; kegs 9¾. Dry salt meat, no stock; shoulders, common 4½. Bacon, shoulders 6⅞, clear ribs 9½; clear sides 10.52½. Sugar-cured hams firm; canvassed 11½@12½.

NEW YORK, August 25—Pork weak; prices without quotable change at $16.00. Middles dull and easier; long clear 8½@8¾; short clear 9⅛; long and short clear 8¾@ . Lard heavy and lower with a very moderate trade; prime steam spot 8.15@8.20.

BALTIMORE, August 25—Provisions firm. Mess pork $16.75. Bulk meats, loose shoulders and clear rib sides none here; packed shoulders 6¼; clear rib sides 9¼. Bacon, shoulders 7; clear rib sides 10; hams 12½@13½. Lard, refined in tierces 9.

LOUISVILLE, August 25—Pork steady at $15.50. Lard quiet; prime leaf 9½. Bulk meats quiet and steady; shoulders 5⅜; clear ribs 8⅞; clear sides 9¼. Bacon steady; shoulders 6¼; clear ribs 9.65; clear sides 10. Sugar-cured hams 12½.

ST. LOUIS, August 25—Pork quiet; jobbing at $15.75. Lard dull and nominal. Bulk meats lower; shoulders 5.40; clear ribs 8⅛; clear sides 8¾. Bacon lower; shoulders 6¼; clear ribs 9⅝; clear sides 9¾.

CINCINNATI, August 25—Pork nominal at $15.50@$16.00. Lard unsettled at 7¾@8. Bulk meats easier; shoulders 5¼; ribs 8¼. Bacon firm; shoulders 6¼; clear ribs 9.62½; clear sides 10.

CHICAGO, August 25.—Pork irregular at $16 00@$16.25. Lard steady and in fair demand at 7 75@7.80. Bulk meats dull and tending downward; shoulders 5⅛; short rib 8¼; short clear 8.65.

Groceries.

ATLANTA, August 25.—Coffee—Active and firm; we quote 15½@18½c. Roasted Coffees—Old government Java 28@32; best Rio 20; choice 18. Sugars—Active, firm and higher; standard A 11@11¼; granulated 11⅝@11⅞; cut loaf 12¼; powdered 12¼; white extra C 10⅞@10¾; there is a light stock of New Orleans sugars on the market; prices range 9½@11. Molasses—Steady at quotations; hnds 25; tierces 27; barrels 30. Syrup—Firm at unchanged prices; we quote 40@55. Teas—Oolong 35@60; Japan 40@$1.00; Imperial and Gunpowder 40@80; Young Hyson 27@75; English Breakfast 35@75. Pepper quiet at 18; allspice, best sifted, 20; cinnamon 30; saigon 55; cloves 60; African ginger 7; mace $1.25; nutmegs $1.20@$1.25; mustard, best; 40; medium 18@25; Crackers—milk 8@8½c; Boston butter 7½@7½c; pearl oyster 8@8½c soda XX 5; soda XXX 5½@6; cream 7½@8; lemon 8@8½; molasses cakes 8@8½; ginger snaps 8@8½. Candy—Assorted stick 12½; best 13. Mackerel—Prices marked off; No. 1 medium, half barrels, $6.00; No. 2 do. $4.00; No. 3 do. $3.50. Soap—$2.50@$7.00 per 100 cakes. Candles—L. W. 12½ per lb. Matches—Parlor $2.85; sulphur $2.60. Soda in kegs 4½c; in boxes 6c. Rice—Fair 7½; good 7¾; prime 8.

NEW YORK, August 25—Coffee firm and in fair demand; Rio cargoes 13¾@16¾; job lots 13½@17½. Sugar steady and quiet; centrifugal 8 9-16; Cuba muscovado 7½; fair to good refining 7¾@7⅞; prime 7 15-16 8; refined unchanged; standard A 10¾@10⅞. Molasses steady and quiet; English Island 35@43. Rice dull and unsettled; Carolina 5@7.

NEW ORLEANS, August 25—Coffee steady and in good demand; Rio cargoes, ordinary to prime 13¾@16⅞. Sugar scarce and firm; prime to choice open kettle 9⅝@10 ⅛; yellow clarified 10¼. Molasses dull and nominal; common 20@35. Rice in good demand at full prices; Louisiana ordinary to choice 5@6¼.

BALTIMORE, August 25 — Coffee quiet and steady; Rio cargoes ordinary to choice 13@16¼. Sugar firm; A soft 10¾.

CINCINNATI, August 25—Sugar steady; hards 11@11¼; New Orleans 8@9½.

Wines, Liquors, Etc.

ATLANTA, August 25.—The prospects for the fall trade is very promising, and we already note an increasing trade. Corn whisky, rectified $1.00@$1.40; rye, rectified, $1.10@$1.50; rye and Bourbon medium $1.50@$2.00; rum, rectified, $1.25@$1.75; New England $1.75@3.50; St. Croix $4.00; Jamaica $2.50@$4.50; gin, domestic $1.50@$2.50; imported $2.00@$4.50; Cognac brandy, domestic $1.50@$2.50; imported $5.00@$8.00; copper distilled corn whisky, Georgia made, $1.75; apple and peach brandy $2.25@$3.00; cherry and ginger brandy $1.00@$1.50; port wine $1.50@$6.00, owing to quality; sherry $1.50@$6.00; catawba $1.25@$1.75; scuppernong $1.00@$1.25.

NEW ORLEANS, August 25—Whisky is steady; western rectified $1.00@$1.16.

CINCINNATI, August 25—Whisky active and firm at $1.08.

LOUISVILLE, August 25—Whisky steady at $1.08.

BALTIMORE, August 25—Whisky steady at $1.12.

CHICAGO, August 25—Whisky steady at $1.10.

ST. LOUIS, August 25—Whisky steady at $1.09.

Drugs, Paints, Oils and Glass.

ATLANTA, August 25.—Market steady. Indigo, best, 90c@$1.10; madder 14@15c; Epsom salts 3@4c; bluestone 10@12c; alum 4@5; cochineal $1.00@$1.10; magnesia carb. 35@45; flor. sulphur 4½@5; roll sulphur 3¾@4; camphor 40@45; copperas 1½@2; assafœtida 35; opium, gum, $8.00@$8.50; quinine $3.50; calomel 75@$1.00; blue mass 75c; morphine $5.50; chloroform $1.10@$1.25. Kerosine oil 14; castor oil $1.10@$1.25 gallon; linseed oil, raw, 75; boiled 80; coal oil 13@20; lard oil 65@80, owing to quality; sweet oil $1 00@$3.50; tanner's oil 65@75; lubricating oil 25@40; turpentine 35@40. White lead 9@9½; furniture varnish $1.25@$1.50; coach varnish $1.75@$3.50; furniture glue 18@25; white 30@40; concentrated lye $3.75@$4.00 case of 4 dozen; putty 5@6; mixed paints $1.50@$2.00 gallon; axle grease 75@$1.00 doz. Glass 8x10 $7.00; 10x12 $7.00; 10x14 $7.00; 10x16 $8.00; 12x14 $8.00; 12x18 $8.00; discount 40 per cent; quicksilver 75; shellac 55@60. Babbitt's potash $4.00; all other brands $3.50.

Dry Goods.

ATLANTA, August 25.—The prospects for a heavy fall business is uncommonly bright. Jobbers are now in readiness with immense stocks and heavy arrivals are of daily occurrence. Quotations thus far remain without change, and the inclination downwards seems to have been suddenly checked. At any rate no great decline is apt to take place under the influence of an advancing cotton market and an increasing demand for goods. The following prices are quotable to-day.

Solid prints	6	
Fancy, new designs	5½@	7
Fine brown shirting	5½@	9¾
¾ brown shirting, standard	6	
⅞ "	5	
4-4 " sheeting	6	
4-4 " drills	7½	
¾ bleached	5	@ 6¾
4-4 "	6½	@ 9
4-4 "	7½	@12½
8-oz. white osnaburgs	9	
8-oz. " "	10½	
Southern cotton plaids and stripes	9	@ 9½
Cambrics, sharp	7	
Ticks, mattress	7	@11
" Feather	13	@20
Yarns	$1.05	

Country Produce.

ATLANTA, August 25.—Eggs—17c: firm and in demand. Butter — Choice Tennessee is in demand at 17@18c; common butter is dull with light stocks offering. Poultry—The receipts of spring chickens are about equal to demand, which is usually active; prices range from 12½@18c: hens 20@22½c. There is a moderate demand for other fowls. Sweet Potatoes—75c per bushel. demand good. Irish Potatoes—Choice $2.00@$2 25 per barrel. Dried Fruit—The demand is improving; no offerings. Wax—Dull at 20c. Onions—90c@$1.00 per bushel. Feathers—Dull; choice white geese, 50c; prime 40c: common mixed 30@35c. Cheese—9@12½c.

Fruits and Confectioneries.

ATLANTA, August 25—Market steady. Apples—Western per barrel $2.00@$2.50. Lemons — $4.50@$5.50 per box. Oranges — Market bare; there is some inquiry at $8.00. Pineapples—None on market. Bananas—None. Cocoanuts—None. Figs—12½@17c. Raisins per box $3.00; ½ box $1.65; ¼ box 85c. Currants—7½@8. Cranberries—None. California Pears—None on market. Citron—22c. Almonds—22@23. Pecans—16. Brazils—10c. Filberts—15@16c. Walnuts—16c. Peanuts—Tennessee 5; North Carolina 6; Virginia 7; roasted $1.75@$1.85 ℔ bushel.

Tobacco.

ATLANTA, August 25—Market firm and steady; very common and unreliable grades 34@35; good common grades 35@37; medium 38@45; extra medium 45@55c; fine 11 and 12-inch 55@65; extra fine and fancy 75@90c; Brown's extra 80c; natural leaf 5c; Calhoun $1.15; Cook's extra fig 80c; Cook's extra Leatherwood 90c; Lucy Lawson 55c; shell-road 52c; fine cut in pails 50@75c. Smoking tobacco—Blackwell's Durham, assorted, 55c; other brands and grades 40@55 c. Lorillard's snuff, in jars, 65c; Lorillard's snuff, 2-oz. packages, $12.00 per gross; Railroad Mills snuff 55c, in jars; Mrs. Miller's snuff 55c.

Hardware.

ATLANTA, August 25.—For the season the demand is active and prices are firm. The following prices are quotable to-day: Horse-shoes $5.50; mule $6.50; Horse-shoe nails 12½@20. Iron bound hames $5.00@$5.52. Trace-chains 50@60. Ames' shovels $12.00@$13.00. Spades $10.50@$13.00. Axes $9.00@$10.50 per dozen. Cotton cards $5.00. Well-buckets $4.50. Cotton rope 18. Sweed iron 6½c; rolled (or merchant bar) 3 rate. Plow steel 7½c; cast steel 17c. Nails, $3.50 rate; firm and in active demand. Powder, rifle $6.15; blasting $3.15. Bar lead 8; shot $2.25.

Live Stock.

ATLANTA, August 25.—There is an ample supply of Tennessee cattle now in the market; choice are quoted 2⅞@3¼. Light demand for Georgia cattle at 2@2½. Sheep—Tennessee are quoted 3@3½; Georgia $1.00@$1.50 per head.

CINCINNATI, August 25.—Hogs easier; common $4.00@$4.70; light $4.75@$5.00; packing $4.85@$5.30; butchers $5.35@$5.50.

RETAIL PRICES.

ATLANTA, August 25.—Sweet Potatoes 30c per peck; Onions 5c per quart; Cabbage 5@20c per head; Turnips none; Tomatoes 10c per quart; Green Peas none; Beans 10c per quart; Cucumbers 3 for 5c; Squashes 25c per dozen: Radishes 5c. Eggs 20c per dozen. Spring chickens 15@25c; hens 27@30c. Butter—Choice Tennessee 25@30c.

LAW CARDS.

D. W. ROUNTREE, ATTORNEY AT LAW, QUITMAN, BROOKS COUNTY, GEORGIA.

Will practice in all the Courts of the Southern Circuit and in Madison and Jefferson county, Florida. 86 aug6,1880—dly

S. G. McLENDON, ATTORNEY AT LAW, THOMASVILLE, GEORGIA.

Collections promptly attended to. Office corner Broad and Jackson streets, opposite Mitchell House. 513 july29,'80—dly

P. J. HODGE. R. M. HODGE

HODGE & HODGE, ATTORNEYS AT LAW HAWKINSVILLE, GEORGIA.

Collections will receive prompt attention. 223 mar11—dtf

JNO. D. CUNNINGHAM, ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Office in Centennial Building,

No. 3½ Whitehall Street, ATLANTA, GEORGIA. 241 june18—d6m

HENRY JACKSON, Reporter of Supreme Court. J. H. LUMPKIN

JACKSON & LUMPKIN, ATTORNEYS AT LAW ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

Will practice in the United States and State Courts. Special attention given to business before the Supreme Court. 522 apr25—dly

G. T. BARTLETT, of Monticello. C. L. BARTLETT, of Macon, Ga.

G. T. & C. L. BARTLETT, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, MACON, GEORGIA.

Practice in Macon and Ocmulgee Circuits and U. S. Courts, in civil business only. 341 mar18—d5m

E. N. BROYLES. ALEX. S. JONES

BROYLES & JONES, ATTORNEYS AT LAW

Office in Grant Building, corner Marietta and Broad streets. ATLANTA, GA.

Will practice in the Federal and State Courts. 878 dec16—dtf

J. B. ESTES. CLAUD ESTES

J. B. ESTES & SON, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, GAINESVILLE, GEORGIA.

Practice in the Courts of the Western Circuit, in the Supreme Court of Georgia, and elsewhere when specially retained. 900 nov22—dtf

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

ATLANTA FEMALE INSTITUTE, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

MRS. J. W. BALLARD, PRINCIPAL.

The exercises of this Institute will be resumed Monday, September 6th, 1880. French is taught practically in every department without extra charge. Music—Vocal and Instrumental—under the skillful management of Prof. Alfredo Barili, is taught as an art and on the plan of the Musical Conservatories of Europe. For Circulars apply to Principal. 000 aug5—dtf

TRIPOD & PINE, Sign, Fresco and House Painters, 21 MARIETTA STREET, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

443 mar28—dtf

WASHINGTON HOTEL, WASHINGTON, GEORGIA, R. L. FOREMAN, Proprietor.

House fitted up in the best style and table unsurpassed in Georgia. The closest personal attention given in every department, and guests entertained in a way to warrant satisfaction. Large, commodious Sample Room, and every convenience for Commercial Travelers. Free Hack. Located next door to Green Bros. 477 july24—d3m

DRS. WARNOCK & DELBRIDGE, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

Office, Room No. 2, in J. T. Grant's Building, over Anstell & Mangum, Broad street cor. Marietta.

Special attention givene to the treatment of Malarial and Chronic Diseases of Females and children, by J. T. Warnock 365 feb18—d6m

Georgia State Directory and Gazetteer

CAREFULLY REVISED. CONTAINS THE names of all Farmers and leading Business and Professional Men in the State. The most valuable book for business men who wish to be put in direct communication with the substantial classes of Georgia, ever printed. No indicious business man can afford to be without a copy. JAS. P. HARRISON & CO. Atlanta, Ga.

RAILROADS.

CENTRAL AND SOUTHWESTERN Railroads.

SAVANNAH, GA., July 11, 1880.

On and after SUNDAY, July 11th, 1880, passenger trains on the Central and Southwestern Railroads and branches will run as follows:

TRAIN NO. 1—GOING NORTH AND WEST.

Leaves Savannah	9 20 a m
Leaves Augusta	9 30 a m
Arrives at Augusta	4 45 p m
Arrives at Macon	5 45 p m
Leaves Macon for Atlanta	5 15 p m
Arrives at Atlanta	3 40 a m

Making close connections at Atlanta with Western and Atlantic and Atlanta and Charlotte Air Line for all points West and North.

COMING SOUTH AND EAST.

Leaves Atlanta	12 20 a m
Arrives at Macon	6 30 a m
Leaves Macon	7 00 a m
Arrives at Milledgeville	9 44 a m
Arrives at Eatonton	11 30 a m
Arrives at Augusta	4 45 p m
Arrives at Savannah	3 45 p m
Leaves Augusta	9 30 a m

Making connection at Savannah with the Savannah, Florida and Western railroad for all points in Florida.

TRAIN NO. 2—GOING NORTH AND WEST.

Leaves Savannah	7 30 p m
Arrives at Augusta	5 40 a m
Leaves Augusta	8 30 p m
Arrives at Milledgeville	9 44 a m
Arrives at Eatonton	11 30 a m
Arrives at Macon	8 00 a m
Leaves Macon for Atlanta	8 40 a m
Arrives at Atlanta	12 50 p m
Leaves Macon for Albany and Eufaula	8 30 a m
Arrives at Eufaula	4 03 p m
Arrives at Albany	3 35 p
Leaves Macon for Columbus	9 20 a m
Arrives at Columbus	3 25 p m

Trains on this schedule for Macon, Atlanta, Columbus, Eufaula, Albany and Augusta daily, making close connection at Atlanta with Western and Atlantic and Atlanta and Charlotte Air-Line. At Eufaula with Montgomery and Eufaula railroad; at Columbus with Western railroad; at Augusta with the Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta railroad and South Carolina railroad for all points North and East.

Eufaula train connects at Fort Valley for Perry daily, (except Sunday), and at Cuthbert for Fort Gaines daily, (except Sunday).

Train on Blakely extension leaves Albany Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays.

COMING SOUTH AND EAST.

Leaves Atlanta	2 15 p m
Arrives at Macon from Atlanta	6 55 p m
Leaves Albany	11 13 a m
Leaves Eufaula	11 20 a m
Arrives at Macon from Eufaula & Albany	6 20 p m
Leaves Columbus	11 10 a m
Arrives at Macon from Columbus	5 05 p m
Leaves Macon	7 35 p m
Arrives at Augusta	5 40 a m
Leaves Augusta	8 30 p m
Arrives at Savannah	7 15 a m

Passengers for Milledgeville and Eatonton will take train No. 2 from Savannah, and train No. 1 from Macon, which trains connect daily, except Monday, for these points.

THROUGH SLEEPING CARS on all night trains between Savannah and Augusta; Augusta and Savannah and Macon and Savannah and Atlanta.

Berths in Sleeping Cars can be secured at SCHREINER'S, 127 Congress street.

G. A. WHITEHEAD, Gen. Pass. Agt. WILLIAM ROGERS, Gen'l Supt. Savannah.

J. C. SHAW, Gen. Trav. Agt. W. F. SHELMAN, Supt. S. W. R. R., Macon, Ga

GEORGIA RAILROAD.

GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY, SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, AUGUSTA, GA., July 13th, 1880.

COMMENCING SUNDAY, 18th instant, the following Passenger Schedule will be operated:

NO. 2 EAST DAILY.		NO. 1 WEST DAILY.	
Lv'e Atlanta	7 45 a m	Lv'e Augusta	9 35 a m
Ar. Athens	3 15 p m	" Macon	7 00 a m
" Washig'n	2 00 p m	" Milled'v'e	8 58 a m
" Camak	1 13 p m	" Camak	11 31 a m
" Milled've	4 30 p m	" Washig'n	10 45 a m
Ar. Macon	6 30 p m	" Athens	9 15 a m
" Augusta	3 28 p m	Ar. Atlanta	5 00 p m

No connection to or from Washington on Sundays.

COVINGTON ACCOMMODATION. [Daily—Except Sundays.]

Lv'e Atlanta	5 30 p m	Lv'e Covington	5 40 a m
Ar. Covington	7 30 p m	Ar. Atlanta	7 40 a m

DECATUR ACCOMMODATION. [Daily, except Sundays.]

L'e Atlanta	12:00 noon	L've Decatur	1:30 p. m.
A'e Decatur	12:25 p. m.	A ve Atlanta	1:55 p. m.

NO. 4 EAST DAILY.		NO. 3 WEST DAILY.	
Lv'e Atlanta	6 20 p m	Lv'e Augusta	5 30 p m
Ar Athens	7 30 a m	Lv'e Athens	6 00 p m
Ar. Augusta	6 00 a m	Ar. Atlanta	5 00 a m

Trains Nos. 2, 1, 4 and 3 will not stop at Flag Stations.

Connects at Augusta for all points East and South-East.

Superb Improved Sleepers to Augusta. Pullman Sleepers Augusta to Washington.

Only One Change Atlanta to New York.

S. K. JOHNSON, Superintendent. E. R. DORSEY, Gen'l Passenger Agent

NORTHEASTERN RAILROAD OF GEORGIA.

Summer Schedule.

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, ATHENS, GA., July 19, 1880.

On and after MONDAY, July 19th, 1880, trains on Northeastern Railroad will run as follows:

Leave Athens	4 05 p m
Arrive at Lula	6 20 p m
Arrive at Atlanta (via Air-Line R.R.)	11 30 p m
Leave Atlanta (via Air-Line R. R.)	4 30 a m
Leave Lula	8 55 a m
Arrive at Athens	10 55 a m

The above evening train also connects closely at Lula with Northern bound trains on Air-Line Railroad.

On Mondays the following additional train will be run as follows:

Leave Athens	5 15 a m
Arrive at Lula	7 15 a m
Leave Lula	8 55 a m
Arrive at Athens	10 55 a m

This train connects closely at Lula with passenger trains both East and West on Air-Line R. R.

On Saturday nights an additional train will be run:

Leave Lula	9 30 p m
Arrive at Athens	11 20 p m

Passenger trains both East and West on Air-Line Railroad will connect closely on Saturday night for Athens. Passengers from Georgia Railroad make close connection with evening train—thereby enabling them to go direct through to the summer resorts of North Georgia without delay in Athens. H. R. BERNARD, Acting Superintendent.

july28—dtf

Cincinnati, Indianapolis, St. Louis and Chicago RAILWAY COMPANY

[Formerly the I. C. and L. R. R.]

THIS IS THE

Kankakee Line

—TO—

Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul and all Points Northwest. Omaha, San Francisco and the Pacific Coast.

—AND—

THE GREAT SHORT ROUTE

—VIA—

Cincinnati and Indianapolis to St. Louis,

AND ALL TOWNS AND PLACES IN Missouri, Arkansas, Kansas, Colorado, Texas, the West,

Connecting at Cincinnati with the Trains of the Cincinnati Southern Railroad.

CHICAGO LINE.

CONDENSED TIME TABLE.

Lv Cin., C I S L & C R R	8.30am	3.10pm	2.00pm
Ar Law'ry C I S L & C	9.15am	4.05pm	3 05pm
Ar Indianap's " "	12.30pm	6.30pm	10.54pm
Ar Lafayette " "	3.35pm		2.20am
Ar Kankakee " "	5.55pm		5.30am
Ar Chicago " "	8.00pm		7.00pm

Connects at Lafayette with Wabash Railroad, and at Chicago with all roads leading out of the city.

All passenger trains of the C. I. St. L. & C. arrive and depart from Plum Street Depot, Cincinnati, Lake Street Depot, Chicago, and Union Depot, St. Louis.

The Plum Street Depot is located in the very heart of Cincinnati, in the immediate vicinity of the principal hotels and business center, and is ONE MILE nearer the steamboat landing and the termini of the Cincinnati Southern Road, than any other railroad depot in that city.

The C. I. St. L. & C. is the only line running day coaches, parlor cars, reclining chair cars and Pullman palace sleeping cars from Cincinnati and Indianapolis to Chicago, St. Louis, Burlington, Quincy, Kansas City, St. Joe, Atchison, Omaha, and prominent Mississippi and Missouri River points. At Indianapolis, St. Joe, Kansas City, Atchison, Leavenworth, Council Bluffs, and Omaha, connections are made in Union Depots with all roads diverging.

Tickets via this line are on sale at all principal railroad ticket offices in Georgia and the South, and at Company's offices, Northwest corner Fourth and Vine streets, opposite Post-office, Grand Hotel, and Plum Street Depot, Cincinnati, O.

JOHN EGAN, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agent.

JOHN M. KELLEY, Southern Passenger and General Western Emigration Agent, N. W. cor. 4th and Vine Streets, Cincinnati, Ohio.

may27—dtf sat tues thur

MACON AND BRUNSWICK RAILROAD COMPANY,

AND THE

CUMBERLAND ROUTE.

TO ALL POINTS IN

FLORIDA

PASSENGER SERVICE.

THE above line offers unrivaled time, facilities and comforts, from Atlanta and contiguous country, to all points in Florida. In passenger service this route is one train quicker than any other line. Leave Atlanta daily, Sundays included, via Macon, Brunswick, and Fernandina, at 2:15 p. m. In conveniences, appointments, and outfit the line is unsurpassed. Lucas Palace Sleepers on all night trains. Tickets on sale at the Union Depot

In Freight Service this line has connections via Brunswick with a line of steamers, in addition to its own, by which superior facilities and prompt dispatch is offered in freights via Brunswick to Darien, all points on the Satella river, St. Mary's Fernandina, Jacksonville, and all points on the Upper St. Johns river. Also, to all points on the Atlantic Gulf and West India Transit Cos. R. R. to Cedar Keys, and points on the Gulf; and to points on the Jacksonville, Pensacola and Mobile Railroad. RATES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST. Dispatch equal to any line, and to some points really superior, being daily. All claims prompt adjusted.

For rates, routes, and any and all other information, either in passenger or freight service, please communicate with the undersigned at Macon, Georgia. HENRY M. DRANE Gen. Freight, Ticket and Passenger Agt.

NOTICE.

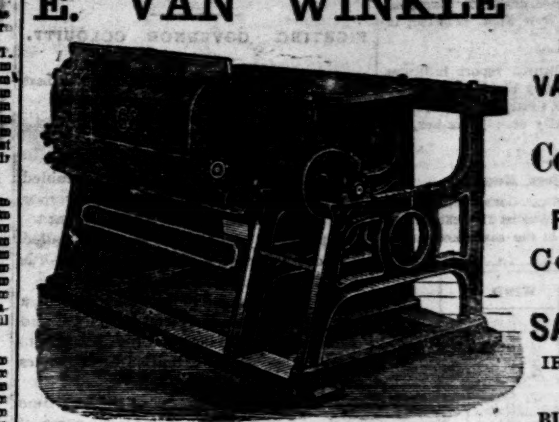
I WILL SELL ON THE 30th INSTANT, AT the Station House Pound, to the highest bidder, if not called for by the owner before day of sale, one Red Heifer, taken up by the force for running at large August 19, 1880. T. ANDERSON, Chief Police.

382 aug19—d1w

COTTON GINS, CONDENSERS, SAW MILLS, ETC.

E. VAN WINKLE. W. WALLACE BOYD.

E. VAN WINKLE & CO.,



MANUFACTURERS —OF— VAN WINKLE'S PATENT Cotton Gins, PRESSES. FEEDERS, Condensers, CIRCULAR SAW MILLS, IRON FENCING —AND— BUILDING WORK.

For Prices address E. VAN WINKLE & CO., 214 and 216 Marietta Street, and 16, 18 and 20 Foundry Street.

12 june3—d4m

PLUMBING AND GAS FITTING.

PLUMBING & GAS FITTING

We are prepared to do all kinds of the above work at short notice. We also do

Tin and Galvanized Iron Work.

PRICES REASONABLE. GIVE US A CALL.

STEWART & FAIN,

69 Whitehall Street, ATLANTA, GA.

481 aug24—d1w

MT. AIRY HOTEL.

ALL PARTIES AFFLICTED WITH

HAY FEVER

SHOULD GO TO THE

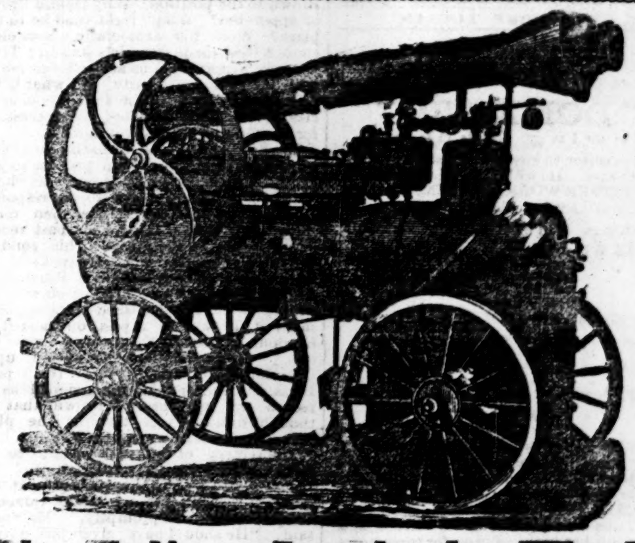
Mt. AIRY HOTEL,

Mt. Airy, Georgia.

SURE CURE!

440 aug22—d2w

STEAM ENGINES, MACHINERY, ETC.



The Eclipse Leads the World

FOR RELIABLE EXCELLENCE.

THOS. CAMP, General Agent, COVINGTON, GA.

Also, Dealer in SAW MILLS, SEPARATORS, COTTON GINS, Etc. Satisfaction fully Guaranteed in every Transaction.

535 july28—d2m

STEAM ENGINES, BOILERS, AND OTHER MACHINERY.

AGRICULTURAL ENGINES WITH THE ONLY PERFECT SPARK EXTINGUISHER Call on or address JNO. J. WHITE. 90 Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

106 mar7—d6m

STEAM ENGINES, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, ETC.



A. B. FARQUHAR,

Macon, Ga., SOUTHERN DEPOT Penn Agricultural Works,



MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

STEAM ENGINES,

SEPARATORS, THRESHING MACHINES, HORSE POWERS, Champion Reapers and Mowers, SAW AND GRIST MILLS, HANCOCK INSPIRATORS.

Send for Circular and Special Prices. A. B. FARQUHAR, or JESSOP & SMITH, Managers.

612 mar31—d6m

DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, ETC.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.

Doors, Sash and Blinds.

An immense stock on hand of our own manufacture, both WHITE and YELLOW PINE. Better than any Western made Goods brought to this market.

We are constantly Manufacturing and can fill orders of odd sizes at short notice.

RETAIL PRICE 35 PER CENT DISCOUNT from Chicago Price List. Special Prices to Contractors.

LONGLEY & ROBINSON, 38 DECATUR STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

86 june4—d3m inside

WHOLESALE GROCERIES, &c.

WM. GLENN & SONS,

HEADQUARTERS FOR

GROCERIES!

Immense Stock! Great Variety! Low Prices!

COFFEE—Rio, Santos, Laguayra, Java, Mocha.

SUGAR—New Orleans, Hard and Soft Refined.

SYRUP—New Orleans and Eastern.

RICE, TEAS, TOBACCOS, and CIGARS.

68, 70 and 72 Vine street, CINCINNATI.

68 mar5—d6m tues thur sat

TEXAS LAND FOR SALE.

NORTON MOSES, STRICKLING, BURNET county, Texas, will buy, sell, locate, lease or rent lands, survey, define boundaries and subdivide lands, render and pay taxes and redeem land sold for taxes and do a general Land Agency business. Many Georgians were killed with Fannin and others, in the struggle for Independence, whose heirs are entitled to from 4,000 to 6,000 acres of land, which, if not located before November, 1881, will be forever barred by our Constitution. Having lived 35 years in Texas, I am familiar with the Land Laws of the State and Republic, and offer for sale 75,000 acres of unimproved lands in Burnet and adjoining counties; price from 25 cents to $3.00 an acre, on easy terms. Improved farms from $600 up to $10,000, owing to size of tract and character of improvements. Business solicited. Correspondence promptly answered. May be consulted for the next 20 or 30 days at the residence of my mother, near Senoia, Georgia. Refer to Drs. J. G. & W. F. Westmoreland, Atlanta, Ga.; Dr. G. H. Page and Capt. A. Moses Senoia, Ga.; Capt J. H. Graham, Newnan, Georgia. August 18, 1880. 3.2 aug19—d&wlm

GIN.

THE BEST GIN

Is the Gullett Gin.

ALL THE COTTON BUYERS SAY SO! All the Shippers of Cotton say so! It runs light, does not knap or twist the fibre. The samples are beautiful and smooth, and your Cotton is sure to bring its value.

One Hundred Thousand Dollars would be saved by the Planters whose Cotton alone is sold in Atlanta, if all the Cotton was GINNED as well as the "GULLETT" GIN does the work.

C. H. STRONG is agent for this famous Gin. Call on him at his office, No. 77 Broad Street, corner Hunter.

380 july22—d&wkylmo

COTTON AND WEATHER.

COTTON, middling uplands, closed in Liverpool yesterday at 7⅛d; in New York, 11 15-16c; in Atlanta, 11c.

THE Signal Service Bureau report indicates for Georgia to-day, stationary barometer, stationary or lower temperature, southerly winds, shifting to north or east, partly cloudy weather, and local rains.

Daily Weather Report.

OBSERVER'S OFFICE, SIGNAL CORPS, U. S. A.
KIMBALL HOUSE, August 25, 10:31, P. M.
All observations taken at the same moment of actual time.]

NAME OF STATION.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Humidity.*	WIND. Direction.	WIND. Force.	Rainfall.	Weather
Atlanta	29.93	72	90	W.	Fresh	.08	Cloudy.
Augusta	30.08	77	82	....	Calm	.12	Fair.
Corsicana	29.97	76	86	E.	Gent	. †	Clear.
Galveston	29.98	83	79	S. E.	Fresh	00	Clear.
Indianola	29.97	82	79	S. E.	Fresh	.00	Fair.
Key West	30.02	82	75	N. E.	Fresh	.00	Clear.
Mobile	30.08	77	6	N.	Gent	.68	Lt. Rain
Montgom'ry	30.03	74	85	N. W.	Light	01	Cloudy.
New Orleans	30.03	80	82	W.	Fresh	. †	Fair.
Pensacola	30.04	78	78	N. W.	Gent	.00	Fair.
Savannah	30.05	78	78	....	Calm	.00	Clear.

*100 per cent. being complete saturation.
†Not enough to measure.

NOTE.—FORCE OF WIND: Light, 1 to 2 miles per hour, inclusive; Gentle, 3 to 5, inclusive; Fresh to 4, inclusive; Brisk, 15 to 29, inclusive; High, 30 39, inclusive.

Local Weather Report.

ATLANTA, GA., August 25, 1880.

Time.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Humidity.	WIND. Direction.	WIND. Force.	Rainfall.	WEATHER.
6:31 a m	30.03	71	90	S. W.	Fresh	.00	Cloudy.
10:31	30 05	80	78	S. W.	Light	.00	Cloudy.
2 p. m.	29.94	85	61	S. W.	Gentle	00	Cloudy.
2.31	29 92	85	61	E.	Gentle	.00	Cloudy.
9 p. m.	30.00	73	90	W.	Fresh	00	Lt. Rain.
10:31 "	29.98	72	90	W.	Fresh	08	Cloudy.

Mean daily bar	29.993	Maximum ther	.86
Mean daily ther	75 5	Minimum ther	.70
Mean daily humid.	80.3	Total rainfall	.08

H. HALL,
Corporal Signal Corps, U. S. A.

SETH THOMAS CLOCKS, SILVER-PLATED WARE, CROCKERY AND WOOD WARE, LOOKING GLASSES, LAMPS, SHOW CASES, CUTLERY, NEW STYLES DINNER AND TEA SETS, TO THE TRADE AT MANUFACTURERS PRICES AT
McBRIDE & CO.'S.
We guarantee the saving in freight on above goods to be a fair profit to Southern Merchants, and that our prices are as low as any in United States.
McBRIDE & CO.
529 jan25 -dly un we rep above pref lo

PREFERRED LOCALS.

The Light-Running
"DOMESTIC"
Sewing Machine
Is far superior to any other make known in the market. It will LAST LONGER. It does BETTER WORK. It RUNS EASIER. This IS GUARANTEED.
Southern Distributing Agency,
43 Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga.
000 mar18—dtf

A CHALLENGE
TO THE SINGER MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

Fred Bell & Co's wholesale Sewing Machine office, in Atlanta, is directly opposite the Singer office, and large numbers of Stewart machines are on hand and daily shipments made and received.

All this is in plain view of the Singer office and has been going on for three years.

The Singer Company, through their emissaries, inform the public these machines are liable to some claim or other in favor of the Singer Company.

The Singer Company have threatened these things for three years.

For three years they have failed to take the first legal step to assert their pretended claims.

For three years they have been challenged to come into court on any question they may trump up.

The Singer Company is now challenged to commence any proceedings they threaten—and defied to bring proof that any goods sold by Fred Bell & Co., infringe on their legal rights.

They dare not so print it in plain language. FRED BELL & CO.
483 july27—d12m pre lo

HAVE YOUR
WATCHES AND JEWELRY
Repaired by Skilled Workmen, at
J. P. STEVENS & CO.,
34 WHITEHALL STREET,
ATLANTA, GA
48 mar1 dly

MEETINGS.

[Notices of meetings, not exceeding ten lines, will be inserted under this head for one dollar.]

Royal Ar. . . . members!

Meet promptly at the hall to-night at 8:30 o'clock. I am requested by the Collector to say that this is the last meeting night you will have to pay your assessment that is now due.
G. S. PRIOR,
aug26—d1t Secretary.

CHIT-CHAT.

—All of the justice courts were busy yesterday.

—The baggage transfer room is to have a new floor.

—Travel was very heavy on all the trains yesterday.

—Driving is becoming more popular every day.

—Talk of widening Whitehall street is still heard.

—The railroad war at New Orleans has ended and the old passenger rates have been restored.

—The furniture for the government offices in the "custom house," so-called, is coming in.

—The Macon and Americus delegations who interviewed the railroad commissioners left yesterday.

—The colored Baptists of Atlanta constitute about one-twentieth of the entire number in the state.

—Quite a number of colored people in Atlanta are going to the colored Sunday-school celebration at Decatur to-morrow.

—The "L. M. Hill" engine on the Georgia railroad yesterday, by a misplaced switch, was thrown on to a siding and damaged a few cars.

—A large crowd of colored people leave here Saturday morning for the colored camp meeting at Biddle university, Charlotte, N. C. The camp meeting lasts ten days.

PAVEMENT PRATTLE.

—General Longstreet has not left for Turkey yet, but is still at Gainesville.

—All the railroads leading into the city are doing a fine freight business.

—Decatur is crowded with summer visitors from Savannah and Augusta.

—Good rains are reported as having fallen along the line of the Air-Line railroad.

—Some miserable looking gypsies are unfolding the future to some of our citizens.

—The National hotel will present an improved appearance when the additions that are being made are completed.

—A three-story tenement house containing twenty-four rooms has just reached completion near the cotton factory.

—Mrs. Hyde, of Decatur, has in charge a pleasant concert which will be given at Decatur to-night for the benefit of the Baptist church of that place.

—The workmen engaged upon the repairs at the car-shed allow the unsightly pile of dirt and old lumber to remain on the sidewalk near the passenger entrance longer than seems necessary

Barbecue at Covington.

The citizens of Newton county are getting up a grand old-fashioned barbecue for next Saturday, when they expect to be addressed by the gubernatorial candidates and indulge in a good old ante-bellum political jollification.

SMITH ON THE STUMP

FIGHTING GOVERNOR COLQUITT.

The Ex-Governor's Speech at the Capitol Last Night—He Explains the Political Situation as He Views it, and Emphasizes His Objections to Gov. Colquitt.

Last night quite an audience assembled at the state-house to hear ex-Governor Smith's discussion of the topics now agitating the state. Colonel G. W. Adair called the house to order, and in a few brief words introduced the ex-governor.

Mr. Smith prefaced his remarks with a few complaints of physical weakness, and regretted his inability on that account to devote the proper attention to the topics he proposed to discuss.

Beginning he said: "For the first time in the history of the democratic party of Georgia it enters a political contest without a recognized leader, and with two avowed democrats contending for the high office of governor. It is impossible to exaggerate the great injury that may occur not only to the state, but to the democracy of the whole land, by this fact. We must remember that this is a presidential year, and that the interest of the whole country is at stake, and that there is but one way to counteract the evil influence thus brought to bear, and that is by the people of Georgia making a thorough investigation of the question and by putting their condemnation on such acts.

"I shall ask you to believe nothing that I cannot prove, but if my views are sustained by facts and backed up by evidence, he who disbelieves them dishonors himself."

Mr. Smith then spoke of the contending candidates and said that personally he had nothing against Governor Colquitt; that he was his friend, but that that was no reason why he should support him for governor or none why he should not oppose him.

"In discussing this question to night," Mr. Smith said, "I shall not go back but two or three months. It won't be necessary to go further into the past. And first, the people will not soon forget the effect upon the public mind produced by the resignation of General Gordon. Not that he had no right to resign, but the time and circumstances under which he resigned created the comment. Why did he resign just upon the eve of the adjournment of congress? No complaint had ever been made about the inadequacy of the pay. The people could not imagine why he should resign, and they had a right to know why he did so. But, no; they could not come to the light and say why. And in connection therewith was the appointment of ex Governor Brown to the position. Why should Brown be appointed? What right had he to the place? Were his democratic views clear enough to be made Georgia's senator? True, he was reported to be acting in harmony with the democratic party, but what is his past record! Now, I don't propose to criticise Governor Brown. There's no necessity, for he won't be elected, anyhow."

Mr. Smith then referred to Governor Colquitt's religion, but did not propose to jeer at it. He had a right to his religious views, he thought; and said that all are responsible to the same tribunal. He then made reference to Governor Brown's past record as a democrat, and arraigned his conduct directly after the war. He spoke of the difficulty between Gordon and Brown, and assigned this as another reason why the people should be astonished at the appointment of Brown to a position vacated by Gordon. Governor Brown was accused of practicing deception upon the democratic party in the past. He said Governor Colquitt assigned as his reason for appointing Brown that he thought him the best man for the place and added that this was a poor reason.

The secrecy of the appointment, as he termed it, was closely criticised and the manner with which the appointment was received was discussed. "Here Governor Colquitt did not act promptly," Mr. Smith said. "He should have given publicity to the whole transaction and thus avoided this whole controversy, but no, he must do as he did and now go before the people and ask a vindication on account of that action."

Reference was made to Governor Colquitt and General Gordon stumping the state, and asking for the former's nomination. The speaker said that together they traversed the country and appealed to the pride and prejudices of the people for a vindication, as it was called, of the charges of crime made against him. They referred to the people who justly opposed him as liars and thieves. "Was this right?" the speaker continued. "Should a man who fills the high position of governor call his opponents liars and thieves? Is it befitting the exalted office?" Mr. Smith went on to say that Governor Colquitt had said that if any one accused him of making the appointment for a moneyed consideration he would make the blood gush from their necks. The mails were flooded with letters making strong appeals to the Christian people all over the state to rally to the "floating banner of the Ming of Kings." It was asserted that Colquitt was being persecuted for Christ's sake; that opposition to Colquitt was opposition to religion, and that those who opposed him were infidels and skeptics.

Then Mr. Smith spoke of the convention and the agreement of Governor Colquitt to abide by the action thereof, provided the two-thirds rule should be adopted as the law of nominations in that body. He said: "What obligation did he take upon himself when he authorized General Young, his friend, to move the adoption of the two-thirds rule in the convention? Now, I ask, in all candor of his friends here to night was not Governor Colquitt bound by this action, in morals, in honor and in religion not to accept a candidacy unless conferred by the convention under the two thirds rule? Was he not bound in honor, neither by himself nor friends to throw any obstacle in the way of a nomination by the two thirds rule in the convention? Did he not in effect say that it was the duty of the convention to make a nomination under the two-thirds rule? That the majority rule for nominating should not obtain in the convention? Was not he pledged in honor to reject a candidacy unless tendered by a two thirds vote of the convention?

Permit me to pause here a moment and inquire who was the disorganizer in this convention? Was it the governor who introduced the two-thirds rule in the convention, and then abrogated that rule to accept of a candidacy under a different rule, or was it the minority who accepted the governor's two-thirds rule, and never claimed a right which it did not give them, and who protested to the last, against its abrogation? To ask this question is to answer it.

They may fill whole columns with figures but it won't help out. He stands the same. Why would not the minority yield? has been frequently asked. I will point out to you why they should not and did not yield.

And the first reason to which I call your attention is the Alston fee case. During the administration of Governor Bullock he engaged the services of Messrs. Baugh and Garlington, of Atlanta, to prosecute a claim in behalf of the state against the United States government. When his successor came into office he found that claim still pending, and that Governor Bullock had agreed to advance to the agents named $3,000 in cash and to allow them 12½ per cent of any amount of the claim which might be recovered by them. At the instance of the agents the claim was renewed before congress, but with little prospect of recovery. In 1873 Colonel Baugh, one of the agents, was allowed to associate the late Colonel R. A. Alston with himself and General Garlington in the prosecution of the claim. Later, when Mr. Baugh became a hopeless paralytic, other eminent counsel were added, and it was then agreed that in no event should the compensation of the agents exceed 25 per cent of the amount collected.

"I here state positively that when I left the office of governor of the state I did not know that Messrs. Alston and Garlington pretended that they were to have as much as 25 per cent of the amount of the claim collected. I did not intend ever to give them the right to make such a claim unless it could be shown that they had necessarily incurred extraordinary expenses which required it. The case was never before the court of claims, and no extraordinary expenses could have been incurred on that account. And for this trouble the state paid $45,000, and to-day is liable to pay the debt again, as there is no record of that amount ever having been paid."

Mr. Smith then made reference to the manner in which the money was collected from the United States government by Governor Colquitt in person and the way it was paid to the attorneys.

Next he took up the Northeastern railroad bond case and reviewed the action of the legislature on the question of indorsing bonds for internal improvements. The various trials that were made to secure an indorsement subsequent to the passage of that law and the final result; the advice of Attorneys-General Ely and Hammond was reproduced, and the injunction granted Judge Rice spoken of. "But," said Mr. Smith, "when Joe Brown's opinion was heard the thing was settled, and Colquitt signed the bonds."

Passing on, the speaker came to the wild land question, and said: "The next matter that I call your attention to is the wild land troubles which led to the impeachment and conviction of Comptroller-General Goldsmith. I here state that the reports of Comptroller-General Goldsmith fully pointed out to Governor Colquitt all the difficulties which environed the subject of the taxation of wild lands in the state of Georgia. No person can read the report of this unfortunate official, made to the governor in the early part of 1878, without feeling that it was then his purpose to be honest. This report, in a very brief but comprehensive way, placed the governor in possession of all information needed to secure justice to the tax-payers of the state. The facts showed that it was impossible, under the existing laws, to collect the taxes without doing great wrong to the honest people of the state of Georgia."

If you will turn to section seventy-five of the code of Georgia, you will find the governor is invested with power to suspend collecting of taxes until the next meeting of the general assembly. Suppose the governor, when he was advised in these wild land troubles, had exercised the power given him by law, and had suspended the collection of these taxes until the meeting of the legislature. Would he not have saved the state of Georgia and his own administration from the terrible disgrace which fell upon them by the trial and conviction of poor Goldsmith? If the governor had done his duty would Goldsmith have been convicted?

The penitentiary lease system was next discussed. The origin thereof and the causes which led to the law establishing the same under Governor Bullock's administration were given. He also said: It will be borne in mind that since the war the increase of felonies has been very great in this state. During fifty years of the history of the state penitentiary before the war the convicts then cost annually, over and above all the means of the institution, $210 per capita. At the time the late lease contracts, which are so much complained of, were made, the number of convicts were, say 1,300. Multiply this by 210 and we have, say one fourth of a million of dollars. We certainly could not expect to support convicts now for less than under the old system.

It is complained that there are great abuses in the present system. This I am prepared in a measure to admit, but who is responsible for these abuses? We are poor, and in this matter in a great measure the creatures of necessity. But is there necessity for abuses of this system? Let us inquire. If you will turn to the laws you will find that the governor of the state is empowered to correct every possible abuse in the present system. In the governor is invested by law power to inspect, not only at stated times but at all times, the physical condition of the convicts. He can do this through his principal keeper of the penitentiary. He may do it by any other agents, and he has a contingent fund to pay such agents. He has it in his power to ascertain whether they have been properly treated; whether they have been properly fed, clothed, and properly attended to in sickness. If in any of these respects the governor has failed to come up to the full measure of his duty, it is not because he lacked power under the law, but because he has failed to discharge his duty. It is useless to discuss this question. If Alston's report be true, the system ought to be abrogated.

Mr. Smith spoke of the limited attention given the lessees by the superintendent of the penitentiary. He referred to his having employed secret service men during his administration who detected violations of law on the part of the lessee and his annuling of the contract therefor.

The compromise in the Jones case was taken up and debated at length, and then, with a eulogy upon Mr. Norwood and a statement that he (Smith) did not want the office to which Governor Colquitt had appointed him, he closed. About his position, he said that he proposed to resign, but would do so when Norwood could appoint his successor.

CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO.
WILL OFFER EXTRA BARGAINS FOR NEXT TWO WEEKS IN THEIR
Dress Goods Department, Linen Department, Ladies' Underwear Department,
Fancy Goods Department, Boot and Shoe Department, and Carpet Department,
TO MAKE ROOM FOR THE LARGEST STOCK OF
Their Own Importation!
That is now being bought by their Mr. Boynton, who is now in Europe, and by their Mr. Johnson, who is now in New York, buying the largest general stock ever offered by them. Call early as we are selling Genuine Bargains
CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO.,
66 and 68 Whitehall and from 1 to 15 Hunter Street.

A. O. M. GAY & CO.
MEN'S, YOUTH'S AND BOYS'
CLOTHING,
HATS, FURNISHING GOODS, TRUNKS, TRAVELING BAGS, UMBRELLAS, WALKING CANES,
Etc. Fresh Stock. Good Goods. Latest Styles. Prices the Lowest.
37 PEACHTREE STREET, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
000 aug26—d1t thur sat tues un ch bu & co

RECORDER'S RECEPTION.

The Sorrow of a Poor Old Man.

The curtain was rung up at the usual hour yesterday, and the beaming faces of the chief and their honor beamed upon a considerable crowd. An excitable gentleman from the vicinity of West End labored under a charge of drunk and disorderly.

"Do you deny being drunk, and cutting up?" inquired his honor.

"I do in toto," replied the prisoner with stinging emphasis.

"Do you deny hurling a bird cage at your better half?"

"I do not—that is not altogether exactly."

"You are herewith fined five and cost Should you come back again, I will not allow you to pay a fine, but will send you to the quarry."

A middle-aged colored brother, Simmons, stated to his honor that the white youth named Schell, who stood before him, had larrupped with a lath a very little negro boy at the car shed. Simmons said that he made Schell stop beating the lad, when another white boy named Profit, Schell's friend, stepped up and put in his mouth, at which Simmons threatened to "refer him to a policeman," whereupon Profit casually observed, "Refer and be damned." He was then told per Simmons that he would "whale him," upon which Profit, according to Simmons, "put his hand in a cuttin' posish," and the darkey retired. The little negro said that he was not only beaten, with a lath but that he had likewise been stricken with a burning cigar stump. Profit and Schell stated that they were agents for the Cincinnati Times and Star and were seated upon a truck in the carshed looking over their subscription books when suddenly the small black boy began a series of tappings upon the end of the truck. This disturbed their calculations and so maddened them that one of them arose and smote him. His honor, true to the principles of eternal justice, decided that the diminutive boy had as much right to drum upon one end of the truck as they had to sit on the middle and think, and accordingly fined Schell and Profit $5 each. The trans action was put down to Profit and loss.

"Old Limerick" alias Mr. Powell now appeared upon the scene with a red bandanna so surrounding his head that one corner of it flapped lazily in the breeze which lovingly tanned the back of his neck. As usual, the shabby tragedian had been very drunk and disorderly. He at once began an impassioned oration by stating with an impressive gesture that at the time of his arrest "he hadn't a drink of liquor in him," when his honor cut him short with the information that he must visit the quarry for thirty days. "Oh, your honor, let me speak one word. Oh, my lord, don't send me. I can't work (throwing off his coat and baring his left shoulder through a rent in his shirt) I'm a cripple!" But his honor was firm and responded: "You needn't work—just stay there." And the poor old man went sobbing and moaning into the back room. Not a cent, not a friend, a sot and white-haired! God pity the sorrows of a poor old man!

A. O. M. Gay & Co.
37 PEACHTREE STREET.
Throw open their doors to-day and invite their friends and the public to call and inspect their stock. Although they have not all their goods in their stock approaches completion. Everything fresh, new and stylish. aug26—d1t 2d or 3d col

ECKFORD'S DANCING ACADEMY.

Contest for the Prize Medal for Proficiency in Dancing.

Yesterday was a gala day at Professor Eckford's dancing academy. It was the occasion of the contest for a beautiful gold medal to be presented to the most proficient member of the juvenile class. About 4 o'clock the pupils assembled at the dancing hall, and after selecting Mrs. Taylor, Mrs. Harwell, Miss Lizzie Johnson and Miss Bostwick as a committee of judges, the pleasant contest began. The pupils showed a remarkable degree of careful training, but it was evident almost from the first that the medal would be won by Master Charlie Wynn who, although he has been a pupil of the school for only a short time, danced with singular grace and ease. Professor Eckford has been successful to the greatest degree in training him. When the contest was ended and the matter submitted to the judges, they soon announced that the medal was rightly won by Charlie, and Miss Taylor delivered it in a becoming manner.

Professor Eckford, we are sorry to know, will leave Atlanta about the 15th of September and make Cincinnati his future home. He has been in Atlanta only about six months, yet during that time has made hosts of friends who will regret to see him leave the city. Since he has been here he has taught over two hundred and fifty pupils, and the universal approval his patrons bestow upon his plan of teaching shows the estimation in which his work is held.

State Prohibition Convention.

J. O. Perkins, acting chairman of the national prohibition reform party for this state, has issued a call for a convention of the party to convene in Atlanta on Thursday, September 2d, for the purpose of nominating a ticket of presidential electors on the prohibition platform, and to select a state central committee, and transact other business connected with the temperance cause. The party favors the enactment of constitutional and statutory laws prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquors except for mechanical, medicinal and sacramental purposes.

More Racket.

On Tuesday night quite a mob banded together and began a parade of Decatur street, near the cemetery.

They pulled the pailings from the fences in front of residences in that locality, and, using them as guns, had a regular military parade.

Being so far from the center of town, they feared no interruption by the police, and carried things high, much to the annoyance of the citizens in that end of town.

A policeman can't be everywhere, but one should be detailed for that section of Decatur street.

Culberson's Loss.

Last night Mr. Culberson's store out near the Decatur street railroad crossing was burglarized. The thieves prized open the door with a pick or crow-bar, and entering the store possessed themselves of a box and a half of tobacco, one hundred pounds of flour, about one hundred pounds of bacon, some cigars, etc. Mr. Culberson was sleeping in the rear of his store, but did not discover the thieves until they were ready to leave. The case will be worked up to-day by the authorities

Violating the Corn Laws.

United States Commissioner W. B. Smith yesterday had the following parties before him on a charge of illicit distilling:

Wardlaw McBurnett, of Haralson county. Discharged for want of proof.

Cap Brown, of the same county. Discharged for a similar reason.

Nicholas McBurnett, of the same county. Case continued until to-day

That New Furniture.

Yesterday three car loads of furniture for the custom house arrived. It comprised part of the postoffice equipments, some for the collector's office, and complete sets for the district attorney's office and the district court room. Three more car loads will be here in a day or so. The new furniture is walnut, and is not only handsome, but very elegant.

Southern Conservatory of Music.

Professor E. A. Schultze, assisted by his accomplished lady, established the Atlanta musical institute some months ago. In a short time the institute had an established reputation over the state. Such has been the success of Professor Schultze, and so large the number of pupils, that he has sent north and engaged additional teachers of acknowledged ability. He has also purchased a number of superior musical instruments and having perfected every arrangement has opened a conservatory of music, which is the first in the state if not in the south.

Clayton Superior Court.

The September term of Clayton superior court will convene one week from Monday next, at which time an investigation will be had into the case of the Jonesboro prisoners now confined in Fulton county jail. These prisoners have had no preliminary trial, and their first appearance in court will be under an indictment by the grand jury of Clayton county.

The A. P. C.

Last night the Atlanta pleasure club was organized, with the following officers:

President, Mr. J. B. Hollis; vice-president, Mr. J. H. Langford; secretary, Mr. Charles Safford; treasurer, Mr. C. M. Cohen.

The object of the organization is pleasure, and monthly hops will constitute the principal feature.

Whalen's Suit.

NEW YORK, August 25—In the suit of J. A. Whalen against General P. H. Sheridan for the recovery of damages alleged to have been sustained by plaintiff by the confiscation of his property known as the Killena plantation, Judge Choate to-day rendered a decision denying the motion to file and serve a bill of exceptions. The trial resulted in a verdict for the defendant.

A Bad Dog.

Emma Wilson was passing down Decatur street yesterday evening, and when near Calhoun was set upon by a large bull dog and badly bitten about the face and shoulders before the dog could be taken off.

From Alabama.

CINCINNATI, August 25.—The first bale of new cotton from Alabama to this market was sold at the cotton exchange to-day for 18⅛ cents a pound. It came from Decatur, Alabama.

SIDEWALK NOTES.

—Did you ever see a rotten Cypress Shingle?

—Anthracite, Coal Creek and Montevallo Coal at bottom figures, 8 Loyd street, near "Markham House." Sciple & Sons.

—Cypress Shingles for sale by Sciple & Sons, 8 Loyd street.

—They say Cypress Shingles will last 4,000 years

—Cypress Shingles never rot—stay on a roof till worn out and washed off by the rain. Sciple & Sons, 8 Loyd street.

—Why get excited and fall out with your neighbor about the election? If you suffer with neuralgia or headache, take Neuralgine and keep in good humor with yourself and the rest of mankind.

—See notice of Royal Arcanum in another column.

—Cypress Shingles.—10 car loads Cypress Shingles in store and to arrive, for sale by car load and less, No. 8 Loyd street. Sciple & Sons.

—Don't forget the moonlight excursion and Concert at Decatur to-night. Trains leave at 5 and 6:20 p m. An extra train will run from Decatur to Atlanta after the performance is over. The concert will take place at the court-house. Admittance only 25 cents.

GENERAL WALKER'S CAPTURE.

He Explains How He was Taken—One Infantryman Didn't Do It, He Says.

A short time ago, THE CONSTITUTION published a letter written by Mr. Jacob W. Cobb, of Americus, detailing the manner in which he says he captured General Francis A. Walker, now at the head of the census department. The letter had a wide circulation, and has brought the following reply from General Walker, which is too good to keep:

WASHINGTON, August 21, 1880—Editors Constitution: It is not to be supposed that the public are greatly interested in the mode of my capture by the confederates at Ream's station in 1864, but I cannot consent to remain in the somewhat ludicrous attitude in which Mr. Jacob Cobb has placed me by his letter published in your journal. Certainly I never saw the infantryman who could make me go on before him into the enemy's lines simply by keeping a gun pointed at my head so long as I had a good horse between my legs and my sword and revolver in my belt as described by Mr. Cobb. Either the brave scout has in mind the capture of some other union officer, or he has mingled with his recollections of this episode the features of some other of his (doubtless) many gallant exploits.

After the close of the fight at Reams's station, on the 25th of August, General Hancock directed me to visit each division commander and instruct him to strengthen his skirmish line preparatory to the withdrawal of our troops. The night was dark, a Virginia thunderstorm impending.

Setting out in quest of General Gibbon, I was advised by an officer of the staff whom I encountered, to ride straight out on the path I had taken. Either he was mistaken in this advice, or I lost the path in the darkness, for, just as a man might fall through a bridge at night if the planks had been taken up, so I rode directly through a break in our line, of which I was not advised, caused by the surrender about nightfall of Colonel Curtis, with the bulk of the 19th and 20th Massachusetts regiments. If any evil-designing confederate accompanied me (his gun eveled and cocked) across the brief space between the two armies, as described by Mr. Cobb, I was as unconscious of it as men generally are of the benignant providence which accompanies them on their journey of life. I indulged in no dialogue, such as is recited, for the best of good reasons, viz: that I saw no one to talk with. The first word I heard was the challenge, "who goes there?" Not doubting that I had at last reached the old skirmish line, I answered "a friend," and dropped the reins on my horse's neck. Immediately I was surrounded by confederates, who seizing my horse and myself, commanded me to dismount. Resistance was not useless, merely, it was impossible, and I gave up horse, hardware and person, as prize of war.

The countersign of the army of the Potomac for the week, and a letter from General Meade giving in detail the warrants and positions of the several corps, consequent upon the actions of the day, were in my pocket, but these I managed to destroy before it was suspected that papers of importance might be on my person. No one demanded my money or watch.

My money, excepting two bills stuffed into my right cheek, I left, two days later, on the bank of the Appomattox, where I stripped to swim that stream after breaking away from my guards on the railroad between Petersburg and Richmond. The only watch I ever owned is still ticking in my pocket as I write these lines.

From the above recital it will appear that Mr. Cobb is mistaken in some of his reminiscences of the affair. Either he has got hold of the wrong yankee or his recollection has become confused after the passage of sixteen years (next Wednesday.)

I have tried, Messrs Editors, during the three days which have elapsed since this account of my capture was shown me to keep from writing anything about a matter of so little intrinsic consequence; but my gorge has continued to rise at the idea of a staff officer who had ridden through the leaden hail of twenty battles being toted along as a prisoner (still mounted and armed), and by one infantryman, under threat of having one bullet fired at him in the dark. So, please accept this as a protest on behalf of the general staff, and not as the suggestion of personal vanity. Truly yours, FRANCIS A WALKER,
Late A. A. G. 2d corps, Army of the Potomac.

We learn from Mr. J. W. Brady, who saw Mr. Cobb's letter when he wrote it, that Mr. Cobb submitted the letter to Mr. Lane, who was in the same company, and who knew the facts, and that Mr. Lane said the facts as related were true.

General Walker was a gallant officer, and is a fine gentleman, and we are satisfied that when Mr. Cobb captured him he did not know that it was one infantryman alone who was taking him.

THE IRON BUSINESS.

Encouraging Reports from Alabama.

Mr. Nat. A. Haven has just returned from a trip through Alabama and Mississippi. He is an observing man, and yesterday a CONSTITUTION man tapped him, and here is what he says:

"Yes; I have just returned from a trip through Alabama and Mississippi, and the crops are splendid. The corn crop in Mississippi is as fine as it is in Iowa, and there is no end to the cotton."

"What about the caterpillar?"

"Around Demopolis there is considerable complaint about the worm, but they are working the paris green liberally, and they will make as much as they can pick out."

"Are the people in debt?"

"Not much. They got so in some parts of these states that they could not get credit, and it is the best thing in the world for them. They are all happy now."

"What about the negroes who left there for Kansas?"

"Oh, they are all coming back that can get back. They are the most disgusted people in the world. I talked to some that had returned, and it is amusing to hear them talk about their trip."

"What are the iron men in Alabama doing?"

"Working like beavers. getting out more iron than any year before."

"What do they do with it?"

"Ship it to Pittsburg and western cities. Formerly they shipped the ore, now they ship pig iron, and great quantities of it. It pays handsomely."

Mr. Haven is one of our enterprising citizens, and has in contemplation the erection, at this place, of a large grain elevator. He has been agitating the subject some time, and says he has a company now almost complete to commence the work.

Ticket-of-Leave Man.

The above titled drama is now being rehearsed by some of Atlanta's best amateur talent and will be brought out at DeGive's opera house early in September.

The play is one of the best ever produced in this country, and was made a specialty for quite a while by Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Florence, of the American stage.

The affair is being conducted by Mr. Joseph Auerbach, who has had an abundance of experience as a manager of dramatic association, and his connection alone is a guarantee of success.

Bob Brierly, the leading character, will be well sustained by Mr. Ed Young whose dramatic powers are well known in Atlanta. Any comment as to the rendition of this character is unnecessary.

Hawkshaw, a detective, is assigned to Mr. Auerbach. Mary Edwards, the leading female role, will be assumed by Mrs. Capwell, whose powers, too, are well-known Miss Julia Rosenbaum will faithfully represent Mrs. Willoughby, and the rest of the characters will be well sustained

The proceeds of the entertainment will be given to the Atlanta hospital, and it is to be hoped that Atlanta's citizens will thus extend a helping hand to this refuge. Mr. DeGive has kindly tendered the use of the opera house.

The exact date of the appearance will be advertised in THE CONSTITUTION.

Stamp-Washers Arrested.

George B. Chamberlin, inspector, writes under date of 21st instant from Wilmington, N. C., to Colonel Frey, of this city, that he has arrested J. H. Grotgen and Emil Benteli, of Wilmington, on a charge of washing and reusing official postage stamps. Grotgen was examined before the United States court and held for trial in $200 bond. By the stupidity of a witness Benteli came clear, but Mr. Chamberlin is convinced of his guilt, and will lay the case before a grand jury. These parties have been extensively engaged in the washing, reusing and selling of old stamps, and it is thought that their arrest will put a stop to the business in that locality.

—A. O. M. Gay & Co.'s, 37 Peachtree street, to-day.

PERSONALIA.

—T. A. Barnes, of Senoia, is here.

—J. W. Glenn, of Conyers, is here.

—W. P. Inman is at White Sulphur.

—Hayne Ellis, of Macon, is in the city.

—J. W. Stephens, of LaGrange, is in the city.

—Mrs. Dr. Holt, of Macon, is visiting the city.

—Rev. A. VanHoose, of Senoia, is in the city.

—D. Robinson, of Albany, is visiting the city.

—M. N. Sutton, of Seneca, S. C., is in the city.

—Ira E. Smith, of Brunswick, is in the city.

—W. P. Foster, of Rome, is visiting the city.

—J. M. Billups, Jr., of New York, is in the city.

—J. R. Ellerson, of Richmond, Va., is in the city.

—Thornton Wheatley, of Americus, is in the city.

—Abda Johnson, of Cartersville is in the city.

—J. Emmett Blackshear, of Macon, is in the city.

—Mrs. Neely, of Gaylesville, Ala., is in the city.

—Mrs. M. S. Brewer, of Memphis, is in the city.

—Davenport Jackson, of Augusta, is in the city.

—J. G. Long, of St. Augustine, Fla., is in the city.

—John Keely left for New York yesterday evening.

—G. Schaefer and family have gone to Mt. Airy.

—E. B. Robinson, of Detroit, is visiting Atlanta.

—H. H. Colquitt returned yesterday from Chicago.

—J. C. Johnson, of Lithonia, was in the city yesterday.

—J. R. Wallace and wife, of Mississippi, are in the city.

—A. G. Howard and family left yesterday for Greensboro, N. C.

—Mrs. F. W. Sims and daughter, of Savannah, are in the city.

—Rev. Walter R. Branham, of Oxford, was in the city yesterday.

—J. W. Anderson, of the Covington Star, was in the city yesterday.

—J. H. Cole, of the Atlanta and West Point railroad, is in town.

—John Mabbett, of Quitman, is in the city, the guest of Mr. Razor.

—R. P. Washington and H. V. Washington, of Macon, are in the city.

—A. O. M. Gay & Co. are opening in their new rooms on Peachtree street.

—Bishop Henry Quigg and Miss Lizzie Quigg, of Conyers, are in the city.

—Miss Ida Duncan, of Crew street, is visiting Miss Jennie Durham, of Decatur.

—C. R. Williams, of St. Louis, a fine sample of western productions, is in the city.

—C. Henry Cohen, W. L. Boyce, and J. W. Platt, of Augusta, were in Atlanta yesterday.

—John A. Grant, superintendent of the Memphis and Charleston railroad, is in Atlanta.

—J. Jay Cohen, of Augusta, passed through here yesterday en route to White Sulphur.

—W. M. Hurds left yesterday for Jonesboro, where he goes to purchase cotton for Inman & Co.

—J. E. Neal, of the Dahlonega Sentinel, is in town looking up the interest of his sterling sheet.

—The Misses Watson and Murphy, of West End, returned yesterday from their trip to Catoosa.

—Andrew Bates offers some fine law books and office furniture and fixtures for sale. See notice.

—Miss Ida Chesspy, who has been visiting friends in Atlanta, returned to her home in Newnan on Tuesday.

—Earnest M. Word, editor of the DeKalb County News, was in the city yesterday. He's a Word the ladies like.

—A. Haight and lady, of Coup's circus, left yesterday for Montgomery. They will return to Atlanta in about ten days.

—E. D. Christian, the cashier of the Kimball, is again at his post. Shoot the newspaper that says there is one Christian at the Kimball.

—O. J. Culberson, of West End, is having his store completely renovated, and will soon be able to give his customers the best of groceries.

—E. C. Bruffey, who has had considerable experience in this and other cities in newspaper work, is now connected with the local department of THE CONSTITUTION. He is an active news gatherer, and will aid to keep our readers fully posted in the local news.

The Sunday-School Mass Meeting.

We expect to see the First Baptist church crowded with Sunday-school people on Friday night. Mr. Courtney will deliver an address upon the great world's Sunday-school centennial, and being an eloquent and effective speaker, it will be well worth hearing. The "service of singing" will be equal to a first-class concert. Don't fail to be at the First Baptist on Friday night.

At the Rolling Mill Cemetery.

Stephen Creus was buried yesterday evening at the Rolling Mill cemetery. He died Tuesday afternoon, after a lingering illness, at his father's residence near Bellwood, at the age of sixteen. Quite a large procession followed the remains to their last resting place.

A Search Warrant.

Yesterday Judge Rhea issued a search warrant because Alice Bryant believed that Josephine Johnson had secreted about her premises some of Alice's wearing apparel. The warrant was duly executed, but no goods were found.

Postponed.

Kitty Bass was before Judge Waters yesterday morning to try her title to some household goods, but a continuance was asked and granted. The case will be disposed of to-day.

GATE CITY GUARD POINTS.

—The United States booth will be in charge of Mrs. General Hunt. The ladies at this booth will wear handsome costumes of red, white and blue.

—On Sunday night, September 12, the Gate City Guard, in fatigue uniform, will attend the Central Presbyterian church. Chaplain Boggs will preach an appropriate sermon.

—The booth dedicated in honor of Ireland, and decorated accordingly, will be in charge of Mrs. Professor W. H. Peck and a bevy of accomplished ladies. "Cead mille failthe."

Broom Corn.

In reply to some questions asked us, we state that a rich soil will produce a flourishing growth of broom corn, and if the soil is clayey, covered with clods, or new turned sod, should be well rolled after deep plowing and harrowing have been performed. In sowing the seed they should be distributed with regularity, and at equal depths, to obviate cutting a second time. For a month after the germ sprouts the soil should be diligently cultivated and hoed, unless the land is free from weeds, which otherwise rob the green shoot of its nutrition and sap its very life. It should be cut while green, and when at slight pressure milk exudes from the seed; if left later, the tips turn red or brown, and should the ripe standing corn receive a shower may even become black. Color will largely determine the value of the brush. Scraping and curling should be looked after. When cut and carried to the sheds, they (the sheds) should be opened at the sides and ends for free circulation of air. The brush should not be allowed to lie in the field after cutting, which would turn it yellow or whiten it, but immediately after scraping should be placed on slats in the sheds, and when dry is ready for baling. It should be baled on a press, armfuls should be laid alternately each way, and when the brush is short a little occasionally in the middle to hold it together.

The East Tennessee Railroad Accident

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: The article in your issue of this date headed "A Railroad Wreck," and written by R. T. Hanks, does great injustice to the management of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia road as also the employes of the wrecked train. I happened to be aboard the wrecked train in the Memphis and Lynchburg sleeper "Inka" and the first thing after the crash I heard Colonel Isham Young, the conductor of the train, calling to the men in the sleeper to come forward and help. Colonel Young worked most manfully the whole time and I am sure he was the first one to go forward. At the time of the wreck Colonel Young was going through the Pullman sleeper. With the exception of one man every employe of the train was wounded; the unhurt man was sent immediately by Colonel Young to Knoxville for assistance. As every tale of fiction as well as fact has to have a hero—some genuine, others bogus—it seems that Mr. Hanks makes haste to robe himself in hero garments, and assumes credit for himself, that if justly due would be bestowed by others. From Mr. Hanks's article every one will concede to him the palm for rapid dressing. He says: "It struck the bridge at one o'clock at night, and in an instant the sleeping passengers were thrown pell mell into the most complete wreck, experienced railroad men say, they had ever seen." He here goes on to describe the position of the different cars after the wreck, and says: "As I was in the rear sleeper, the only car not wrecked, I began dressing before the fatal plunge of the ladies car occurred, and in less than three minutes, I had climbed by broken timbers into the ladies' car and was shouting to the sufferers that help had come." And further, "I carried a lamp with me snatched from the hand of some confused wild man outside."

The dressing feat far surpasses that of Wm. Horace Lingard, the champion changist. The lamp snatching leaves a doubt as to who the confused wild man was, the snatcher or the one snatched from. Confused wild men generally snatch at anything.

No one, including the enemies of the road, place any blame on the company for this accident that was caused by a water-spout—clearly an act of providence—and every one that I saw at this wreck (except Mr. Hanks) concedes to Colonel Isham Young, the conductor of the ill-fated train, the honor of being the true hero of the occasion. Respectfully,
W. H. CLAYTON.

Closing Stock Quotations.

NEW YORK, August 25—The stock market opened strong in the early dealings, the improvement ranging from ¼ to 2⅝ per cent, coal shares being most conspicuous. During the afternoon realizing sales caused a reaction which was subsequently partially recovered In the late dealings the market again fell off, the reaction ranging from ¼ to 1⅛ per cent. At the close, a firmer feeling prevailed and prices recovered ⅛ to ⅛ per cent. The transactions aggregated 195,000 shares.

Georgia 6s	97	Michigan Central	95½
Ga 7s mortg'e	110	St. Paul	⅛
Ga do gold	111	Preferred	109
Louisiana consols	48	Delaware & Lack.	91⅜
North Carolina	30½	N Jersey Central	77
N Carolina new	19	Ohio & Miss	34½
Funding	11¼	Mobile & Ohio	22⅛
Special tax	2	Hannibal & St Joe	38¼
Tennessee	38	Union Pacific	94
Tennessee new	32⅛	Houston & Texas	65½
Virginia 6s	20	Pacific Mail	4⅝
Virginia new	20	Adams Express	115
Consolidated	85	Wells & Fargo	108½
Deferred	6⅛	American	58⅜
Panama	185	United States	47⅛
Fort Wayne	125	Consolidated coal	30
Chicago & Alton	113	Quicksilver	13
Harlem	200	Preferred	55
N. Y. Central	131⅛	Pittsburg	128
Erie	39⅛	Louisville & Nash	124
Lake Shore	107⅞	Chicago & N.W	99⅜
Illinois Central	11⅞	do. Preferred	109½
N., C. & St. L.	72½	Rock Island	113⅞
Western Union	1 6		

Kendrick, Carter & Eckford
WILL OPEN EARLY IN SEPTEMBER THEIR NEW
CARPET STORE
WITH A FULL LINE OF
Carpets, Oil Cloths, Curtains, Lambrequins,
Wall Paper, and general Interior House Decorations.
WE ARE READY TO RECEIVE ORDERS AND INQUIRIES.
KENDRICK, CARTER & ECKFORD,
No. 50 Whitehall Street, ATLANTA, GA.
299 aug21—d3m topcol

IF YOU RESIDE IN ATLANTA,
OR IF YOU ARE VISITING THE CITY,
DON'T FORGET!
THAT THE CHOICEST ASSORTMENT,
THE LOWEST PRICES!
THE MOST ASTONISHING BARGAINS!
ARE TO BE SECURED AT
THE BAZAR,
54 WHITEHALL STREET, 54
Call and see our stock, and hear our prices and you will decide that they are
NO SHAM REDUCTIONS!
But that we have made genuine reductions in every Department, and that we are
Closing Out Balance of our Summer Stock
AT POSITIVE BARGAINS!
MILLINERY, FLOWERS, HATS, FEATHERS, — MILLINERY, FLOWERS, HATS, FEATHERS, — MILLINERY, FLOWERS, HATS, FEATHERS,
All Fresh and Desirable Goods.
RIBBONS, SATINS, — RIBBONS, SILKS, — RIBBONS, SATINS,
In all Colors and Qualities.
LACES, FRINGES, NOTIONS, COLLARS, — LACES, GIMPS, LADIES' NECKWEAR, CUFFS, — LACES, FRINGES, NOTIONS, TIES.
Of all Kinds—At the Most Inviting Prices.
CORSETS, HOSIERY, LADIES' UNDERWEAR, — CORSETS, HOSIERY, LADIES' UNDERWEAR, — CORSETS, HOSIERY,
Warranted to fit, and better in make and style than offered by any other house, at from 15 per cent to 20 per cent LESS THAN MARKET PRICE.
Parasols! Parasols! Parasols! Closing Out Below Cost!
Picture Frames! Picture Frames!
The handsomest Picture Frames in the city, including the latest designs, VELVET, EBONY, WALNUT, GOLD, VENEER, Etc.
ALL STYLES AND SIZES MADE TO ORDER.
Give us a trial and you will never go elsewhere for PICTURE FRAMES. STEEL ENGRAVINGS and CHROMOS. If you want Real Bargains call at our store, inspect our goods and you will say that the place that offers
GENUINE REDUCTIONS
IS
WURZBURG'S BAZAR, 54 Whitehall St.

GO TO JOHN RYAN'S FOR BARGAINS IN CORSETS.

JOHN RYAN
Will offer this week a splendid line of Tapestry Carpets at 75c and 85c yard.

Beware of Shoddy Coals,
And buy only the genuine Coal Creek and Montevallo Coal, as they are standard Coals, and there is nothing cheaper or better. For these two popular Coals go to W. S. Wilson & Bro.
50 aug4 2wks wed thur & sun

JOHN RYAN'S
Is the place to buy good BLACK SILKS cheap.

Planters,
Prepare your land well for wheat. We are receiving a good quality of Acid Phosphate, which mixed with cotton seed and other manures, will make a splendid compost for wheat. Send in your orders at once.
MADDOX, RUCKER & Co.,
Cotton Commission Merchants and Guano Dealers. aug26 d4t

JOHN RYAN
Is selling Carpets and Window Shades under any house in the State.

A Historic Fact.
The old Planters' hotel, of Charleston, once headquarters of the British officers, during the revolutionary war, was covered with cypress shingles, which remained upon the roof 137 years, and when the hotel was torn down in 1852, the shingles were perfectly sound, except being weather-worn.

JOHN RYAN
Has opened a new lot of Table Linens, Napkins and Towels at very low prices.

JOHN RYAN
Has just opened a beautiful new lot of Embroideries which are very cheap.

JOHN RYAN
Is offering some special inducements in his SHOE Department. His Ladies' and Misses' fine Shoes are remarkably cheap.

Howard's banjo solo at the concert to-night at Decatur, is alone worth the price of admission. Don't fail to go on extra train to return after the performance is over.

John Ryan
Has just received a line of new Hosiery, embracing all the novelties in Infants 1-2 and 3-4 Hose. Also, a magnificent lot of Ladies' Balbriggan Hosiery.

JOHN RYAN
Offers bargains in Black Cashmeres and Silks. No house in the South can equal the prices.

JOHN RYAN
Is selling an immense lot of Carpets on the installment plan. Those wishing to furnish up their houses ready for Fair Week, should not let this opportunity pass, as bargains are now being offered.

JOHN RYAN
Is showing a new lot of Ladies' Ready-made Suits that he is selling very cheap.

Received Too Late for Classification.

WANTED—A BAR COUNTER, 14 FEET long. Apply at 282 Marietta st. e.t. aug26—d1t

TAKE NOTICE.
ALL PERSONS WISHING PAVING LONE of Augusta or River Brick I can do it on short notice, as I have on hand a large quantity of both. W. W. McAFEE.
301 aug15—d1m

P. WILSON & SONS,
HEADQUARTERS
—FOR—
Saddlery Hardware,
—AND—
Carriage Goods, Saddles.
HARNESS MAKERS AND CARRIAGE Makers will find in our stock anything wanted.
P. WILSON & SONS,
136 and 138 Main Street,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.
423 july28—d3m

Artistic Wood Mantels,
CABINET, PIER
—AND—
MANTEL MIRRORS,
Open Fire-places
FOR WOOD OR COAL,
—IN—
Bronze, Nickle, Tile, Brass, Iron, Etc.
T. B. STEWART & CO.,
75 & 77 West 23rd Street,
NEW YORK.
294 aug11—d1m

REMOVAL.
PEMBERTON, PULLUM & CO,
WHOLESALE
DRUGGISTS,
Have removed their entire stock from No. 2 Marietta Street to
Nos. 42 and 44 WALL STREET,
In Brown's new building, opposite the Passenger Depot, near the Markham House, where they have large and commodious new rooms. The trade and public are cordially invited to call and examine stock and prices. Our friends will please remember the removal and call to see us.
PEMBERTON, PULLUM & CO.
August 19, 1880. 377 aug19—d1t